

# WIRED FOR & GROWTH

**ANNUAL REPORT 2020** 





- food for life! —

# ANNUAL REPORT 2020



# STRENGTH





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### **OUR VISION**

To become a leading integrated business delivering exceptional growth by continuously striving to lead change and innovate

### **OUR MISSION**

Create value for our stakeholders by applying best manufacturing practices using seamless integrated business processes and technology, whilst being sensitive to environmental and social responsibility obligations.





### **Company Information**

Board of Directors Mr. Abdul Majeed Ghaziani Chairman- Non Executive

Mr. Muhammad Farrukh
Ms. Hina Safdar
Non- Executive
Mr. Muneer S. Godil
Independent
Ms. Maria Abdul Hafeez
Mr. Sheikh Ali Baakza
Non-Executive
Ms. Tayyaba Rasheed
Independent

Audit Committee Mr. Muneer S. Godil Chairman

Mr. Abdul Majeed Ghaziani Ms. Maria Abdul Hafeez

Mr. Muhammad Farrukh

Human Resources & Mr. Muneer S. Godil Chairman

Ms. Hina Safdar

Chief Financial Officer Mr. Jalees Edhi

**Remuneration Committee** 

Company Secretary Syed Muhammad Tariq Nabeel Jafri

External Auditor Naveed Zafar Ashfaq Jaffery & Co.

**Chartered Accountants** 

1st Floor, Modern Motors House

**Beaumont Road** 

Karachi

Internal Auditor Mr. Imran Ahmed Khan

Bankers Al Baraka Bank (Pakistan) Limited

Habib Metropolitan Bank Limited

Habib Bank Limited
Bank Al -Habib Limited
MCB Bank Limited
Meezan Bank Limited
Bank Al Falah Limited
Dubai Islamic Bank Limited

Askari Bank Limited United Bank Limited

Bank Islami Pakistan Limited

Bank of Punjab

Standard Chartered Bank (Pakistan) Limited

Faysal Bank Limited JS Bank Limited





Legal Advisor Mohsin Tayebaly & Co.

1st Floor, Dime Centre, BC-4, Block-9 Kehkashan, Clifton, Karachi -75500 Phone # +92-21-111-682-529

Share Registrar F.D. Share Registrar (Pvt.) Ltd.

17th Floor, Saima Trade Tower A, I.I. Chundrigar Road, Karachi. Phone # +92-21-32271905-6

Registered Office Unity Tower, 8-C, PECHS

Block-6, Karachi 75400.

Phone No. +92 21 34373605-607, 34388666, 34387666

Fax No. +92 21 34373608 Email info@unityfoods.pk Website www.unityfoods.pk

Business Import of Oil Seeds, Solvent Extraction, Refining and Marketing

of Edible Oil and processing of by-products.

Status of Company Public Listed Company (PLC)

Company Registration number K-0023133
National Tax Number 0698412-6

Contact Person Syed Muhammad Tariq Nabeel Jafri

Phone No. +92-21-34373605-607 Email info@untiyfoods.pk

Factories Solvent Extraction Plant and Pellitising Mills

N-27/B

Site Area, Kotri District Hyderabad.

Oil Refinery Plot # E-32

SITE Area, Karachi.

Oil Refinery

A-48, (Chemical Area), Eastern Industrial Zone,

Port Qasim Authority,

Karachi.

Feed Mill

Plot No. A-55 & A-56 Eastern Industrial Zone,

Port Qasim, Karachi.





#### PROFILE OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF UNITY FOODS LIMITED

Mr. Abdul Majeed Ghaziani - Chairman / Director

Mr. Abdul Majeed holds a B.Com from University of Karachi and is a member of Institute of Cost and Management Accountants of Pakistan. He passed the final examination of ICMAP in November 1994. Majeed has over twenty three years' experience as entrepreneur in various agri businesses that he established and managed. He has also completed directors training program under the aegis of ICMAP in April 2019. He is an ex treasurer of the Rice Exporters Association of Pakistan.

Mr. Muhammad Farrukh - CEO / Director

Mr. Farrukh has over 18 years' local and international business experience in the fields of commodities trading, FMCG, animal feeds, import and export, joint venture and overall business management. Mr. Muhammad Farrukh is a seasoned businessman. He also has extensive experience in establishing, expanding and acquiring businesses and consolidating them into integrated business unit bringing synergy. Furthermore, he has established joint ventures with foreign collaboration channeling foreign investment in the country.

Mr. Sheikh Ali Baakza - Non Executive Director

Mr. Sheikh Ali Baakza studied at Wharton Business School, USA for two and half years and successfully completed several courses with Grain and Food Trading Organizations in London. He has over 18 years of experience in the shipping & trading industry and has worked for and remained associated with renowned organizations like Ameropa, Cargill and Louis Dreyfus. His core expertise revolves around solvent extraction, shipping and trading commodities that enables the group to discover new opportunities and expand its horizons.

Mr. Muneer S. Godil - Independent Director

Mr. Muneer S. Godil is a graduate from the NED University of Engineering and Technology, with specialization in Energy and Power from the US. He is a recognized expert in his field having spent over two decades in planning, engineering and implementation of Green Field Projects including Power and Cogeneration. He has a wealth of experience to draw on in operating plants of various configurations. He is currently working as advisor to the Board of Directors of various global and nationally renowned companies, assisting them with planning, development and operational challenges.

Ms. Tayyaba Rasheed - Independent Director

Tayyaba Rasheed is highly qualified with a successful career in corporate and investment banking with more than 18 years of diversified experience. She has profound skills in Structured Financing, Infrastructure financing, Sukuk Issuance, Syndication, Credit Analysis, Capital Markets, Credit Risk, and Islamic finance. She is an experienced investment banker with a demonstrated history of working in the banking industry with focus on delivering results across the board. Being an investment banker, she has closed numerous key mandates for approximately running in USD 1500 MN. She holds an MBA from IBA and is a CFA, FRM and NIBAF. She has been instrumental in driving some of the Landmark Project Finance and Syndication deals to closure from the platform of National Bank of Pakistan and Faysal Bank Limited. She has worked in Senior Positions at CIBG





NBP and Bank Alfalah where she started her career as Management Trainee officer. Her areas of expertise include IPPs, infrastructure Financing, Port Infrastructure Development Projects and other green field and brown field projects. In her role as Head PF and Structured Finance she has closed KEY Mandates of Sukuk, Commercial Papers and TFCs for reputable and diversified base of various corporate clients. She has also served as visiting faculty in KASBIT, SZABIST and CBM.

Ms. Hina Safdar - Director

Ms. Hina Safdar has over six years of experience in information technology, systems implementation and data planning. She has been associated with Unity Group since 2014.

Ms. Maria Abdul Hafeez - Director

Ms. Maria Abdul Hafeez has over seven years of experience in imports, exports and procurement management and accounting systems & control. She has been associated with Unity Group since 2013.





# UNITY FOODS LIMITED KEY OPERATING & FINANCIAL RESULTS SIX YEARS AT A GLANCE

OPERATING DATA	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
			RUPEE	S		
Sales	29,872,020,642	14,097,237,284	2,782,172,064	-	-	-
Cost of goods sold		(12,820,034,063)		-	-	-
Gross profit	2,029,287,653	1,277,203,221	248,072,426	-	-	-
Operating profit / (loss)	739,539,011	562,929,180	149,637,697	(4,343,650)	(3,001,104)	(3,298,642)
Profit / (loss) before taxation	194,550,290	274,721,618	97,797,326	(4,343,650)	(3,001,104)	(3,298,642)
Profit / (loss) after taxation	209,628,796	255,074,520	121,516,425	(4,343,650)	(3,001,104)	(3,241,359)
FINANCIAL DATA						
Paid up capital	5,440,500,000	5,440,500,000	1,690,500,000	40,500,000	40,500,000	40,500,000
Equity balance	5,849,690,974	5,694,467,178	1,773,917,658	2,401,233	6,744,883	9,745,987
Fixed assets	3,341,837,947	3,090,175,592	1,527,524,826	-	-	-
Current assets	15,127,051,851	7,371,378,588	3,015,913,659	2,984,752	6,787,283	9,798,987
Current liabilities	12,877,046,393	4,771,159,003	2,793,264,926	608,519	67,400	78,000
KEY RATIOS						
Gross margin (%)	6.79	9.06	8.92	-	-	-
Operating margin (%)	2.48	3.99	5.38	-	-	-
Net profit (%)	0.70	1.81	4.37	-	-	-
Return on Capital (%)	3.58	4.48	6.85	(180.89)	(44.49)	(33.26)
Current ratio (%)	1.17	1.54	1.08	0.20	0.01	0.01
Earnings per share (Rs.)	0.39	1.03	1.18	(1.07)	(0.74)	(0.80)
Cash Dividend (%)	-	1.00	5.00			
PRODUCTION CAPACITY						
Metric Tonnes						
Edible Oil Refinery - SITE	54,000	54,000	54,000	-	-	-
Edible Oil Refinery - PQ	180,000	180,000	-	-	-	-
Solvent Extraction Plant	162,000	162,000	162,000	-	-	-
Feed Mill	302,400	-	-	-	-	-







#### CHAIRMAN'S REVIEW REPORT

I am pleased to submit the chairman's Report on the overall performance of the Board of Directors of Unity Foods Limited and effectiveness of the role played by the Board in achieving the Company's objectives.

For the year ended June 30, 2020, I am pleased to report that the Board of Directors has ensured compliance of the various requirements of the Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2019 and other laws as applicable to Unity Foods.

The Composition of the Board in respect of independent directors, executive directors and non-executive directors were duly complied with. The meetings of the Board and the committees were duly held as required and other matters of the Code and various legal and regulatory requirements were complied with. The board remained productive in protecting the interest of all stakeholders.

The Board announced its third right issue in June this year. Subsequent to the close of the financial year of the Company the right issue was successfully completed as per the various requirements of SECP, PSX and CDC. Following issuance of right shares the paid up capital of the Company rose to PKR 9,940.5 million. The right issue was made primarily to fund the working capital requirements of the Company. The balance sheet footing of the Company as on June 30, 2020 has risen to PKR 18,943 million while the sales have witnessed over 100% increase to over PKR 29 billion.

During the year the Company acquired 36,654,177 shares of Sunridge Foods (Pvt.) Limited comprising 69% equity stake in this company. It is pertinent to note that Unity Enterprises (Pvt.) Limited, an associated company of Unity Foods already holds 5% shares of Sunridge Foods (Pvt.) Limited.

Sunridge Foods is an upcoming brand name in the flour in Pakistan. In fact it is now the only nationally available flour brand in the country. It has a 43,800 tons per annum capacity plant employing PESA Mill technology. The flour produced by the company commands premium due to cleanliness, long shelf life and durability of the final consumable products. Besides, the technology also eliminates the risk of residual stones that are part of conventional "chakki atta".

The Board has ensured that all legal and other compliances relating to this acquisition including consolidation of financial statements are duly fulfilled.

The Composition of the Board and the Audit Committee and the Human Resources & Remuneration Committee did not change during the year.





#### Following are the details of the Board and the Committees

1	Mr. Muhammad Farrukh	Chief Executive Officer
2	Mr. A. Majeed Ghaziani	Non Executive Director
3	Ms. Hina Safdar	Non Executive Director
4	Ms. Maria Abdul Hafeez	Non Executive Director
5	Mr. Sheikh Ali Baakza	Non Executive Director
6	Mr. Muneer S. Godil	Independent Director
7	Ms. Tayyaba Rasheed	Independent Director

The details of Committees constituted by the Board are provided below:

#### **Board Audit Committee**

	Name	Designation
1	Mr. Muneer S. Godil	Chairman
2	Mr. Abdul Majeed Ghaziani	Member
3	Ms. Maria Hafeez	Member

#### **Board Human Resources & Remuneration Committee**

	Name	Designation
1	Mr. Muneer S. Godil	Chairman
2	Mr. Muhammad Farrukh	Member
3	Ms. Hina Safdar	Member

The Audit Committee comprises of three members and its Chairman is an independent director while the other two members are non-executive directors.

The Human Resources & Remuneration Committee comprises of three members and its Chairman is an independent director while the other two members include a non-executive director and the CEO.

The Board realizes the importance of orientation and training of its members and six out of seven directors have completed the Directors' Training Program.

The Human Resources and Remuneration Committee has been assigned the task of evaluating performance of the Board and of the Committee. The Committee has submitted its report and I am pleased to report that the Board and Committee have satisfactorily performed their duties and functions and have effectively discharged the respective roles.





The Board realizes the importance of internal audit and control functions and has taken several measures to ensure that the management follows high standards of related controls. In this regard, some of the key steps included the following:

An internal audit department is in place headed by a suitably qualified and experienced person to carry out the various functions of the internal audit.

The Internal Financial Control of the Company are managed under SAP. The system was developed and implemented by Abacus Consulting.

The Company had also engaged EY Ford Rhodes for developing SOPs and the Procedures were implemented.

EY Ford Rhodes, Chartered Accountants firm was also hired to carryout Gap Analysis. The firm had recommended changes for improvement in various systems including Accounting and Internal Control.

Currently, one of the top Audit Firms is engaged in revamping the SOPs of the Company.

I thank the Board members for their support extended to the management both as Board members and as members of the Committees of the Board, that helped realize the key milestones the Company has achieved during the year.

AN

Abdul Majeed Ghaziani Chairman September 30, 2020





آ ڈے کمیٹی تین اراکین برمشمل ہےاوراس کے چیئر مین خود مختار ڈائر یکٹر جبکہ باقی دوارا کین نان ایگزیکٹوڈائر یکٹرز ہیں۔

انسانی وسائل اورمشاہر نے کی تمیٹی تین اراکین پرشتمل ہے اوراس کے چیئر مین خود مختار ڈائر یکٹر ہیں جبکہ باقی دواراکین نان ایگز کیٹوڈ ائر یکٹر اورسی ای اوپرشتمل ہیں۔

بورڈ کواپنے اراکین کی ٹریننگ اوراور بنٹیشن کی اہمیت کا بھر پوراحساس ہے،اسی لیے کمپنی کےسات میں سے چھڈ ائر یکٹرزنے ڈائر یکٹرز کاٹریننگ پروگرام کامیا بی سے کمل کرلیا ہے۔

انسانی وسائل اورمشاہرے کی تمیٹی کو بورڈ اور کمیٹیز کی کارکردگی کا جائزہ لینے کی ذمہ داری سونپی گئی ہے۔ کمیٹی نے اپنی رپورٹ جمع کروادی ہے اور مجھے نہایت خوشی ہے کہ بورڈ اور کمیٹی نے اپنی متعلقہ ذمہ داریوں کواحسن طریقے سے نبھاتے ہوئے اطمینان بخش انداز میں اپنے فرائض سرانجام دیئے ہیں۔

بورڈ کوانٹرنل آ ڈٹاور کنٹرول کے افعال کی اہمیت کا بھر پوراندازہ ہے اوراس نے یہ بینی بنانے کے لیے بہت سے اقدامات کیے ہیں کہ انتظامیہ متعلقہ کنٹرولز کے اعلیٰ معیارات پڑمل پیراہے۔اس میں کچھاقدامات مندرجہ ذیل میں شامل ہیں ؟

ا تظامیہ نے تمپنی کے انٹرنل آڈٹ اور کنٹرول کو شحکم کرنے کی غرض سے مندرجہ ذیل اہم اقدامات کیے ہیں ؟

انٹرنل آ ڈٹ کے مختلف امور کی انجام دہی کے لیے انٹرنل آ ڈٹ ڈیارٹمنٹ مناسب اہل اور تجریبہ کا رشخص کی سربراہی میں کام کررہا ہے۔

سمپنی کے انٹرنل فنانشیل کنٹر ولز کی نگرانی SAP سے کی جاتی ہے۔اسٹھ کھ ABACU کنسلٹنگ سے تیار کیااورلگوایا گیا ہے۔

کمپنی نے SOP تیار کرنے کے لیے EY Ford Rhodes کی خدمات حاصل کی تھیں اور اِن کا اطلاق کیا جاچا ہے۔

EY Ford Rahodes، چارٹرڈا کا وَمُنٹس فرم کی خدمات کو GAP ANALYSIS کے لیے بھی حاصل کی گئی تھیں اورانہوں نے مختلف سسٹمز اور طریقوں بشمول اکا وَمُنٹگ اورانٹرٹل کنٹرول میں بہتری لانے کے لیے تبریلیوں/ترامیم کی تجویزات دی تھیں۔

اس وقت ایک بڑی آ ڈٹ فرم کمپنی کے SOP کااز سرنو جائزہ لے رہی ہے۔

میں اس موقع پر بورڈ اراکین کا اُن کی انتظامیہ کے لیے جمایت ورا ہنمائی پرشکرییا دا کرتا ہوں ،جس کی مدد سے کمپنی کواس سال کے دوران اہم سنگ میل کو بیجھنے اور حاصل کرنے میں معاونت ملی۔

> مستحد عبدالمجيد غازيانی چيئر مين

30 ستمبر 2020





بورڈ نے اس بات کوبقینی بنایا ہے کہ من رج کے صص کی خرید ہے متعلق تمام قانونی معاملات بشمول مالیاتی الٹیٹمنٹس کا انضام بطریق احسن مکمل کیا جائے۔ اس سال کے دوران بورڈ اور آڈٹ کمیٹی اورانسانی وسائل ومشاہر ہے کی کمیٹیوں میں کوئی تنبدیلی نہیں کی گئی ہے۔

مندرجه ذیل میں بورڈ اور کمیٹیوں کی تفصیلات مہیا کر گئی ہیں۔

م جناب محمر فرخ چیف ایگزیکٹوآفیسر

ء جناباے مجید غازیانی چیئر مین

4 محترمه مارپیو عبدالعزیز نان ایگزیکٹوڈائیریکٹر

5 جناب شيخ على با كزا نان الكيزيكو دْائر يكـرْ

جناب منیرالیں گوڈل خودمختارڈ ائریکٹر

7 محتر مىطىبەرشىد خودمخار دُائر يكٹر

بورد کی جانب سے تشکیل کردہ کمیٹی کی تفصیلات مندرجہ ذیل مین درج ہیں ؟

# بورد آ ڈٹ میٹی

نام عهده جناب منیرایس گوڈل چیئر مین داب عبدالمجید غازیانی رکن محتر مه مارید حفیظ رکن

# بورڈ کی انسانی وسائل اورمشاہرے کی تمیٹی

نام عهده جناب منیرالیس گودل چیئر مین جناب محمد فرخ رکن محتر مه حناصفدر رکن



ANNUAL 2020



# چیئر مین کی جانب سے جائزہ ربورٹ

میں نہایت مسرت کے ساتھ یونٹی فوڈ زلمیٹڈ کے بورڈ آف ڈائز یکٹرز کی مجموعی کارکردگی کی رپورٹ اور بورڈ کی جانب سے کمپنی کے مقاصد کے حصول کی غرض سے ادا کیے جانے والے کر دارکے بارے میں چیئر مین کی جائز ہ رپورٹ پیش کررہا ہوں۔

30 جون 2020 کوختم ہونے والے سال کے لئے میں نہایت مسرت کے ساتھ مطلع کررہا ہوں کہ بورڈ آف ڈائر بکٹرزنے بونٹی فوڈ زلمیٹٹر کے لیے قابل اطلاق دو لیڈ پینز (کوڈ آف کارپوریٹ گورننس)ریگولیشنز 2019 کی تعمیل کوئینی بنایا ہے۔

بورڈ کی تشکیل وتر تیب قانونی تقاضوں کےمطابق خود مختار ڈائر کیٹرز،ا گیزیٹوڈ ائر کیٹرزاورنان اگیزیٹوڈ ائر کیٹرزپر مشتمل ہے۔ بورڈ اوراس کی کمیٹیوں کے اجلاس کوضرورت کےمطابق مناسب طریقے سے منعقد کیا گیا تھا اورضا بطہ اخلاق کے دیگر امور اور مختلف قانونی اورضا بطہ تقاضوں کی تعمیل کی گئی۔

بورڈ ممینی کے تمام اسٹیک ہولڈرز کے مفادات کے شخفط کے لیے ہمیشہ کوشاں ہے۔

بورڈ نے اس سال جون میں اپنے تیسر سے رائٹ ایشو کا اعلان کیا تھا۔ کمپنی کے مالی سال کے اختتام کے بعد سیکیو رٹیز اینڈ ایکینی کی کیشن آف پاکستان ، پاکستان اسٹاک ایکی بیٹی کے مطابق رائٹ ایشو کے اجراء سے متعلق عوام معاملات درست انداز میں انجام پائے۔ رائٹ شیئرز کے اجراء کے بعد کمپنی کا پیڈا پ کیپٹل کی بڑھتی ہوئی ضروریات کوفنڈ کو پورا کرنے اجراء کے بعد کمپنی کا پیڈا پ کیپٹل کی بڑھتی ہوئی ضروریات کوفنڈ کو پورا کرنے کے لیے کیا گیا تھا۔

30 جون 2020 تک کمپنی کے بیلنس ثیٹ کا مجموعی حجم بڑھ کر 18,943 ملین روپے ہوگئ تھی۔ جب کہ لیزنے 100% سےزا کداضا فدریکارڈ کیا گیا جو بڑھ کر29ارب روپے سےزا کد ہوگئیں۔

رواں مالی سال کے دوران کمپنی نے سن رج فوڈز پرائیوٹ کے %69 پر شتمل 36,654,177 حصص خریدے۔واضح رہے کہ یونٹی انٹر پرائزز پرائیوٹ کمیٹڈ جو کہ یونٹی گروپ کی ایک کمپنی ہے، سن رج فوڈز کے %5 حصص کی پہلے ہی مالک ہے۔

سن رج فوڈ زپاکستان میں آٹے کا ایک ابھرتا ہوا برانڈ ہے۔ در حقیقت یہ پاکستان بھر میں دستیاب واحد آٹے کا برانڈ ہے۔ یہ پنی PESA MILL شینالو جی کے ذریعے سالا ند 43,800 ٹن آٹا فراہم کرنے کی گنجائش رکھتا ہے۔ یہ آٹا صحت وصفائی کے اصولوں ، لمبی شیلف لائف اوراعلی کوالٹی کے باعث پریمیم تصور کیا جاتا ہے۔ یہ ٹیکنالو جی آٹے سے کنکر مٹی اور زرات کا خاتمہ کرتا ہے جو کہ روایت چکی آٹا میں پائے جاتے ہیں۔







# A Perfect Blend of Health & Taste





### Directors' Report

On behalf of the Board of Directors we are pleased to present the Directors' Report for the year ended June 30, 2020.

Alhamdulillah, we are pleased to report that during the year your Company has made significant progress in all areas including expansion and diversification of operations and, sales and asset acquisition including a 69% stake in Sunridge Foods (Pvt.) Limited as detailed below.

It is heartening to report that despite expansion in all major areas, the Company has not taken on any major long term debt which has facilitated better cash management in the absence of principal repayments of long term debt.

#### Overview

Financial year 2019 was challenging for your Company in so many ways. Policy rate, as set by State Bank of Pakistan (SBP, the Central Bank of the Country) peaked at 13.25% in the month of July, 2019 which is the first month Company's financial year, and it remained at this level till March of 2020.

This resulted in increased financing cost for the Company, which resulted in increased cost of business and squeezed net margins.

Second half of the financial year was marred by business disruptions caused by the global spread of COVID-19. Crude Oil prices crashed to their lowest levels as business activity came to a halt. Edible Oil prices (Edible Oil, RBD Palm Oil, Seed Oils), that closely track crude oil prices, also crashed which further dampened the margins.

Even in these testing times, your Company was able to increase its topline sales to a record level of over PKR 29 billion, which is more than 100% increase as compared with last year. Company continued its penetration in the retail market and have also improved its sales mix in favor of retail/branded sales. This improving mix in favor of consumer retail will further help the Company to improve its margins.

With sales expected to continue to increase as Company moves into its next financial year, working capital requirements are expected to increase accordingly. This compelled the Company to evaluate in detail its capital requirements and in continuation of this effort and as per the upcoming requirements Unity Foods board decided to raise additional equity capital.

In June of 2020, the Board announced an 82.71% right issue at par to raise PKR 4,500 million to fulfill its growing working capital needs as explained above. The proceeds were realized during the month of September. As a result the paid up capital of the Company has now risen from PKR 5,440,500,000 to PKR 9,940,500,000 constituting 994,050,000 shares of PKR 10 each.

This was the third rights issue since inception of operations of the Company. As on June 30, 2020, the total assets of the Company stood at PKR 18,943,389,566.





With the reduction in COVID-19 cases in Pakistan in the last quarter of financial year, Federal Government has shifted its focus onto reviving the economy. Since end of March 2020, SBP has been very pro-active in managing the monetary policy and the policy rate has been reduced by a healthy 625 basis points, which has added new impetus to the economy.

This reduction in financing cost will help the Company in improving its margins.

Improving sales have also increased Company's marketing and advertising expense. Unity Foods participated in Pakistan Super League 5 (PSL) this year both as event sponsor and main sponsor of Islamabad United team. Your Company used this opportunity to market and establish "Dastak" as its main brand in edible oil. Unfortunately, again due to COVID-19 PSL 5 was suspended half way and this sponsorship program also got halted. However, your Company, in support of its growth plans, will continue to create awareness through a planned marketing and advertising campaign in the current financial year as well.

This financial year, in line with its diversification strategy, UFL started extensive cattle feed sales and now imports, processes and sells Palm Kernel Expeller (PKE) as cattle feed ingredient.

#### Other Investments

During the year the Company acquired 36,654,177 shares of Sunridge Foods (Pvt.) Limited comprising 69% equity stake in this company.

Sunridge Foods is an upcoming brand name in the flour in Pakistan. In fact it is now the only nationally available flour brand in the country. It has a 43,800 tons per annum capacity plant employing PESA Mill technology. The flour produced by the Company commands premium due to cleanliness, long shelf life and durability of the final consumable products. Besides, the technology also eliminates the risk of residual stones that are part of conventional "chakki atta".

Following the closure of financial year the Sunridge Foods has committed capital expenditure to increase the flour milling capacity of the Company and has provided the needed working capital to maintain optimal wheat inventory levels to allow for smooth operations of the Company and regular flow of product to the market.

State of the Company's Affairs and a Fair Review of its Business Operations

Owing to spread of Covid-19 the expansion program of the Company slowed down during January-June. However, with decline in disease during recent period the economic activity has picked up and the Company expects to deploy substantial funding into Capital Expenditure. It is heartening to note that despite severe lockdown and economic slowdown the operations of the Company remained largely vibrant and the sales continued to grow quarter on quarter.





#### **Edible Oil Expansion Plan**

Acquisition of Edible Oil Refinery has paved the way for UFL's strategy to expand its horizon into branded division of edible oils allowing UFL to cater to all business segments including General Trade, Industrial and Bulk. The Refinery project is spread over an area of 5.0 acres of land along with 104,000 square feet constructed area and a storage capacity of 6,000 Metric Tons of Oil. The state-of-the-art project includes Oil Tek Refinery capable to process 500 Metric Tons per day of edible oil refinery and a packaging capacity of 500 Metric Tons per day.

Your Company has progressed well on the expansion plan announced last year. We are happy to inform you that our Ghee plant has been set up and is fully operational. With this, we are endeavoring to provide our customers full range of products, which will eventually help us to penetrate the market much more effectively. Its market rests both with consumer packs as well as with Industrial consumers including Bakery, HORECA (Hotels, Restaurants & Caterers), Confectionary manufacturers, etc. This business unit will also produce essential raw inputs for Margarine & Shortening Segment.

This will allow your Company to realize its long-term vision of integrating the business value chain. As part of the Company's planned embellishments into UFL's edible oil division, it intends to add the following Plant & Machinery units in addition to existing refineries:

#### **Hydrogenation Plant**

Hydrogenation Plant is used in processing and manufacturing of Ghee (Banaspati). Outputs of Ghee unit have a strong market in Pakistan. To be able to cater to a larger market within edible oils segment, UFL's planned state-of-the art and fully automated imported Ghee unit that will form a blend of oils and will convert it into pasty and grainy textured ghee, which can be sold in consumer packs.

Imported latest inter-esterification technology will be able to produce Trans-fat free product which will play key role in targeting premium B2C & B2B market and provide Healthy, Hygienic & Trans Fat Free product to consumers and Industrial segments. This business unit will also produce important inputs for Margarine & Shortening segment.

#### **Chemical Refinery**

This unit is integrated with Seed Crushing Plant to achieve competitive advantage of optimum refining cost, better oil yield recovery, efficient supply chain and access to Sindh and Punjab. The oil extracted from soybean seed and canola seed from the Company's Kotri Solvent Plant will be utilized for this Neutralization unit. The capacity of this plant will be 200 Metric tons per day.

This state-of-the-art fully automatic plant with German Technology Separators will refine Crude Soft Oils (namely Soybean Oil, Canola Oil, Cotton Seed Oil) to produce Neutralized products. These Neutralized Oil after Physical Refining will be part of UFL's branded consumer packs for cooking oil and canola oil and added varieties of local oils including Sunflower Oil and Cottonseed Oil.



#### **Fractionation Plant**

UFL intends to be prepared to launch a "Trans Fat Free" product in line with its core competence to provide healthy products. Company intends to acquire State-of-the-art Fully Automatic fractionation plant with capacity of 200 Metric Tons per Day for ROL IV 60. It covers portfolio of Ghee, Margarine and Shortening Segment and Virtual Trans Fat Free (VTF) products for branded and industrial consumers.

#### Margarine and Shortening

Margarine and Shortening are part of specialty fats including complete range of Lauric and Non Lauric products. These products are used by Confectionary Industry, biscuit and bakery manufacturers. UFL is already developing the local market by virtue of importing consistent quality specialty fats, and its accessibility to the raw material products already being produced in Edible Oils segment makes it strategically possible to invest in local manufacturing of Specialty fats.

UFL will be investing in an imported state-of-the-art fully automatic plant for producing high quality and fully hygienic Margarine, Shortening and Specialty Fats products with capacity of 5 Tons Per hour. This plant will have flexibility to produce customized products according to each customer's individual requirement. The shift from imported to local market will be in place once UFL's plant is operational, thus creating import substitution. There is progress in negotiations with the supplier, for the Margarine and Shortening plant. The management is confident that it will meet the timeline mentioned at the time of rights issue, with respect to commencement of operations of this plant.

#### **Establishment of Oil Terminal**

UFL intends to establish an edible oil terminal. The terminal will be located at Port Qasim, which is an ideal location to establish a storage unit for import of Palm Oil. The terminal is expected to have approximately 45,000 metric tons capacity, which will allow UFL to hold inventory and thereby control costs. Once established, UFL will be able to hedge its overall risk profile associated with international market prices and foreign exchange rate fluctuations to a greater extent.

These additions into your Company's oil division are inter linked; such that the output of one plant is input of others. UFL's infrastructure development and investment teams have conducted feasibilities for these supplementary units such that their production levels and product mix is harmonized, the business units are profitable, and all output is utilized efficiently. The objective is to attain sustainable growth and capitalize on synergizing the entire value chain of your Company. The final impact of this Capital Expenditure is to realize UFL's Vision to own and control the most sophisticated Edible Oil Manufacturing in Pakistan. With added benefits of the Company's certifications.

UFL's products will be internationally competitive, creating further avenues for future business development.





#### The Environment

We are happy to inform you that your Company is now RSPO certified. The Company's operations in edible oil extraction and refining have minimal adverse impact on environment. Further, the management has taken steps that will facilitate operations under highest standards of environmental protection.

Sunridge Foods, the subsidiary of Unity Foods is involved in milling of wheat and its operations also have minimal or no adverse impact on the environment.

Changes on the Board and the Committees of the Board

During the period from July 1, 2019 to June 30, 2020 following persons held the position of directors.

Following are the details of the Board and the Committees

	36 36 3 37 33
1	Mr. Muhammad Farrukh
2	Mr. A. Majeed Ghaziani
3	Ms. Hina Safdar
4	Ms. Maria Abdul Hafeez
5	Mr. Sheikh Ali Baakza
6	Mr. Muneer S. Godil
7	Ms. Tayyaba Rasheed

The directors' elections were held on April 1, 2019.

The details of Committees constituted by the Board are provided below:

#### **Board Audit Committee**

	Name	Designation
1	Mr. Muneer S. Godil	Chairman
2	Mr. Abdul Majeed Ghaziani	Member
3	Ms. Maria Hafeez	Member

#### **Board Human Resources & Remuneration Committee**

	Name	Designation
1	Mr. Muneer S. Godil	Chairman
2	Mr. Muhammad Farrukh	Member
3	Ms. Hina Safdar	Member





There has been no change on the Board or the committees of the Board between June 30, 2020 and the date of this report.

There are seven directors on the Board including the Chief Executive Officer. As per the Code, one third (2.33) of the directors are required to be independent. The Code also require that not more than one third of the total directors shall be executive. Since there is only executive director and four non-executive directors on Board, the independent directors are kept at two.

Summary of attendance of the Board and the Committee meetings, during July 2019 to June 2020.

S.	Name	Designation	Board Meetings Attended	Audit Committee Attended	HR Committee Attended
			Total 5 Meetings	Total 4 Meetings	Total 1 Meetings
1	Muhammad Farrukh	CEO / Director	5	Not Applicable	1
2	Abdul Majeed Ghaziani	Abdul Majeed Ghaziani Non Executive Director		4	Not Applicable
3	Tayyaba Rasheed	yyaba Rasheed Independent Director		Not Applicable	Not Applicable
4	Maria Abdul Hafeez Non Executive Director		1	4	Not Applicable
5	Hina Safdar	Non Executive Director	1	Not Applicable	1
6	Sheikh Ali Baakza	Non Executive Director	5	Not Applicable	Not Applicable
7	Muneer S. Godil	Independent Director	5	4	1

#### Risks and Uncertainties

The Company faces risks or uncertainty in primarily currency exchange rate as Company's operations are dependent upon import of seeds and some other materials. However, the Company also derives some of its revenue from exports that hedges the import risk arising out of rupee devaluation. The management takes all possible measures to contain and control the risk and has been successful in keeping the impact of currency movement risk on Company's profitability to minimal.

#### **Credit Rating**

VIS Credit Rating Company Limited has assigned entity rating A-/A-2 (A- minus/A-Two) to the Company. The long-term rating 'A-' signifies good credit quality; Protection factors are adequate, Risk factors may vary with possible changes in the economy. The short-term rating of 'A-2' signifies good certainty of timely payment, liquidity factors and sound Company fundamentals. Access to capital market is good. Risk factors are small. Outlook on the assigned ratings is 'stable'.

The rating was assigned in October 2019. Although the period following the assignment of rating saw COVID-19 and its impact on the economy, however, firstly your Company remained largely immune to the economic downturn that ensued and secondly, the interest rates have come down significantly since then and KSE-100





Index has also risen over 30% indicating overall improvement in the macroeconomic situation of the country. Also, the Company's fundamentals have improved significantly including over 100% year on year increase in sales.

#### **Appointment of Auditors**

The external auditors of the Company Naveed Zafar Ashfaq Jaffery, Chartered Accountants shall stand retired at the conclusion of Annual General Meeting scheduled for October 23, 2020 and being eligible for reappointment, have offered their services for the financial year ending June 30, 2021. Their remuneration shall be decided in light of the guidelines provided by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan. The appointment and remuneration of the external auditor has been recommended by the Board Audit Committee to the Board of Directors.

#### Pattern of Shareholding

The pattern of shareholding is given in the Annual Report of the Company.

#### **Internal Control**

In order to strengthen the internal audit and control of the Company, the management has taken following key steps.

An internal audit department is in place headed by a suitably qualified and experienced person to carry out the various functions of the internal audit.

The Internal Financial Control of the Company are managed under SAP. The system was developed and implemented by Abacus Consulting.

The Company had also engaged EY Ford Rhodes for developing SOPs and the Procedures were implemented.

EY Ford Rhodes, Chartered Accountants firm was also hired to carryout Gap Analysis. The firm recommend changes for improvement in various systems including Accounting and Internal Control.

Currently, one of the top Audit Firms is engaged in revamping the SOPs of the Company.

#### **Commitments and Contingencies**

There has been no major changes in commitments affecting financial position of the Company's affairs between the balance sheet date and the date of this report.

#### **Financial Results**

During the year, the Company posted earnings of PKR 210 million (an EPS of PKR 0.39). Summary of financial operations of the Company for financial year ended June 30, 2020 is provided below:





PKR	Consolidated	Unconsolidated
Net Sales	30,479,501,918	29,872,020,642
Cost of Sales	(28,379,061,793)	(27,842,732,989)
Gross Profit	2,100,440,125	2,029,287,653
Selling and Distribution Expenses	(751,014,096)	(690,610,361)
Administrative Expenses	(227,668,412)	(219,731,575)
Other Operating Expenses	(387,940,582)	(387,940,582)
Total Distribution, Selling, Administrative and	(1,366,623,090)	(1,298,282,518)
Other Operating Expenses		
Other Income	13,477,049	8,533,876
Profit Before Interest and Taxation	747,294,084	739,539,011
Finance Cost	(548,145,934)	(544,988,721)
Profit Before Taxation	199,148,150	194,550,290
Taxation	15,132,017	15,078,506
Profit After Taxation	214,280,167	209,628,796
Profit attributable to:		
Owners of the holding company	212,838,242	
Non-controlling interest	1,441,925	
	214,280,167	
EPS (Basic and Diluted)	0.39	0.39

The Company has not declared any dividend for the financial year ended June 30, 2020. The dividend has been omitted due to little after tax profits and the fact that the Company is in its growth phase and require consolidation of resources to establish a large capital and assets base.

The Company did declare dividend for the financial years ended June 30 2018 and June 30 2019 and intends to follow policy of equitable return to the shareholders in the form of cash and other dividends subject to requisite net income and considering the CAPEX and other funding needs of the Company.

#### Other Disclosures

The financial statements, prepared by the management of the Company, present fairly its state of affairs, the results of its operations, cash flows and changes in equity.

Proper books of accounts of the Company have been maintained.

Appropriate accounting policies have been consistently applied in preparation of financial statements and accounting estimates are based on reasonable and prudent judgment.



International Accounting Standards, as applicable in Pakistan, have been followed in preparation of financial statements.

There has been no material departure from the best practices of corporate governance, as detailed in the Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2019.

For the period ended June 30, 2020 the following were the numbers relating to Provident Fund of the Company:

#### **PKR**

Size of Trust	33,515,194
Cost of Investments	31,803,976
Fair value of investments	31,803,976

#### **Compliance & Certifications**

In line with the commitment and resolve of the Company to create and maintain highest standards of product safety, hygiene and working environment, we are pleased to report that the Company and its subsidiary have during the year successfully secured following certification with the addition of Occupational Health and Safety Management System (latest Standard).

	Oil Refinery (SITE, Karachi)	Solvent Plant (Kotri)	Oil Refinery (Port Qasim Plant)	Sunridge Foods (Subsidiary)
	ISO 9001 (Quality Management System)	ISO 9001 (Quality Management System)	ISO 9001 (Quality Management System)	
Standards	ISO 22000 (Food Safety Management System)	ISO 22000 (Food Safety Management System)	ISO 22000 (Food Safety Management System)	
	НАССР	НАССР	НАССР	
	PS 3733 & GSO/UAE 2055-1 (Halal Food Management System)	PS 3733 & GSO/UAE 2055-1 (Halal Food Management System)	PS 3733 & GSO/UAE 2055-1 (Halal Food Management System)	PS 3733 & GSO/UAE 2055-1 (Halal Food Management System)
			ISO 45001:2018 Occupational Health & Safety Management System	





#### Remuneration package of the directors and the Chief Executive

Each member of the Board is paid fee of PKR 50,000 for each meeting attended by such member. Each member of the Board Audit Committee and Board Human Resources & Remuneration Committee is paid a fee of PKR 30,000 for each meeting attended by such member. No other remuneration or benefit is paid to any other director including the Chief Executive Officer.

#### **Corporate Social Responsibility**

The Company is fully cognizant of its role as responsible corporate citizen.

During the year, the Company distributed food package among 8,000 needy families in Balochistan who were facing hardship due to lockdown imposed following spread of COVID-19.

#### Acknowledgements

Alhamdulillah, we thank our various stakeholders including the shareholders, bankers and others in the faith imposed in the Company that helped growth over last three years with Company expanding its business beyond edible oil and into flour. Without their support, it was not possible to achieve these successes in such a short span of time. We look forward to this unwavering support and confidence from these stakeholders to help the Company grow further and expand its product portfolio.

We would also like to thank the Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited, the Securities & Exchange Commission of Pakistan and the Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited for their continued support and cooperation towards the Company. We hope that this support would continue in the future as well.

We also acknowledge the efforts of our dedicated and talented human resource for the hard work they put in to help realize the outstanding operational growth. We expect continued efforts from our employees to attain higher goals going forward.

For and on behalf of the Board,

A Park

Muhammad Farrukh Chief Executive Karachi

September 30, 2020

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Abdul Majeed Ghaziani Chairman





# ساجی بهبودکی ذمهداری

کمپنی معاشرے کے حوالے سے اپنے فرائض سے کممل باخبر ہے اور لبطورا دارہ ، معاشرے کی بہتری کے اقدامات کے لیے کوشاں رہتی ہے۔ اس سال کے دوران ، کمپنی نے بلوچستان میں COVID-1 سے ہونے والے لاک ڈاؤن سے معاشی طور پرمتاثر 8,000 سے زائد ضرور تمنداور مستحق خاندانوں میں راثن بیگ تقسیم کیے۔

# اظهارتشكر

الحمدولله، ہم اپنے تمام اسٹیک ہولڈرزبشمول شیئر ہولڈرز، بینکرزاور دیگر کاشکریا داکرتے ہیں جنہوں نے گزشتہ تین سال کے دوران کمپنی پراپنے پورے اعتاد کا مظاہرہ کیا اور کمپنی کا کاروبارخور دنی تیل سے بڑھ کرآئے کے کاروبار میں بھی شامل ہوگیا۔ اِن کی مدد کے بغیر، اس قلیل مدت میں اِن کامیابیوں کا حصول ممکن نہیں تھا۔ ہم کمپنی کومزیر تی دینے اور اس کی پروڈ کٹ کے پورٹ فولیومیں توسیع کے لیے آئندہ بھی اِن اسٹیک ہولڈرز سے اس طرح معاونت وراہنمائی کی تو قع رکھتے ہیں۔

ہم پاکستان اسٹاک ایکیچنجی سیکورٹیز اینڈ ایکیچنج کمیشن آف پاکستان اور سینٹرل ڈپازٹری کمپنی کی جانب سے کمپنی کی مسلسل معاونت اور تعاون پراُن کا تہددل سے شکر بیاد اکرتے ہیں۔ہم امید کرتے ہیں کہ بیتعاون آئندہ بھی جاری رہے گا۔

ہم اس دوران اپنے پرخلوص اورصلاحیتوں سے بھر پورانسانی وسائل کے بہت شکر گزار ہیں جنہوں نے اپنی گئن اورانتھک محنت کےساتھ ادارے کی ترقی میں اہم کر دارا داکیا۔ہم امید کرتے ہیں کہ آپ آگے بڑھتے ہوئے نئی منازل کے حصول کے لیے اس طرح جانفشانی سے محنت کرتے رہیں گے۔

AN

عبدالجيدغازيانی چيئرمين محمد فرخ چیف ایگزیکٹو کراچی:30 متمبر2020

حسب الحكم بورڈ





## دیگر بیانئے

مینجمنٹ کی جانب سے تیار کی گئی فنانشل اسٹیٹمنٹ، آپریشن کی ادائیگی اور حصول اور سرمائے سے متعلق حالات کوصاف اور واضح طریقے سے بیان کی گئیں ہیں۔ حساب کتاب کا تمام ریکارڈ بہترین مروجہ طریقے سے ترتیب دیا گیا ہے۔ اکاؤنٹنگ کی مناسب پالیسیز کومتوا ترطریقے سے فنانشل اسٹیٹمنٹ بنانے میں استعال کیا گیا ہے اور اکاؤنٹنگ کے اندازے معقول اورمخاط طریقے سے لگائے گئے ہیں۔ فنانشل اسٹیٹمنٹ کی تیاری میں پاکستان میں نافذ العمل بین الاقوامی اسٹینڈرڈ پڑممل کیا گیا ہے۔ اسٹر کیپنیز (کوڈ آف کارپوریٹ گورننس)ریگولیشن (9) 20 میں بیان کئے گئے کارپوریٹ گورننس کے اصولوں سے کوئی بڑاانح اف نہیں ہوا ہے۔

30 جون2020 كونتم ہونے والے مالى سال كے كمپنى كے براوڈ نٹ فنڈى تفصيل درج ذيل ہے۔

ٹرسٹ کا سائز 33,515,194

سرمايه کاري کي لاگت 31,803,976

موجوده قيمت 31,803,976

# تغميل اور تضديق

پروڈ کٹ میفٹی،حفظان صحت کے اصولوں سے مطابقت اور کام کرنے کے بہتر ماحول کے حوالے سے کمپنی کے ارادے اور فیصلے کے سلسل میں بہمیں سے بتاتے ہوئے نہایت مسرت ہورہی ہے کہ کمپنی اوراس کی ذیلی کمپنی نے اس سال کے دوران بیشہورانہ ہیلتھ اینڈ سیفٹی مینجنٹ سٹم (جدید معیار) کے ساتھ مندرجہ ذیل اسناد کا میابی سے حاصل کی ہیں۔

	سن رج فو ڈز ( ذیلی ادار ہ	آئل ریفائنزی (پورٹ قاسم)	سالوينٺ پلانٺ( کوٹري)	آئل ریفائنزی (سائیٹ کراچی )
		ISO 9001 (كوالڻ مينجنٽ سشم)		ISO 9001 كوالئ مينجمنٹ سسٹم)
		ISO 22000 (فوژسیفٹی مینجنٹ سٹم)	ISO 22000 (فوژسيفنى ينجنت سشم)	ISO 22000 (فورسيفني مينجنث سشم)
		НАССР	HACCP	HACCP
معیارات		PS 3733 &	PS 3733 &	PS 3733 &
	PS 3733 & GSO/UAE (طال نوژ مینجنث سشم)	GSO/UAE 2055-1	GSO/UAE 2055-1	GSO/UAE 2055-1
		(حلال فو ڈمینجمنٹ مسٹم)	(حلال فو ڈمینجمنٹ سٹم)	1-2055 (حلال فو دُمينجنٺ مسلم)
		ISO 45001:2018		ISO 45001:2018 آ كيونيشنل بهياش ايند سيفش مينجنث سستم

## ڈائر یکٹرزاور چیف ایگزیکٹو کے مشاہرے

بورڈ کے ہررکن کو ہراجلاس میں شرکت کرنے پر50,000 روپے معاوضہا دا کیا جاتا ہے۔ بورڈ آ ڈٹ کمیٹی اورانسانی وسائل اورمشاہرے کی کمیٹی کے اراکین کوفی اجلاس شرکت کرنے پر30,000 روپے معاوضہا دا کیا جاتا ہے۔کسی بھی ڈائر کیٹریا چیف ایگزیکٹو آفیسر کواس کے علاوہ کسی قتم کا مشاہرہ یا فوائد کی ادائیگی نہیں کی جاتی ہے۔





## ضانت / وعدے اور امکانات

بیلنس شیٹ کی تاریخ اور رپورٹ ہذا کی تاریخ کے درمیان تمپنی کے معاملات کی مالی حثیت کومتا ٹر کرنے کے لحاظ سے صانت/ وعدوں میں کوئی اہم تبدیلی نہیں ہوئی ہے۔

# مالياتى نتائج

اس سال کے دوران ، کمپنی کی آمدنی 210 ملین روپ (فی شیئر آمدنی 0.39 روپ) ریکارڈ کی گئی۔ 30 جون 2020 کوختم ہونے والے سال کے حوالے سے کمپنی کے مالیاتی امور کا خلاصہ ذیل میں فراہم کیا گیاہے؛

غيرضم شده	ضم شده	(روپي)
29,872,020,642	30,479,501,918	مجموعی فروخت (صافی )
(27,842,732,989)	(28,379,061,793)	فروخت کی لاگت
2,029,287,653	2,100,440,125	مجموعي منافع
(690,610,361)	(751,014,096)	فرختگی اورتر سیل کےاخراجات
(219,731,575)	(227,668,412)	انظامی اخراجات
(387,940,582)	(387,940,582)	دیگرآ پریٹنگ اخراجات
(1,298,282,518)	(1,366,623,090)	مجموعی ترسیل، فرختگی اورا نیظا می اخراجات
8,533,876	13,477,049	دیگرآ مدنی
739,539,011	747,294,084	قبل از مالياتي لا گت اور ٹيکس ، نفع
(544,988,721)	(548,145,934)	مالياتي لا گت
194,550,290	199,148,150	قبل ازمحصول (ئیکس) نفع
15,078,506	15,132,017	محصول (شیکسیشن )
209,628,796	214,280,167	نفع بعداز محصول (میکسیشن)
	212,838,242	ہولڈنگ کمپنی کا حصہ
	1,441,925	دیگرکاحصہ
0.39	0.39	EPS (بنیادی اور غیر کنز )

کمپنی نے30 جون2020 کوختم ہونے والے مالیاتی سال کے لیے ڈیویڈنڈ کی ادائیگی کا اعلان نہیں کیا ہے۔جس کی وجہ بعداز ٹیکس منافع میں کی ہے۔اور بیے قیقت یہ کہ کمپنی اپنے نمو کے مرحلے میں ہےاوراس کے لیے ایک بہت بڑاسر ما بیاورا ثاثہ جات قائم کرنے کے لیے وسائل کے استحکام کی ضرورت ہے۔

۔ کمپنی نے30 جون2018 اور30 جون2019 کوختم ہوئے والے مالی سالوں کے لیے ڈیویڈنڈ کا اعلان کیا تھا تھ سے یافتگان کونفقر قم اور دیگر منافع کی شکل میں مناسب منافع بخش آمدنی کے تحت اوکا CAPEX اور دیگرفنڈ زکی ضروریات کومڈِنظرر کھتے ہوئے مساوی واپسی کی پالیسی پڑممل کرنے کاارادہ رکھتی ہے۔



# انديشے اور غيريقيني صورتحال

کمپنی کو بنیا دی طور پرکرنسی کے تباد لے کی نشرح میں رسک یاغیر بقینی صورتحال کا سامنا کرنا پڑتا ہے کیونکہ کمپنی کے امور ، نیج اور کچھ دیگر مواد کی درآمد پر مخصر ہوتے ہیں۔ تاہم ، کمپنی برآمدات سے اپنی کچھ آمد نی بھی حاصل کرتی ہے جورو پے کی قدر میں کمی سے پیدا ہونے والی درآمد کے خطرات کورو کئے میں مدد دیتی ہے۔ انتظامیہ اس خطرے کو قابو میں رکھنے اور حد سے نہ بڑھنے کے لیے ہرممکن اقد امات اٹھاتی ہے اور کمپنی کے منافع پر کرنسی کی نقل وحرکت کے رسک کو کم سے کم رکھنے میں کا میاب ہوئی ہے۔

## كرييرك ريثنك

VIS کریڈٹ ریٹنگ کمپنی نے یوٹی فوڈزکو2-A-Minus/A-two) میٹنگ تفویض کی ہیں۔ "-A" کی طویل مدت ریٹنگ کمپنی کے قرض کے معیار کو بہتر گردانتی ہے اور بچاؤ کے عوامل خاطر خواہ ہونے کی نشاندہی کرتی ہے۔ رسک سے متعلق معاملات میں وقت کے ساتھ تغیرر ہوسکتا ہے بختصر مدت کی "A-2" ریٹنگ بروقت ادائیگیوں کی نشاندہی کرتی ہیں اور متعلقہ وسائل اور کمپنی کے بنیادی عوامل کو بہتر گردانتی ہیں۔

یہ ریٹنگ اکتوبر2019 میں تفویض کی گئی تھی۔اگر چہ کہ اس کے بعد معیشت کرونا کی دجہ سے ست روی کا شکار ہوئی ، تا ہم اول تو آپ کی کمپنی کرونا کی نتیجے میں پیدا ہونے والی معاشی زبوحالی سے بڑی حد تک محفوظ رہی ، دوئم اس دوران سود کی شرح میں نمایاں کمی واقع ہوئی او 100-KSE اشارییاس دوران %30 سے زائد بڑھ چکا ہے جومعاشی بہتری کا عکاس ہے۔علاوہ ازیں کمپنی کے بنیاری عوامل میں بھی بہت بہتری آئی ہے اور مجموعی فروخت میں سال بدسال %100 سے زائدا ضافہ ہوا ہے

## آ ڈیٹرز کی تقرری

کمپنی کی بیرونی آڈیٹرز کمپنی نوید ظفراشفاق جعفری، چارٹرڈا کاونٹنٹس201 کوبر2020 کومنعقدہ سالانہ اجلاس عام کے انعقاد تک پٹائر ہورہے ہیں اور اہلیت کی بنیاد پر 30 جون 2021 کوئتم ہونے والے سال کے لیے اپنی خدمات کودوبارہ پیش کررہے ہیں۔ان کے مشاہر بےکو ICAP کی گائیڈلائن کے تناظر میں طے کیا جائے گا۔ان کی تعیناتی اور مشاہرے کی آڈٹ کمیٹی اور بورڈ نے سفارش کی ہے۔

## شيئر ہولڈنگ کا پیٹرن

شیئر ہولڈنگ کا پیٹرن کمپنی کی سالا نہ رپورٹ میں موجود ہے۔

## انٹرنل کنٹرول

ا تنظامیہ نے کمپنی کے انٹرنل آڈٹ اور کنٹر ول کومشحکم کرنے کی غرض سے مندرجہ ذیل اہم اقدامات کیے ہیں ؛

انٹرنل آ ڈٹ کے مختلف امور کی انجام دہی کے لیے انٹرنل آ ڈٹ ڈیارٹمنٹ مناسب اہل اور تجربہ کا رشخص کی سربراہی میں کام کررہا ہے۔

کمپنی کے انٹرنل فنانشیل کنٹر ولز کی نگرانی SAP سے کی جاتی ہے۔اس سٹم کھ ABACU کنسلٹنگ سے تیار کیااورکگوایا گیا ہے۔

کمپنی نےSOP تیار کرنے کے لیےEY Ford Rhodes کی خدمات حاصل کی تھیں اور اِن کا اطلاق کیا جاچا ہے۔

EY Ford Rahodes، چارٹرڈا کا وَنٹنٹس فرم کی خدمات کو GAP ANALYSIS کے لیے بھی حاصل کی گئے تھیں اورانہوں نے مختلف مسٹمز اور طریقوں بشمول اکا وَنٹنگ اورانٹرٹل کنٹرول میں بہتری لانے کے لیے تبدیلیوں/ترامیم کی تجویزات دی تھیں۔

اس وقت ایک بڑی آ ڈٹ فرم کمپنی کے SOP کااز سرنو جائزہ لے رہی ہے۔





ڈائر کیٹرز کے انتخابات 1 اپریل 2019 کومنعقد کیے گئے تھے۔ بورڈ کی جانب سے تشکیل کردہ کمیٹیوں کی تفصیلات مندرجہ ذیل میں مہیا کی گئی ہیں؟

# بورڈ کی آڈٹ میٹی

عبده	ſţ	نمبرشار
چيئر مين	جناب منيراليس گوڙل	1
ممبر	جناب عبد لجيد غازياني	2
ممبر	محترمه ماربية غيظ	3

# انسانی وسائل اورمشاہرے کے لیے بورڈ کی تمیٹی

عبده	۲t	نمبرشار
چیئر مین	جناب منيراليس گوڈل	1
ممبر	جنا <i>ب محد فرخ</i>	2
ممبر	محتر مه حناء صفدر	3

بورڈیابورڈ کی کمیٹیوں میں 30 جون 2020سے اس رپورٹ کے اجراء کی تاریخ تک کوئی تبدیلی واقع نہیں ہوئی ہے۔

بشمول چیف ایگزیوٹیوبورڈ کے ارکان کی تعداد 7 ہے۔ کوڈ کے مطابق ایک تہائی(2.33) ڈائیریکٹرز کاخود مختار ہونا ضروری ہے اور ایک تہائی سے زیادہ ایگزیوٹیوڈ ائیریکٹرز بھی نہیں ہو سکتے۔ چونکہ بورڈ پرایک ایگزیوٹیواور چارنون ایگزیوٹیوڈ ائیریکٹرز ہیں اس لئےخود مختارڈ ائیریکٹرز کی تعداد 2رکھی گئی ہیں۔

جولائي 2019سے جولائي 2020 كے دوران بورڈ اوركميٹيزكي حاضري كاخلاصہ درج ذيل ہے۔

انسانی وسائل اورمشاہرے کی تمیٹی (1)	آ ڈٹ کمیٹی (4)	بورڈ میٹنگ (5)	عہدہ	ام	نمبرشار
1	-	5	سى اى او	جناب <i>محدفر</i> خ	1
-	4	5	نون ایگزیکٹیوڈ ائیریکٹر	جناب مجيد غازياني	2
1	-	5	نون ایگزیکٹیوڈ ائیریکٹر	محتر مه حناء صفدر	3
-	4	1	نون ایگزیکٹیوڈ ائیریکٹر	محترمه مارية عبدالحفيظ	4
-	-	1	نون ایگزیکٹیوڈ ائیریکٹر	جناب شخ على با كزا	5
1	4	5	خودمختار ڈائیریکٹر	جناب منيراليس گوڙل	6
-	-	5	خودمختار ڈائیریکٹر	محز مهطبیه رشید	7





گا۔UFL کے اس پلانٹ کے آپریشنز کے آغاز کے ساتھ مقامی مارکیٹ در آمد کے بجائے مقامی سطح پر تیار اِن پروڈ کٹس پرنتقل ہوجائے گی،جس سے آئہیں در آمدی پروڈ کٹس کا ایک بہترین مقامی متبادل میسر ہوگا۔اس وقت سپلائر کے ساتھ مار جرین اور شارٹنگ پلانٹ کے سلسلے میں بات چیت میں پیش رفت جاری وساری ہے۔انظامیہ کو کممل یقین ہے کہ دائٹ ایشو کے وقت اجراء کے ساتھ وہ بلانٹ کے امور کے سلسلے میں طے شدہ اوقات کے اہداف کو پورا کرلیں گے۔

# آئل ٹرمینل کا قیام

UFLا یک خوردنی تیل ٹرمینل کے قیام کاارادہ رکھتا ہے۔ پیٹرمینل پورٹ قاسم پرواقع ہوگا جو پام آئل کی درآ مدات کے حوالے سے ذخیرہ کرنے کے بیوٹ کے قیام کے لیے ایک بہترین جگہہ ہے۔اس ٹرمینل کی گنجائش تقریب 45,000 میٹرکٹن متوقع ہے،جس سے UFL کوخام مال ذخیرہ کرکے لاگت کوئٹرول کرنے میں مدد ملے گی۔ قیام کے بعد، UFL بین الاقوامی مارکیٹ کی قیمتوں اور غیرملکی زمِمبادلہ کی شرح میں اتار چڑھاؤ سے وابستہ اس کے جموعی رسک پروفائل کوزیادہ صدتک قابوکر سکے گا۔

## ماحول

ہم نہایت مسرت کے ساتھ آپ کو آگاہ کررہے ہیں کہ اب آپ کی کمپنی RSP کسرٹیفا کڈ ہے۔خورد نی تیل نکا لنے اورتظہر کرنے میں آپ کی کمپنی کے آپریشنز کا ماحول پر کم سے کم منفی اثر پڑتا ہے۔ مزید میر کہ انتظامیہ نے ایسے اقدامات اٹھائے ہیں جو ماحولیاتی تحفظ کے اعلی معیار کے تحت کا م کرنے میں آسانی پیدا کریں گے۔
یونیٹی فوڈ زکاذیلی ادارہ سن رج فوڈز گندم کی بیائی کاعمل سرانجام دیتا ہے اور ہم اس بات کوئیٹنی بناتے ہیں کہ کمپنی کی اس طرح کی سرگرمیوں سے ماحول پر کسی قتم کے اثر ات مرتب نہوں ما چھر کم از کم اثر مرائے۔

# بورڈ اور بورڈ کی کمیٹیز میں ہونے والی تبدیلی

کیم جولائی 2019 سے 30 جون 2020 تک مندرجہ ذیل افراد ڈائر یکٹرز کے عہدے برفائز رہے۔

رن	نمبرشار
جنا <i>ب مُد</i> فرخ	1
جناب مجيد غازياني	2
محتر مه حناء صفدر	3
محتر مه ماربه عبدالحفيظ	4
جناب شيخ على باكزا	5
جناب منيراليس گوڈل	6
محتر مه طبیدرشید	7





کے صارفین برشتمل ہے۔اس کاروباری پونٹ سے مارجرین اور شارٹنگ کے لیے ضروری خام مال بھی پیدا ہوا گا۔

اس ہے آپ کی تمپنی کوکار وباری ویلیوچین کوشم کرنے کے لیےاپنے طویل المدتی منصوبے کی تھیل کی راہ ہموار ہوگی ۔UFL کےخور دنی ڈویژن میں تمپنی کی منصوبہ بندیوں کے حصول کے طور پر،اس نے موجودہ ریفائنریز کے علاوہ مندجہ ذیل پلانٹ اور مشینری یونٹس کوشامل کرنے کا ارادہ کیا ہے۔

## مائية روجنيش بلانث

ہائیڈرجن کاری (Hydrogenation) پلانٹ تھی (بناسپتی) کی پراسسنگ اور تیاری میں استعال کیا جا تا ہے۔ تھی یونٹس کی پیداوار کی پاکستان میں ایک بہت متحکم مارکیٹ ہے۔خور دنی تیل کے شعبے میں ایک بڑی مارکیٹ کی ضروریات کو پورا کرنے کے قابل بننے کے لیے UFL کامنصوبہ شدہ تھی یونٹ آئلز کا ایک امتزاج تیار کرے گا اور اسے دانے دارکھی میں تبدیل کردے گا۔جنہیں صارفین کو پیک کرنے فروخت کیا جائے گا۔

حال ہی میں درآ مدشدہ انٹرالیٹریفلیشن ٹیکنالوجی ٹرانس فیٹ سے پاک پروڈ کٹس فراہم کرے گی جو کہ پر بمیم B2 اور B2 مارکیٹ کوہدف بنانے میں کلیدی کر دارا داکرے گی ،اورصار فین اور شنعتی طبقات کوصحت بخش ،حفظان صحت اورٹرانس فیٹ سے پاک پروڈ کٹس فراہم کرے گی۔ بیکاروباری یونٹ مار جرین اور شار ٹنگ کے لیےاہم خام مال بھی فراہم کرے گا۔

## كيميكل ريفائنري

اس یونٹ کونیج کی کرشنگ والے پلانٹ کے ساتھ مربوط کیا گیا ہے تا کہ مسابقتی فائدہ حاصل کرنے کے لیے زیادہ سے زیادہ ادائیگی کی لاگت، تیل کی بہتر پیداوار سے وصولی ، موثر سپلائی چین اور سندھاور پنجا ب تک رسائی حاصل ہو سکے کی ٹی کے کوٹری سالوینٹ پلانٹ سے سویا بین کے بیچ اور کینولا کی تیج سے نکالا گیا تیل اِس نیوٹرالائز بیشن کے لیے استعال ہوگا۔ اس پلانٹ کی یومیہ گنجائش 200 میٹرکٹن ہوگی۔ بیجد بیداور مکمل خود کار پلانٹ جرمن ٹیکنالو جی سپر بیٹرز سے مزین ہے جوخام زم تیل (یعنی سویا بین آئل ، کینولا آئل ، کاٹن سیڈ آئل ) کو بہتر بنائے گا۔ فزیکل ریفا کننگ کے بعد یہ نیوٹرالائز ڈیل اور کیاس کا تیل شامل ہیں۔ شیال ہوگا اور اِس میں مقامی تیلوں کی متعددا قسام شامل ہیں ، جن میں سورج کھی کا تیل اور کیاس کا تیل شامل ہیں۔

# فريكشينيشن بلانث

UFL صحت بخش پراڈکٹس کی فراہمی کی غرض سے اپنے بنیا دی خواص کے ساتھ "ٹرانس فیٹ فری" پراڈ کٹ کے آغاز کی تیاری کاارادہ رکھتا ہے۔ کمپنی جس مکمل خود کار فریکشنیشن پلانٹ کوحاصل کرنے کاارادہ رکھتی ہےوہ 60 ROL IV کے لیے 200 میٹرکٹن فی دن کی پیداواری صلاحیت رکھتی ہے۔اس میں برانڈ ڈاور شعتی صارفین کے لیے تھی ،مارجرین اور شارٹنگ سیکمنٹ اورور چوکل ٹرانس فیٹ فری (VTF) پروڈکٹس پر شتمل مصنوعات شامل ہے۔

## مارجرين اورشار ثننك

مارجرین اور شارٹیننگ آئیشلٹی فیٹس کا ایک حصہ ہیں جس میں لوریک اور نان لوریک پروڈکٹس کی کممل رہے شامل ہوتی ہے۔ یہ پروڈکٹس کفیکشنری اندسٹری پسکٹ اور بیکری مینو فیکچررز استعمال کرتے ہیں۔ UFL پہلے ہی متواتر اعلیٰ معیاری آئیشلٹی فیٹس کی درآ مدات کے ذریعے مقامی مارکیٹ کوفروغ دے رہا ہے اورخوردنی تیل کے ساتھ پہلے سے تیار کیے جانے والی خام مال کی مصنوعات تک اس کی دستایی سے آئیشلٹی فیٹس کی مقامی تیاری میں سرمایہ کاری کرنا حکمت عِملی کے لحاظ سے ممکن بنا تا ہے۔

UFL مکمل خود کار پلانٹ کی درآمد پرسر ماید کاری کرے گی جواعلی معیاری اورکممل طور پر حفظان صحت کے اصولوں کے مطابق مار جرین ، شار ٹنگ اور اسپیشلٹی فییٹس تیار کرے گا اوراس کی گنجائش 5 ٹن فی گھنٹہ ہوگی۔ یہ پلانٹ سٹمرز کی انفرادی ضروریات کو مدِنظر رکھتے ہوئے اُن کی مرضی اور در کارضروریات کے مطابق پروڈ کٹس کی تیاری کرے





مالیاتی لاگت میں کی سے مینی کو مار جنز میں بہتری لانے میں معاونت ملے گی۔فروخت میں اضافے سے کمپنی کی مارکیٹنگ اوراشتہارسازی کے اخراجات میں بھی اضافہ ہوا۔ یونگ فوڈ زنے پاکستان سپرلیگ 5 میں بطورایونٹ اسپانسراور اسلام آبادیونا ئیٹٹٹیم کے لیے بطور مین اسپانسر تشرکت کی۔ آپ کی کمپنی نے اس موقع سے بھرپورفائدہ اٹھاتے ہوئے اپنے برانڈ "دستک" کوخور دنی تیل کی کیٹیگری میں اہم اور بڑا ہرانڈ بنادیا۔ برقتمتی سے

PSL 5کسبب 5 PSL کوادھورامنقطع کرناپڑا جس سےاسپارنسرشپ پروگرام بھی رک گیا۔ تا ہم ،آپ کی کمپنی موجودہ مالی سال کے دوران منصوبہ بندی کے ساتھ مار کیٹنگ اوراشتہار سازی کے ذریعے آگا ہی پھیلانے کے سلسلے کو جاری وساری رکھے گی۔

اس سال تنوع کی حکمت عملی کے ساتھ یونٹی فوڈ زلمیٹڈ نے وسیع پیانے پر مویشیوں کی خوراک کوفروخت کرنے کا سلسلہ جاری کیا ہے، جس کے تحت پام کرنل ایکسپلر (PKE) کو مویشیوں کی خوراک کے اہم جز کے طور پر درآ مد، پروسس اور فروخت کیا جارہا ہے۔

# دیگرسر ماییکاریال

اس سال کے دوران کمپنی نے من رج فوڈز پرائیوٹ لمیٹڈ کے36,654,177 شیئر زخریدے جو کہ کمپنی کا%69 حصہ بنتا ہے۔

سن رج فوڈ زپاکستان میں آٹے کا ایک ابھر تا ہوا ہرا نڈ ہے۔ در حقیقت یہ پاکستان بھر میں دستیاب واحد آٹے کا برانڈ ہے۔ یہ اپنی PESA MILL ٹیکنالوجی کے ذریعے سالا نہ 43,800 ٹن آٹا فراہم کرنے کی گنجائش رکھتا ہے۔ یہ آٹا صحت وصفائی کے اصولوں ، کمبی شیلف لائف اوراعلی کوالٹی کے باعث پریمیم تصور کیا جاتا ہے۔ یہ ٹیکنالوجی آٹے سے کنگر مٹی اور زرات کا خاتمہ کرتی ہے جو کہ روایتی چکی آٹا میں یائے جاتے ہیں۔

مالی سال کے اختتام کے بعد سن رج فوڈ زنے کمپنی کی آئے کی پیائی کی گنجائش کوبڑھانے کے لیے خاصے بڑے اخراجات کئے ہیں اور کمپنی کوگندم کی انوینٹری کی مناسب سطح کو برقر ارر کھنے کے لیےمطلوبہ ورکنگ کیپٹل فراہم کیا ہے تا کہ کمپنی کوآسانی سے کام کرنے مارکیٹ میں پروڈکٹس کی باقاعدہ فراہمی کوبقینی بنایا جاسکے۔

## تحمینی کے امور کے حالات اوراس کے کاروباری آپریشنز کا شفاف جائزہ

جنوری سے جون کے دورال1-COVID کا پھیلا وَ کمپنی کے توسیعی منصوبوں میں ست روی کا باعث بنا۔ تاہم ، حالیہ مدت میں وباء میں ہونے والی کمی کے بعد معاشی سرگرمیوں میں تیزی آئی ہےاور کمپنی کوتو قع ہے کہ کیپٹل اخرجات میں بڑی مقدار میں فنڈ زمخص کیے جا کیں گے۔ یہ نہایت خوشی کی بات ہے کہ شدیدلاک ڈاؤن اور معاشی ست روی کے باوجود بھی کمپنی کے آپریشنز بڑے پیانے پر متحرک رہے اور سہ ماہی فروخت میں اضافہ ہوتا رہا۔

### خوردنی تیل کا توسیعی منصوبه

خوردنی تیل کی ریفائزی کے حصول نے UFL کی حکمت عملی کوخوردنی تیل کے برانڈ ڈ ڈویژن میں بڑھانے کے لیے راہ ہموار کردی ہے،اس سے UFL کوعام کا روباری، صنعتی اور بڑے جم سمیت تمام کا روباری طبقات تک رسائی اور ضروریات پوری کرنے کی سہولت حاصل ہوگئی ہے۔ ریفائنزی پر وجیکٹ 104,000 مربع فٹ کی مجمارت اور 6,000 میٹرکٹن تیل کو ذخیرہ کرنے کی گنجائش کے ساتھ 15.0 کی میٹر رقبے پر پھیلا ہوا ہے۔ اس اعلی معیار کے پر وجیکٹ میں 500 میٹرکٹن یومیہ خام پام آئل کو پروسس کرنے کی صلاحیت کے ساتھ 500 میٹرکٹن تیل یومیہ پیک کرنے کی صلاحیت بھی موجود ہے۔

آپ کی کمپنی نے گزشتہ سال اعلان کر دہ توسیعی منصوبے پراچھی طرح سے ترقی کی ہے۔ ہمیں آپ کوئی بتاتے ہوئے نہایت مسرت ہور ہی کہ ہمارا تھی پلانٹ لگ چکا ہے اور کممل طور پراپنے آپریشنز انجام دے رہا ہے۔ اس کے ساتھ ساتھ ،ہم اپنے صارفین کواپنی پروڈ کٹس کی کممل ریخ فراہم کرنے کی کوششوں میں سرگرم عمل ہیں ،جس سے ہمیں زیادہ موثر انداز میں مارکیٹ میں جگہ بنانے میں مدوفراہم ہوگی ۔ اس مارکیٹ میں بیکر کا HOREC (ہوٹلز، ریسٹورنٹ، کیٹرر/ پکوان والے ) کنفیکشنز میں مینوفیکچررز وغیرہ دونوں طرح





# ڈائز یکٹرزر پورٹ

ہم نہایت مسرت کے ساتھ بورڈ آف ڈائر کیٹرز کی جانب سے 30 جون 2020 کوختم ہونے والے سال کے لیے ڈائر کیٹرز کی رپورٹ پیش کرتے ہیں۔ الحمدوللہ ہمیں بیتاتے ہوئے بہت مسرت ہے کہ اس سال کے دوران کمپنی نے تمام شعبہ جات بشمول آپریشنز ،سیز اورا ثاثہ جات میں توسیع اور تنوع کا مظاہرہ کیا ہے جس میں سن رج فوڈز پرائیوٹ لمیٹڈ میں 69 فیصداسٹیک کا حصول بھی شامل ہے ،اس کی تفصیلات مندرجہ ذیل میں بیان کی گئی ہیں۔ یہ بات بھی قدر سے حصلہ افزاء ہے کہ تمام شعبہ جات میں توسیع کے باوجود کمپنی نے کسی تشم کا کوئی بڑا طویل المدت قرض نہیں لیا اور طویل المدت قرض کی اصل رقم کی واپس ادائیگ کی عدم موجودگی میں زرنقد کے انتظام وانصرام کو بہتر طور پر چلانے میں مدد کی۔

### جائزه

مالی سال 2019 کئی لحاظ سے کمپنی کے لیے مشکلات سے بھر پورر ہا۔ اسٹیٹ بینک آف پاکستان (ایس، بی، پی مرکزی بینک) کی جانب سے طے کر دہ پالیسی ریٹ ماہ جولائی 2019 میں 2015 میں 13.25 فیصد کی بلند سطح سے حکم پنجی جو کہ کمپنی کے مالیاتی سال کا پہلام ہینہ تھا، اور پھر مارچ 2020 تک اس سطح پر برقر ارر ہا۔ جس کے نتیج میں کمپنی کی مالیاتی لاگت میں اضافہ ہوا، جس کے مزید نتیج کے طور پر کاروبار کی لاگت میں اور نبیٹ مارجن کم ہوگیا۔ مالیاتی سال کی دوسری سہ ماہی میں کاروبار کو عالمی وبا 19-COVID کے پھیلاؤ کے سبب مشکلات کا سامنار ہا۔

کارباری سرگرمیوں میں کی کے باعث خام تیل کی قیمتیں نجلی ترین سطح کوچھو گئیں۔خوردنی تیل (خام پام آئل RBD پام آئل ،سیڈ آئل) کی قیمتیں جو کہ خام مال کی قیمت پر مخصرتھیں وہ بھی کمی کا شکار ہوئیں جس سے مارجن میں کمی واقع ہوئی۔ان مشکل ترین حالات کے باوجود آپ کی کمپنی نے ٹاپ لائن سیلز میں ریکارڈ اضافہ کرتے ہوئے 29 بلین روپے سے زائد کی سیز کیس جو کہ گزشتہ سال کے مقابلے میں 100 فیصد زیادہ ہیں۔ کمپنی نے ریٹیل مارکیٹ میں اپنی رسائی بڑھانے پر توجہ مرکوزر کھی اور ساتھ ہی سیاز کس کو بھی بہتر کیا جس سے ریٹیل سیز/ برانڈ ڈسیز میں اضافہ ہوا ہے۔ بیاضافہ کمپنی کے منافع میں اضافے میں مددگار ثابت ہوگا۔ آنے والے مالی سال میں سیلز میں اضافے کی توقع کے ساتھ ساتھ ورکنگ کیپیول میں اضافہ متوقع ہے۔

مالیاتی سال کی آخری سدما ہی کے دوران پاکستان میں 19-COVIDکے کیسز کی تعداد میں کی کے سبب، وفاقی حکومت نے معیشت کی بحال پر توجه مزید مرکوز کردی ہے۔ مارچ2020 کے اختتام سے لے کر،اب تک اسٹیٹ بینک آف پاکستان مانیٹر کی پالیسی کے انتظام وانصرام کے سلسلے میں غیر معمولی فعالیت کا مظاہرہ کر رہا ہے۔اس سال مارچ کے اختتام سے لے کر،اب تک پالیسی ریٹ میں 625 ہیں۔ پوائنٹس کی امیدافز اء کمی کی گئے ہے جس سے معیشت کوتر کیک ملی ہے۔





### NOTICE OF ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

Notice is hereby given that 30th Annual General Meeting (AGM) of Unity Foods Limited (the "Company") will be held on Friday, October 23, 2020 at 09:30 a.m. at Regent Plaza Hotel and Convention Centre, Main Shahrehe-Faisal, Karachi, to transact the following businesses:

### **Ordinary Business:**

- 1. To receive, consider and adopt the audited financial statements of the Company for the year ended June 30, 2020 together with Directors' and Auditors' reports thereon and Chairman's Review Report.
- 2. To appoint the auditor of the Company and fix their remuneration. The shareholders are hereby notified that the Audit Committee and the Board of Directors have recommended the name of retiring auditors Messrs. Naveed Zafar Ashfaq Jaffery & Co. Chartered Accountants, for reappointment as auditors of the Company.

### **Special Business:**

3. To consider and if deemed fit, pass a resolution as Special Resolution, as proposed in the Statement of Material Facts, pursuant to the provisions of Section 199 of the Companies Act, 2017 to approve and authorize the provision of a corporate guarantee in favor of lenders of Sunridge Foods (Private) Limited.

A statement required under section 134(3) of the Companies Act, 2017, is annexed to the notice of AGM sent to the Shareholders.

By Order of the Board

Dated: October 02, 2020

Place: Karachi

Syed Muhammad Tariq Nabeel Jafri

**Company Secretary** 





#### Notes:

- i) The Share Transfer Books of the Company shall remain closed from October 17, 2020 to October 23, 2020 (both days inclusive) for determining the entitlement of shareholders for attending the Annual General Meeting.
- ii) Physical Transfers received by the Company at the close of business on October 16, 2020 will be treated as being in time for the purpose of attending the meeting.
- iii) Members entitled to attend and vote at the Annual General Meeting may appoint a proxy to attend, speak and vote on him /her behalf. The proxy need not to be a member of the Company.
- iv) Forms of proxy to be valid must be properly filled in/ executed and received by the company not later than forty-eight hours before the commencement of the meeting. Members who have deposited their shares into Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited ("CDC") will further have to follow the under mentioned guidelines as laid down by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan.

### A. For Attending the Meeting

- a. In case of Individuals, the account holder and/or sub-account holder whose registration details are uploaded as per the CDC Regulations, shall authenticate his/her identity by showing his/her original CNIC or, original Passport at the time of attending the Meeting.
- b. In case of corporate entity, the Board's resolution / power of attorney with specimen signature of the nominee shall be produced (unless it has been provided earlier) at the time of the Meeting.

### B. For Appointing Proxies

- a. In case of individuals, the account holder and/or sub-account holder whose registration details are uploaded as per the CDC Regulations, shall submit the proxy form as per above requirements.
- b. The proxy form shall be witnessed by two persons, whose names, addresses and CNIC numbers shall be mentioned on the form.
- c. Attested copies of the CNIC or the passport of beneficial owners and the proxy shall be furnished with the proxy form.
- d. The proxy shall produce his original CNIC or original passport at the time of the Meeting.
- e. In case of corporate entity, the Board's resolution / power of attorney with specimen signature shall be furnished (unless it has been provided earlier) along with proxy form to the Company.
- v) Members are requested to immediately notify any change in their addresses to the Company's registrar and share transfer agent.





### vi) Online Participation in the Annual General Meeting

Due to ongoing pandemic of COVID-19 and the SECP's directives, the Company intends to convene this AGM with minimal physical interaction of shareholders while ensuring compliance with the quorum requirements and requests the members to consolidate their attendance and voting at the AGM through proxies.

Accordingly, the Company has decided to facilitate its shareholders by allowing the shareholders to attend the meeting through video link for the safety and in the best interest of the shareholders. Therefore, shareholders who are interested in attending the AGM proceedings through video link are required to register themselves by providing the following information along with a valid copy of the Computerized National Identity Card (both sides)/passport / attested copy of the board resolution/power of attorney (in case of corporate shareholders) through email at info@fdregistrar.com by 21 October, 2020.

Name of Shareholder	CNIC No.	Folio No. / CDC Account No.	Cell No.	Email address

A detailed procedure shall be communicated through e-mail directly to the shareholders who are registered after necessary verification. The login facility will remain open from start of the meeting till its proceedings are concluded.

Shareholders can also provide their comments and questions for the agenda items of the AGM at the email address info@unityfoods.pk. The comments shall be read out at the meeting and shall be made part of the minutes.

Members are therefore, encouraged to attend the AGM through video link or by consolidating their attendance through proxies.

### vii) Unclaimed dividend

Shareholders who by any reason could not collect their dividend are advised to contact our Share Registrar to collect / enquire about their unclaimed dividend, if any. In compliance with Section 244 of the Companies Act, 2017, after having completed the stipulated procedure, all such dividends outstanding for a period of 3 years or more from the due date shall be deposited to the credit of Federal Government.

viii) Circulation of Annual Audited Financial Statements and Notice of AGM to Members through E mail:

SECP through its Notification No. SRO 787 (I)/2014, dated September 08, 2014, has allowed companies to circulate Annual Audited Financial Statements along with Notice of Annual General Meeting ("AGM") to its members through email. The shareholders who desire to receive Annual





Audited Financial Statements and Notice of AGM through email are requested to fill the requisite form placed on the website and send it to the Company Secretary at the Registered Office of the Company. In case any member, subsequently, requests for hard copy of Annual Financial Statements, the same shall be provided free of cost within seven days of receipt of such request.

ix) Placement of Financial Statements
The Company has placed the Audited Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2020 along
with Auditors and Directors Report thereon and Chairman's Review Report on its website:
www.unityfoods.pk.

STATEMENT OF MATERIAL FACTS UNDER SECTION 134(3) OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2017 This statement sets out the material facts pertaining to the special business to be transacted at the Annual General Meeting of the Company.

Sunridge Foods (Private) Limited (Sunridge) is a subsidiary of the Company. The subsidiary requires funding for its expansion / enhanced operations and a corporate guarantee from the Company to the extent of PKR 2.0 Billion is required from the Company as holding company of Sunridge to secure financial assistance to be extended to Sunridge for a period of one year, as per terms and conditions disclosed to the members.

In view of majority of directors being interested, the matter is placed before the shareholders as required under the applicable laws. The interest of directors has been disclosed elsewhere in this statement. The disinterested directors have certified that they have carried out necessary due diligence for the proposed investment and duly signed recommendation of the due diligence report shall be made available for inspection of members in the general meeting along with latest financial statements of Sunridge.

The following resolutions are proposed to be passed as special resolutions:

Further that approval of the members of Unity Foods Limited (the "Company") be and is hereby accorded in terms of Section 199 and other applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2017 and the Company be and is hereby authorized to provide a corporate guarantee for an amount of up to PKR 2,000,000,000 (Pak Rupees Two Billion Only) for a period of one year starting from November 1, 2020 to be issued in favor of lenders of Sunridge to secure financial assistance to be extended to Sunridge.

Resolved Further that in the event the Company is called upon by the lenders of Sunridge for repayment of money provided to Sunridge as a result of enforcement of corporate guarantee, the Company shall recover the full amount paid by it from Sunridge with mark up of 3.25% above the average borrowing cost of the Company or relevant KIBOR whichever is higher till the date of payment by Sunridge.

Resolved Further that the Chief Executive Officer and/or Chief Financial Officer and/or Company Secretary of the Company be and are hereby singly empowered and authorized to do all acts, matters, deeds and things, take any or all necessary actions including signing and execution of agreement(s) and to complete all legal formalities as may be necessary or incidental expedient for the purpose of implementing the aforesaid resolutions.





# (A) Disclosure under section 134 (3) of the Companies Act, 2017 regarding associated company of Associated Company or Associated Sunridge Foods (Private) Limited (

(i)	Name of Associated Company or Associated		Sunridge Foods (Private) Limited (SR)
		dertaking.	Sumage 100as (1117ate) Emited (510)
(ii)	Basis of Relationship.		Subsidiary company
(iii)		nings / (Loss) per Share for the last three years	2018 (4.18)
			2019 (2.42)
			2020 (0.51)
(iv)	Bre	ak-up value per Share, based on last audited	PKR 2.43 per share as at 30 June, 2020.
		ancial statements.	
(v)	Fin	ancial position, including main items of	Audited Balance Sheet & Profit and Loss Account
		tement of financial position and profit and loss	of Sunridge as of 30 June 2020 attached herewith.
	acc	count on the basis of its latest financial	-
	stat	tements.	
(vi)	In c	case of investment in relation to a project of	Not Applicable
	ass	ociated company or associated undertaking	
	tha	t has not commenced operations, following	
	furt	ther information, namely	
	I	Description of the project and its history	Not Applicable
		since conceptualization	
	II	Starting date and expected date of	Not Applicable
		completion of work	
	Ш	Time by which such project shall become	Not Applicable
		commercially operational	
	IV	Expected time by which the project shall start	Not Applicable
		paying return on investment	
	V	Funds invested or to be invested by the	Not Applicable
		promoters, sponsors, associated company	
		or associated undertaking distinguishing	
		between cash and non-cash amounts	





	(B) General Disclosures:	
(i)	Maximum amount if investment to be made	Corporate Guarantee of upto PKR 2,000,000,000/- (Rupees Two Billion Only).
(ii)	Purpose, benefits likely to accrue to the investing company and its members from such investment and period of investment.	Sunridge Foods is an established brand name in the flour in Pakistan and is the only national flour brand in the country. It has a 43,800 tons per annum capacity plant employing PESA Mill technology. The flour produced by the company commands premium due to cleanliness, long shelf life and durability of the final consumable products. Besides, the technology also eliminates the risk of residual stones that are part of conventional "chakki atta".  The plans are underway to produce various types of flours used in different food products like Pizza,
		bread, pasta and various bakery products. Supply of these variants of flour faces key challenge of quality consistency. With the additional plants being acquired, the company is expected to cater to the varying demands of intermediate users.  It is expected that going forward, substantial earnings will accrue to Sunridge Foods and Unity Foods being the major shareholders stands to benefit from the profitable operations of Sunridge.
		The Corporate Guarantee will be issued to lenders of Sunridge and shall be for a period of one year, renewable subject to mutual consent of the Company and Sunridge and fulfillment of regulatory requirements.
(iii)	Sources of funds to be utilized for investment and where the investment is intended to be made using borrowed funds:	The corporate guarantee - an unfunded facility - will be issued by the Company to bankers of Sunridge.
	(I) Justification for investment through borrowings	Not applicable
	(II) Detail of Collateral, guarantees provided and assets pledged for obtaining such funds	Not applicable
	(III) Cost of benefit analysis	Not applicable



	(iv)	Salient features of the agreement(s), if any, with	Salient
		associated company or associated undertaking	
		with regards to the proposed investment.	A fee o
			week o
			Compa
ı			

Salient features of the arrangement are as under:

A fee of 0.25% per quarter payable within one week of end of quarter shall be charged by the Company to Sunridge.

Sunridge shall comply in letter and spirit all terms and conditions of the corporate guarantee(s) to be executed in favor of lending banks and financial institutions or other lenders and shall duly comply with all requirements of the lenders.

(v) Direct or indirect interest of directors, sponsors, majority shareholders and their relatives, if any, in the associated company or associated undertaking or the transaction under consideration.

Muhammad Farrukh, Abdul Majeed Safdar, Sajjad and Rayyan Imran are the nominee directors of Unity Foods. Muhammad Farrukh is the CEO of Sunridge and does not hold any shares in the company.

Mr. Abdul Majeed Ghaziani is on the Board of Sunridge and does not hold any shares in the company. Safdar Sajjad is on the Board of Sunridge Foods and his wife is on the Board Unity Foods. He and his wife do not hold any shares in Sunridge Foods.

Unity Enterprises (Pvt.) Limited, an associated company of Unity Foods also hold 5% shares of Sunridge. Safdar Sajjad, Abdul Majeed Ghaziani and Muhammad Farrukh are also on the Board of Unity Enterprises and thus have indirect interest in the Transaction. Another director of Unity Enterprises, Abdul Hafeez is also deemed interested in the Transaction as his wife is on the Board of Unity Foods.

Sunridge is not a member of Unity Foods Limited. Its sponsors and directors and their respect interest are as under:

Muhammad Farrukh, Abdul Majeed and Safdar Sajjad are interested, directly or indirectly, to the extent of commission to be paid by Sunridge Foods to Unity Foods. Other Directors and sponsors of Sunridge Foods have no direct or indirect interest in the transaction.





(vi)	In case any investment in associated company or associated undertaking has already been made, the performance review of such investment including complete information/justification for any impairment or write offs  Any other important details necessary for the	For the year ended June 30, 2020 the Company incurred a loss of PKR 27 Million which is substantially reduced from the previous years' loss of PKR 129 million and PKR 222 million in 2018.  There is no write off / impairment on this investment.  The management plans to aggressively expand
	members to understand the transaction	production capacity of the Company and also intends to add new items to the products portfolio. With operations benefitting from economies of scale and product diversity, the Company is expected to have substantial net profits in years ahead.
	Additional disclosure regarding investment	nt in the form of corporate guarantee
(i)	Category-wise amount of investment	Corporate Guarantee of PKR 2,000 million will be issued by the Company in favor of the lenders of Sunridge to secure financial assistance for Sunridge.
(ii)	Average borrowing cost of the investing company, the Karachi Inter Bank Offered Rate (KIBOR) for the relevant period, rate of return for Shariah compliant products and rate of return unfunded facilities, as the case may be, for the relevant period	Not Applicable.
(iii)	Rate of interest, mark up, profit, fees or commission etc. to be charged by investing company.	A fee of 0.25% of the outstanding PKR amount per quarter shall be charged to Sunridge Foods by Unity Foods
(iv)	Particulars of collateral or security to be obtained in relation to the proposed investment	Not applicable.
(v)	If the investment carries conversion feature i.e. it is convertible into securities, this fact along with terms and conditions including conversion formula, circumstances in which the conversion may take place and the time when the conversion may be exercisable.	Not Applicable
(vi)	Repayment schedule and terms and conditions of loans or advances to be given to the associated company or associated undertaking.	The Company shall recover the fee from Sunridge on quarterly basis. The Company will be required to pay only in case Sunridge fails to make payment on due dates as





	per agreement with its lenders. In case of failure of Sunridge to lenders, the Company shall recover the full amount paid by it from Sunridge with mark up of 3.25% above the average borrowing cost of the Company or relevant KIBOR whoever is higher till the date of payment by Sunridge.
	1



### SUNRIDGE FOODS (PRIVATE) LIMITED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT JUNE 30, 2020

	Note	2020 Rupe	2019 es
ASSETS Non-current assets			,
Property, plant and equipment Right to Use Asset	5	285,289,769 6,376,142	287,951,516
Long-term deposit Deferred taxation	7	3,086,098	3,086,098
Current assets Stock-in-trade		294,752,009	291,037,614
Trade debts - unsecured	8 9	313,861,408 48,105,913	49,206,985 31,181,194
Advances Deposits and prepayments	10 11	2,327,447 1,978,925	1,754,231 168,953
Other receivables Taxation	12	1,007,396 11,789,826	7,958,930
Cash and bank balances	13	9,823,083	1,432,072 91,702,365
TOTAL ASSETS		683,646,007	382,739,979
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES Share capital and reserves			
Authorised share capital			×
100,000,000 (2019: 100,000,000) ordinary shares of Rs. 10 each	:	1,000,000,000	1,000,000,000
Share capital Issued, subscribed and paid-up capital	14	531,219,950	531,219,950
Reserves	-	(402,398,862) 128,821,088	(375,902,293) 155,317,657
Advance against future issue of shares		12,163,324	1,941,534
Non-current liabilities  Long-term financing - secured	45 [	45 270 570	0.000.040
Lease liability	15 16	15,379,570 6,366,890	2,083,012
Staff retirement benefits Deferred government grant	17 18	7,832,183 1,324,290	7,506,126
Current liabilities		30,902,933	9,589,138
Trade and other payables Accrued mark-up	19	333,252,194 899,821	213,732,135
Current portion of long-term financing Current portion of lease liability	15 16	6,223,704	756,612
Current portion of deferred government grant Contract Liabilities	18	648,991 1,057,690	-
Short-term borrowing	20 21	4,935,451 89,250,000	1,402,903
Loan from related party	22	75,490,811 511,758,662	215,891,650
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	=	683,646,007	382,739,979
CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS	23		

The annexed notes from 1 to 39 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Chief Executive

# SUNRIDGE FOODS (PRIVATE) LIMITED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Note	2020 Rupee	2019 es
Revenue - net Cost of sales Gross profit	24 25	1,326,963,658 (1,249,007,821) 77,955,837	790,275,287 (782,772,965) 7,502,322
Selling and distribution expenses Administrative expenses Other operating expenses	26 27 28	(85,209,091) (22,433,272) (1,055,114) (108,697,477)	(105,468,713) (28,396,150) (17,959) (133,882,822)
Other income Operating loss	29	7,134,145 (23,607,495)	1,211,142 (125,169,358)
Finance costs  Loss before taxation  Taxation  Loss after taxation	30	(3,446,451) (27,053,946) - (27,053,946)	(619,989) (125,789,347) (2,962,249) (128,751,596)
Other comprehensive income not to be reclassified to the profit or loss in subsequent period  Remeasurement gain on staff retirement benefits		557,377	-
Total comprehensive loss		(26,496,569)	(128,751,596)

The annexed notes from 1 to 39 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Chief Executive

Director





# Taste the Healthier Side of Life







### Review Report on the Statement of Compliance contained in **Listed Companies** (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2019

We have reviewed the enclosed Statement of Compliance with the Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2019 (the Regulations) prepared by the Board of Directors of Unity Foods Limited (the Company) for the year ended June, 30 2020 in accordance with the requirements of regulation 36 of the Regulations.

The responsibility for compliance with the Regulations is that of the Board of Directors of the Company. Our responsibility is to review whether the Statement of Compliance reflects the status of the Company's compliance with the provisions of the Regulations and report if it does not and to highlight any noncompliance with the requirements of the Regulations. A review is limited primarily to inquiries of the Company's personnel and review of various documents prepared by the Company to comply with the Regulations.

As a part of our audit of the financial statements we are required to obtain an understanding of the accounting and internal control systems sufficient to plan the audit and develop an effective audit approach. We are not required to consider whether the Board of Directors' statement on internal control covers all risks and controls or to form an opinion on the effectiveness of such internal controls, the Company's corporate governance procedures and risks.

The Regulations require the Company to place before the Audit Committee, and upon recommendation of the Audit Committee, place before the Board of Directors for their review and approval, its related party transactions and also ensure compliance with the requirements of Section 208 of the Companies Act, 2017. We are only required and have ensured compliance of this requirement to the extent of the approval of the related party transactions by the Board of Directors upon recommendation of the Audit Committee. We have not carried out procedures to assess and determine the Company's process for identification of related parties and that whether the related party transactions were undertaken at arm's length price or not.

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention which causes us to believe that the Statement of Compliance does not appropriately reflect the Company's compliance, in all material respects, with the requirements contained in the Regulations as applicable to the Company for the year ended June, 30 2020.

**Chartered Accountants** 

Engagement Partner: Ahsan Elahi Vohra-FCA

Naveral Zafar Ashlag, Juffery E Co.

Karachi

**Dated** : September 30, 2020



# STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE WITH LISTED COMPANIES (CODE OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE) REGULATIONS, 2019

Name of Company: UNITY FOODS LIMITED

Year Ending : JUNE 30, 2020

The Company has complied with the requirements of the Regulations in the following manner:

1. The total number of directors are Seven as per the following:

a. Male : Fourb. Female : Three

2. The Composition of the Board is as follows:

	CATEGORY	NAMES
a)	Independent Directors	Mr. Muneer S. Godil
(a)	independent birectors	Ms. Tayyaba Rasheed
b) Other Non-Exec		Mr. Sheikh Ali Baakza
	Other Non-Executive Directors	Ms. Hina Safdar
	Other Non-Executive Directors	Mr. Abdul Majeed Ghaziani
		Ms. Maria Abdul Hafeez
c)	Executive Director	Mr. Muhammad Farrukh

- 3. The directors have confirmed that none of them is serving as a director on more than seven listed companies, including Unity Foods Limited.
- 4. The company has prepared a Code of Conduct and has ensured that appropriate steps have been taken to disseminate it throughout the company along with its supporting policies and procedures.
- 5. The board has developed a vision / mission statement, overall corporate strategy and significant policies of the company. A complete record of particulars of significant policies along with the dates on which they were approved or amended has been maintained.
- 6. All the powers of the Board have been duly exercised and decisions on relevant matters have been taken by board / shareholders as empowered by the relevant provisions of the Act and these Regulations.
- 7. The meetings of the board were presided over by the Chairman. The Board has complied with the requirements of the Act and the Regulations with respect to frequency, recording and circulating minutes of meeting of board.
- 8. The board of directors have a formal policy and transparent procedures for remuneration of directors in accordance with the Act and these Regulations.





Company stands complied with the requirement of DTP and Six directors out of Seven has already completed

Directors Training Program (DTP) as prescribed under the sub - clause 1(ii) of regulation no. 19 of the Code of Corporate Governance Regulations, 2019.

- \*Only one remaining Director namely Mr. Sheikh Ali Baakza will have to complete the Directors Training Programme (DTP) within the Time limit under the said Regulation.
- 10. The Board has approved appointment of CFO, Company Secretary and Head of Internal Audit, including their remuneration and terms and conditions of employment and complied with relevant requirements of the Regulations.
  - \* Mr. Imran Ahmed Khan was appointed as Head of Internal Audit on February 26, 2020 in place of Mr. Muhammad Farhan.
- 11. CFO and CEO duly endorsed the financial statements before approval of the board.
- 12. The Board has formed committees comprising of members given below.

Name of Committee	Name of Members and Chairman	
Audit Committee	a) Mr. Muneer S. Godil (Independent Director) - Chairman	
	b) Mr. Abdul Majeed Ghaziani - Member	
	c) Ms. Maria Abdul Hafeez -Member	
Human Resources and Remuneration Committee	a) Mr. Muneer S. Godil (Independent Director) - Chairman	
	b) Mr. Muhammad Farrukh - Member	
	c) Ms. Hina Safdar -Member	

- 13. The terms of reference of the aforesaid committees have been formed, documented and advised to the committee for compliance.
- The frequency of meetings (quarterly/ half yearly/ yearly) of the committee were as following: 14.

Audit committee Four Meetings during the year a.

**HR** and Remuneration Committee One Meetings during the year b.





There has been no change on the Board or the committees of the Board between June 30, 2020 and the date of this report

- 15. The Board has set up an effective internal audit function.
- 16. The statutory auditors of the company have confirmed that they have been given a satisfactory rating under the quality control review program of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan (ICAP) and registered with Audit Oversight Board of Pakistan, that they or any of the partners of the firm, their spouses and minor children do not hold shares of the Company and that the firm and all its partners are in compliance with International Federation of Accountants (IFAC) guidelines on code of ethics as adopted by Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan (ICAP).
- 17. The statutory auditors or the persons associated with them have not been appointed to provide other services except in accordance with the Act, these regulations or any other regulatory requirement and the auditors have confirmed that they have observed IFAC guidelines in this regard.
- 18. We confirm that all requirements of regulations 3, 6, 7, 8, 28, 33, 34 of the Regulations have been complied with.

AM

Abdul Majeed Ghaziani Chairman Muhammad Farrukh Chief Executive

Karachi:

Dated: 30 September 2020





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### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF UNITY FOODS LIMITED

Report on the Audit of the Unconsolidated Financial Statements

### Opinion

We have audited the annexed unconsolidated financial statements of Unity Foods Limited (the Company), which comprise the unconsolidated statement of financial position as at June 30, 2020, the unconsolidated statement of profit or loss, the unconsolidated statement of comprehensive income, the unconsolidated statement of changes in equity, the unconsolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the unconsolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information, and we state that we have obtained all the information and explanations which, to the best of our knowledge and belief, were necessary for the purposes of the audit.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the unconsolidated statement of financial position, unconsolidated statement of profit or loss, the unconsolidated statement of comprehensive income, the unconsolidated statement of changes in equity and the unconsolidated statement of cash flows together with the notes forming part thereof conform with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan and give the information required by the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017), in the manner so required and respectively give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at June 30, 2020 and of the profit and other comprehensive income, the changes in equity, and its cash flows for the year then ended.

### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) as applicable in Pakistan. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the unconsolidated financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants as adopted by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan (the Code) and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

### **Key Audit Matter(s)**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the unconsolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the unconsolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Following are the key audit matter(s):

S. No.	Key audit matter(s)	How the matter was addressed in our audit
S. No.	First time adoption of IFRS - 16 As referred in note 5.3.1.1 to the unconsolidated financial statements, the Company has adopted IFRS 16, 'Leases' with effect from July 1, 2019  The standard has introduced a new accounting model for operating lease contracts from the standpoint of a lessee, as per the new requirements, the Company is required to recognise right-of-use assets for leased assets and liabilities for the lease payments over the lease term.  The application of new standard requires management to make significant estimates and judgements such as determination of lease term and appropriate discount rate for measurement of lease liabilities.  We considered the adoption of the standard as a key audit matter due to the significant management judgements involved in respect of the application of the new standard.	How the matter was addressed in our audit  Our audit procedures to review the application of IFRS 16, amongst others, include the following:  Evaluation of the appropriateness of the new accounting policies for recognition, measurement, presentation, and disclosures of lease contracts in the unconsolidated financial statements;  • Obtaining an understanding of the process and control in place for identification of inscope lease contracts (considering recognition exemption available under the standard i.e. short term leases and leases of low value assets);  • Corroboration of the completeness of leases identified by the management by reviewing and analysing the existing lease arrangements as of the date of the initial application and reviewing the rent expense ledgers for the year;  • Performance of independent checks of lease accounting computations for a sample of lease contracts through re-performance of such computations and tracing the terms with the relevant contracts;
2.	IMPACT OF COVID-19 (Refer note 1.3)  As part of the preparation of the unconsolidated financial statements, management is responsible to assess the possible effects of COVID-19 on the Company's liquidity and related ability to continue as a going concern and appropriately disclose the results of its assessment in the unconsolidated financial statements. The COVID-19 pandemic is an unprecedented challenge for humanity	<ul> <li>Evaluation of the appropriateness of the assumptions used by the management in measuring lease liabilities such as discount rate, lease term etc; and</li> <li>Assessment of the adequacy and appropriateness of disclosures in the unconsolidated financial statement as required under the standard and applicable financial reporting framework.</li> <li>We considered the uncertainties arising from COVID-19 in planning and performing our audit. Our procedures include:         <ul> <li>Evaluation of the Company's most recent financial results forecasts and liquidity analysis underlying their going concern assessment and testing of the integrity of the forecasts, including mathematical accuracy;</li> <li>Assessment of the reliability of the forecasted cash flows by comparing with the</li> </ul> </li> </ul>

S. No. and for the economy globally, and at the date of the unconsolidated financial statements its effects are subject to uncertainties.

Management prepared a financial and liquidity risk analysis addressing amongst others future compliances with financing conditions as well as financing and cash requirements to ensure continuation of the Company's operations. historical performance and market expectations;

- discussion of the most recent forecast with management to understand their views on going concern and the potential impact of COVID-19, on the Company;
- evaluation of the assumptions in respect of projected available future cash flows from operating, financing and investing activities and projected key ratios for covenant calculations;
- inspection of supporting documentation such as contracts and underlying calculations and correspondence with financing and other relevant parties;
- evaluation of the Company's assessment of other accounting estimates within the unconsolidated financial statements which could be impacted by the challenging economic environment resulting from COVID-19, including trade receivables and inventory provisioning; and
- consideration of the appropriateness of the disclosures made in the unconsolidated financial statements in respect of the potential impact of COVID-19.

3 Property, Plant and Equipment

As disclosed in note 6.1 and 6.4 to the unconsolidated financial statements, the Company has incurred substantial amount of capital expenditure of Rs. 552.03 million and Rs. 303.58 million in CWIP during the year for enhancement of production and operating capacity.

We focused on capital expenditure incurred during the year as this represents a significant transaction for the year and involves certain judgemental areas, such as capitalization of elements of eligible components of cost as per the applicable financial reporting standards, therefore, we have identified this as a key audit matter. Our audit procedures to assess the capitalization of property, plant and equipment, amongst others, included the following:

- understanding of the design and implementation of management controls over capitalization and testing control over authorization of capital expenditure and accuracy of its recording in the system and impaling policies consistently
- testing, on sample basis, the costs incurred on various items with supporting documentation and contracts;
- assessing the nature of costs incurred for the capital projects through testing, on sample basis, of amounts recorded and considering whether the expenditure meets the criteria for capitalization as per the applicable accounting standards; and
- physical verification of the Additions in fixed assets on sample basis and reviewed the relevant contracts and

		documents supporting various components of the capitalised cost.  • inspecting supporting documents for the date of capitalization when project was ready for its intended use to assess whether depreciation commenced and further capitalization of costs ceased from that date and assessing the useful life assigned by management including testing the calculation of related depreciation.
4.	Long term investment:  Refer to note 9 of the unconsolidated financial statements, the Company has acquired 69% ownership in Sunridge Foods (Private) Limited,  We focused on the investment made during the year as this represents a significant event occurred during the year.	Our audit procedures included the following:  • understanding the design and implementation of management controls and testing control over investment made and accuracy of its recording in the system and impaling policies consistently;  • verifying the consideration paid and inspecting supporting documents and contracts and approval at appropriate level; and  • assessing the adequacy of the disclosures made in respect of the details of investments held by the Company at the year end.
5.	As disclosed in note 11 to the accompanying unconsolidated financial statements, the stock in trade balance has been substantially increased and constitutes 27 % of total assets of the Company. The cost of raw material, work in process, and finished goods is determined at weighted average cost including a proportion of production overheads.  We focused on stock in trade as it is a significant portion of Company's total assets and it requires management judgement in determining an appropriate costing basis and assessing its total cost.	We performed a range of audit procedures with respect to inventory items including:  • physical observation of inventory counts;  • testing valuation methods and their appropriateness in accordance with the applicable accounting standards;  • testing the calculations of per unit cost of finished goods, and work in process and assessing the appropriateness of management's basis for the allocation of cost and production overheads; and  • assessment of the adequacy of the disclosures made in respect of the accounting policies and the details of inventory balances held by the Company at the year end.
6.	Trade Debts  Refer to note 12 to the unconsolidated financial statements.  As at 30 June 2020, the Company's gross trade debtors were Rs. 7,781.857 million  We identified recoverability of trade debts as a key audit matter as it involves significant management judgement in determining the recoverable amount of trade debts.	Our audit procedures to assess the valuation of trade debts, amongst others, included the following:  • obtaining an understanding of and assessing the design and implementation of management's key internal controls relating to credit control process (including credit account application approvals and credit limit review), debt collections process and making allowance for ECLs.;

o testing the accuracy of trade receivable aging report, on a sample basis, by comparing individual balances in the report with underlying documentation to ensure the balances appearing in the ageing report were classified within appropriate ageing bracket; circularizing direct confirmation to debtors on sample basis o assessing the historical accuracy of Credit loss if any under IFRS 9 by examining the utilization or release of previously recorded provisions for doubtful debts. 7. Sales Our audit procedures to assess recognition of sales, amongst others, included the following: Refer to note 5.19 and 24 to the unconsolidated financial statements which obtaining an understanding of the process shows that revenue of the company relating to recording of sales and testing the design, implementation and operating substantially increased. effectiveness of key internal controls over The Company recognized revenue of Rs. recording of revenue; 29,872.020 million from the sale of goods to domestic as well as export customers during assessing the appropriateness of the the year ended 30 June 2020 as compared to Company's accounting policies for recording Rs. 14,097.237 million previous year. of sales and compliance of those policies with applicable accounting standards; We identified recognition of sales as a key audit matter because sales is one of the key comparing a sample of sale transactions performance indicators of the Company and recorded during the year with sales orders, gives rise to a risk that revenue is recognized sales invoices, delivery challans and other without transferring the risk and rewards relevant underlying documents; comparing a sample of sale transactions recorded around the year with the sales orders, sales invoices, delivery challans and other relevant underlying documentation to assess if the sale was recorded in the appropriate accounting period; comparing, on a sample basis, specific sale transactions recorded just before and just after the financial year end date to determine whether the revenue had been recognized in the appropriate financial period; and scanning for any manual journal entries relating to sales raised during the year which were considered to be material or met other specific risk based criteria for inspecting underlying documentation

8. Borrowings and finance costs

Refer notes 21 and 30 to the unconsolidated financial statements.

The Company has obtained a range of financing facilities from different financial institutions with varying terms and tenure and incurred substantial cost.

This was considered to be a key audit matter as these affects Company's gearing, liquidity and solvency. Further, compliance with debt covenants is a key requirement of these financing arrangements.

Our audit procedures included the following:

- assessing the design and operating effectiveness of the Company's internal controls over recording the terms and conditions of borrowings from financial institutions, including their classification as either current or non-current and associated costs;
- obtaining confirmations of borrowings as at 30 June 2020 directly from the financial institutions:
- testing the calculation of mark-up recognized as both an expense and capitalized during the year to assess whether these were accounted for in accordance with approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan and
- assessing the adequacy of the Company's compliance with the loan covenants and the disclosure in the unconsolidated financial statements.

9. The Company's exposure to litigation risk

On 24 May 2018 the Company and the former directors received a notice from Habib Bank Limited relating to Suo Moto Notice of Supreme Court on Loan write off pertaining to the period 2007. The former management on their own behalf and on behalf of the Company have filed a statement on June 5, 2018 through their legal counsel whereby they have explained that the due amounts were paid by the then management to National bank of Pakistan and Habib Bank Limited. The case is yet to be decided. The current management believes that no liability or payment accrues against the Company. Accordingly, no provisioning has been provided in these unconsolidated financial statements.

Due to the uncertainty involved in the outcome of this case we have identified this as key audit matter.

Our procedures in relation to this matter included:

- Obtaining and reviewing details of the significant pending legal case and discussed the same with Company's management;
- Circulation of confirmations to the company's external legal counsel for their views on open legal/tax matters;
- Reviewing correspondence of the company with the relevant authorities;
- Evaluation of rationale provided by the company and opinion of the external legal counsel
- Reviewing the disclosures made in the unconsolidated financial statements in respect of such contingencies.

Information Other than the unconsolidated financial statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in annual report, but does not include the unconsolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the unconsolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the unconsolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the unconsolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management and Board of Directors for the unconsolidated financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the unconsolidated financial statements in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan and the requirements of Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017) and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of unconsolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the unconsolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Board of directors are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the unconsolidated financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the unconsolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these unconsolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the unconsolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.

- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the unconsolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the unconsolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the unconsolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the board of directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the board of directors with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with the board of directors, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the unconsolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

Based on our audit, we further report that in our opinion:

- a) proper books of account have been kept by the Company as required by the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017);
- b) the statement of financial position, the statement of profit or loss, the statement of comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows together with the notes thereon have been drawn up in conformity with the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017) and are in agreement with the books of account and returns;
- c) investments made, expenditure incurred and guarantees extended during the year were for the purpose of the Company's business;
- d) zakat deductible at source under the Zakat and Ushr Ordinance, 1980 (XVIII of 1980), was deducted by the company and deposited in the Central Zakat Fund established under section 7 of that Ordinance; and

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Mr. Ahsan Elahi Vohra.

**Chartered Accountants** 

Karachi:

Date: September 30, 2020

Naveed Zafar Ashfag, Juffery E 6.

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Unity Foods Limited Unconsolidated Statement of Financial Position As at June 30, 2020

715 de Julie 00, 2020	Note	2020	2019
ASSETS		(Rupees)	
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	6	3,330,924,966	3,081,521,152
Right-of-use assets	7	88,807,491	-
Intangible assets	8	10,912,981	8,654,440
Long term investment	9	366,541,770	
Deferred tax asset	10	19,150,507	4,072,001
Current assets		3,816,337,715	3,094,247,593
Stock-in-trade	11	5,048,540,001	3,201,229,920
Stores and spares	11	64,470,283	30,913,536
Trade debts	12	7,765,666,856	3,063,574,186
Advances, deposits and prepayments	13	91,306,367	30,920,000
Other receivables	10	9,753,965	1,050,000
Sales tax receivable		-	292,485,386
Taxation - net of provision		1,983,954,200	711,161,726
Cash and bank balances	14	163,360,179	40,043,834
		15,127,051,851	7,371,378,588
Total assets		18,943,389,566	10,465,626,181
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Share capital and reserves			
Share capital	15	5,440,500,000	5,440,500,000
Unappropriated profit		409,190,974	253,967,178
Non-current liabilities		5,849,690,974	5,694,467,178
Long term loan	16	127,888,256	_
Lease liabilities	17	82,789,524	_
Deferred government grant	18	5,974,419	_
		216,652,199	-
Current liabilities			
Current portion of long term loan	16	51,023,399	_
Current portion of lease liabilities	17	16,765,785	-
Current portion of deferred government grant	18	11,136,710	-
Trade and other payables	19	8,838,121,773	1,983,666,956
Accrued mark-up	20	65,799,695	39,065,955
Short term borrowings	21	3,892,256,023	2,567,371,277
Unclaimed dividend		747,612	1,188,311
Sales tax payable	00	1,195,396	170 000 504
Loan from related party	22	19 077 040 202	179,866,504
Contingencies and commitments	23	12,877,046,393	4,771,159,003
Total equity and liabilities	-	18,943,389,566	10,465,626,181

The annexed notes from 1 to 44 form an integral part of these unconsolidated financial statements.

After

Chairman Abdul Majeed Ghaziani



Chief Financial Officer Jalees Edhi





Unity Foods Limited Unconsolidated Statement of Profit or Loss For the year ended June 30, 2020

101 the year endeavane 00, 2020	Note	2020	2019
		(Ru	pees)
Net sales Cost of sales Gross profit	24 25	$ \begin{array}{r} 29,872,020,642 \\ (27,842,732,989) \\ \hline 2,029,287,653 \end{array} $	14,097,237,284 (12,820,034,064) 1,277,203,220
Selling and distribution expenses Administrative expenses Other operating expenses	26 27 28	(690,610,361) (219,731,575) (387,940,582) (1,298,282,518)	(356,770,812) (180,660,926) (177,992,759) (715,424,497)
Other income Profit before interest and taxation	29	8,533,876 739,539,011	1,150,457 562,929,180
Finance cost Profit before taxation	30	<u>(544,988,721)</u> 194,550,290	<u>(288,207,562)</u> <u>274,721,618</u>
Taxation Current Deferred	31	15,078,506 15,078,506	(19,647,098) (19,647,098)
Profit after taxation		209,628,796	255,074,520
Basic and diluted earning per share	32	0.39	1.03

The annexed notes from 1 to 44 form an integral part of these unconsolidated financial statements.











Unity Foods Limited Unconsolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income For the year ended June 30, 2020

Other comprehensive income -	For the year ended June 30, 2020	2020	2019
Other comprehensive income -		(Ru	pees)
<u> </u>	Profit after taxation	209,628,796	255,074,520
Total comprehensive income for the year 209,628,796 255,074,5	Other comprehensive income	-	-
<u> </u>	Total comprehensive income for the year	209,628,796	255,074,520

The annexed notes from 1 to 44 form an integral part of these unconsolidated financial statements.











Unity Foods Limited Unconsolidated Statement of Changes in Equity For the year ended June 30, 2020

	Share capital	Unappropriated profit	Total
		(Rupees)	
Balance as at July 01, 2018	1,690,500,000	83,417,658	1,773,917,658
Final dividend at 5% for the year ended June 30, 2018	-	(84,525,000)	(84,525,000)
Transactions with owners Issuance of right shares	3,750,000,000	<u>-</u>	3,750,000,000
Profit after taxation	-	255,074,520	255,074,520
Other comprehensive income	-	_	_
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	255,074,520	255,074,520
Balance as at June 30, 2019	5,440,500,000	253,967,178	5,694,467,178
Final dividend at 1% for the year ended June 30, 2019	-	(54,405,000)	(54,405,000)
Profit after taxation	-	209,628,796	209,628,796
Other comprehensive income	-	-	-
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	209,628,796	209,628,796
Balance as at June 30, 2020	5,440,500,000	409,190,974	5,849,690,974

The annexed notes from 1 to 44 form an integral part of these unconsolidated financial statements.



Chief Executive Muhammad Farrukh







Unity Foods Limited Unconsolidated Statement of Cash Flows For the year ended June 30, 2020

	Note	2020	2019
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		(Rupees)	
Cash generated from/ (used in) operating activities	33	1,866,883,216	(1,964,455,805)
Taxes paid Net cash generated from/ (used in) operating activities		$\frac{(1,272,792,474)}{594,090,742}$	$\frac{(614,518,215)}{(2,578,974,020)}$
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Purchase of property, plant and equipment Purchase of intangible assets Investment in subsidiary (Payment)/ recovery of long term deposits Net cash used in investing activities		(855,606,536) (4,505,008) (366,541,770) (1,226,653,314)	(2,501,687,557) (4,375,763) - 25,000 (2,506,038,320)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Proceeds from short term borrowings - net Proceeds from long term loan Rental paid against right-of-use assets Loan returned to related party - net Dividend paid Finance cost paid Proceeds from issue of right shares Net cash generated from financing activities		1,250,974,520 196,022,784 (27,237,381) (179,866,504) (54,405,000) (503,519,728)	1,616,731,099 - (84,525,000) (258,691,294) 3,750,000,000 5,023,514,805
Net increase/ (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		49,406,119	(61,497,535)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year		(151,539,093)	(90,041,558)
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	33.1	(102,132,974)	(151,539,093)

The annexed notes from 1 to 44 form an integral part of these unconsolidated financial statements.











### **Unity Foods Limited** Notes to the Unconsolidated Financial Statements For the year ended June 30, 2020

#### LEGAL STATUS AND OPERATIONS 1.

Unity Foods Limited ("the Company") was incorporated in Pakistan in 1991 as a Private Limited Company under the Companies Ordinance, 1984 (now the Companies Act, 2017) and subsequently converted into a Public Limited Company on June 16, 1991. Shares of the Company are listed in Pakistan Stock Exchange since February 1.1 01, 1994. The principal business activity of the Company has been changed from yarn manufacturing to edible oil extraction, refining and related businesses.

1.2 Geographical locations and addresses of business units including plants of the Company are as under:

**Address Purpose** 

Karachi

- Unity Tower, Plot No. 8-C, Block-6, P.E.C.H.S. - Plot No. E-32, SITE Area.

- Plot No. A-48, Eastern Industrial Zone, Port Qasim

- Plot No. A-55 and A-56, Eastern Industrial Zone,

Port Qasim

Registered Office of the company Oil Refinery Oil Refinery

Feed Mill

Kotri, District Hyderabad Plot No. N-27-B, SITE Area.

**Edible Oil Extraction Plant and Pellitising Mills** 

#### **Impact of COVID-19** 1.3

The rapid spread of COVID-19 pandemic all across the world, has not only endangered human lives but has also adversely impacted the global economy. This situation posed a range of business and financial challenges to the businesses globally and across various sectors of the economy in Pakistan. On March 20, 2020, the Government of Sindh announced a temporary lock down as a measure to reduce the spread of the COVID-19 however this excluded the companies involved in the business of necessary consumer supplies in which the Company operates.

In line with the directives of the Government and after implementing all necessary Standard Operating Procedures (SOPs) to ensure safety of employees, the Company continued its operations during the lock down and took all necessary steps to ensure smooth and adequate continuation of its business in order to maintain business performance despite slowed down economic activity. The lock down has caused disruptions in supply chain including supply of goods to the customers. The management of the Company has assessed the accounting implications of these developments on unconsolidated financial statements, including but not limited to the following areas:

- Expected credit losses under IFRS 9, "Financial Instruments;"
   Impairment of tangible and intangible assets under IAS 36, "Impairment of non-financial assets;"
   Net realisable value of inventory under IAS 2, "Inventories;"
   Deferred tax assets in accordance with IAS 12, "Income taxes;"
   Provisions and contigent liabilities under IAS 37, "Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets" including onerous contracts; and
- Going concern assumption used for the preparation of these unconsolidated financial statements under IAS 1, "Presentation of financial statements".

According to management's assessment, there is no significant accounting impact of the effects of COVID-19 in these unconsolidated financial statements.

#### SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT TRANSACTIONS AND EVENTS OCCURRED DURING THE YEAR 2

During the period, the Company has acquired 69% ownership in Sunridge Foods (Private) Limited ("the Subsidiary") which was incorporated in Pakistan as a private limited company on March 16, 2015 under the Companies Ordinance, 1984 (now the Companies Act, 2017) having its registered office located at 4th Floor, 73-C, Jami Commercial, Street No. 8 DHA Phase VII, Karachi. The principle activity of the Subsidary is processing of food items.

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### 3 STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

These unconsolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan. These accounting and reporting standards comprise of:

- International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) issued by the International Accounting Standard Boards (IASB) as notified under the Companies Act, 2017; and
- Provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017.

Where the provisions of and the directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017 differ with the requirements of IFRS, the provisions of and the directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017 have been followed.

### 4 ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES

The preparation of these unconsolidated financial statements in conformity with accounting and reporting standards, as applicable in Pakistan, requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of the accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis of making the judgments about the carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates underlying the assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods. Information about the judgments made by the management in the application of the accounting policies, that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognized in these financial statements, assumptions and estimation uncertainties with significant risk of material adjustment to the carrying amount of asset and liabilities in the next year are described in the following notes:

- Property, plant and equipment and depreciation (refer note 5.4)
- Right-of-use assets (refer note 5.6)
- Intangible assets and amortization (refer note 5.7)
- Stock-in-trade (refer note 5.9)
- Lease liabilities (refer note 5.15)
- Government grant (refer note 5.17)
- Provisions (refer note 5.18)
- Taxation (refer note 5.21)
- Contingent liabilities (refer note 5.22)
- Impairment (refer note 5.25)

### 5 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The principal accounting policies applied in the presentation of these unconsolidated financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented except as disclosed in note 5.6, 5.15, 5.16 and 5.17 to these unconsolidated financial statements.

### 5.1 Accounting convention

These unconsolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention except otherwise stated.

### 5.2 Basis of preparation

These unconsolidated financial statements have been prepared following accrual basis of accounting except for the unconsloidated statement of cash flows and other cash flow information.



- 5 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)
- 5.3 Change in accounting standards, interpretations and amendments to accounting and reporting standards
- 5.3.1 New standards, amendments and interpretations to accounting and reporting standard which were effective during the year:

### 5.3.1.1 IFRS 16 - Leases

During the year, the Company has adopted IFRS 16 "Leases" which became applicable on July 1, 2019. IFRS 16 superseded IAS 17 "Leases", IFRIC 4 "Determining whether an Arrangement contains a Lease", SIC-15 "Operating Leases-Incentives" and SIC-27 "Evaluating the Substance of Transactions Involving the Legal Form of a Lease". IFRS 16 sets out the principles for the recognition, measurement, presentation and disclosure of leases and requires lessees to recognise most leases in the statement of financial position.

Lessor accounting under IFRS 16 is substantially unchanged from IAS 17. Lessors will continue to classify leases as either operating or finance leases using similar principles as in IAS 17.

The Company has adopted IFRS 16 from July 1, 2019 using the modified retrospective restatement approach and has not restated comparative amounts for the year ended June 30, 2019, as permitted under the specific transitional provisions in the standard.

In applying the standard, the Company has recognized lease liability at the date of initial application as present value of remaining lease payments and a right-of-use asset equal to the lease liability, adjusted by the amount of prepaid or accrued lease payments previously recognized. The present value has been determined using a single discount rate for portfolio of leases exhibiting similar characteristics based on practical expedient provided in the standard.

The impact of adoption of IFRS 16 as at July 01, 2019 is summarised below:

Assets	(Rupees)
Right-of-use assets	114,849,434
Prepayment	(2,792,000)
	112,057,434
Liabilities	
Lease liabilities	<u>112,057,434</u>

The impact of adoption of IFRS 16 on the unconsolidated statement of profit or loss for the year ended June 30, 2020 is summarized below:

	(=: == == == == == = = = = = = = = = = =
Decrease in rent, rate and taxes	27,237,381
Increase in depreciation expense	(23,249,943)
Increase in finance costs	(14,735,253)
	(10,747,815)

Reconciliation of operating lease commitment to lease obligation as on July 01, 2019 is summarised as below:

	(Rupees)
Operating lease commitments as at June 30, 2019	96,883,235
Impact of discounting	15,174,199
Total lease liability at July 01, 2019	112,057,434

Incremental borrowing rate as at July 01, 2019

14.13%

----(Rupees)-----

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**Effective Date** 

January 1, 2020

- 5 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)
- 5.3 Change in accounting standards, interpretations and amendments to accounting and reporting standards (continued)
- 5.3.2 Standards, interpretations and amendments to published approved accounting standards that are not yet effective:

The following International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) as notified under the Companies Act, 2017 and the amendments and interpretations thereto will be effective for accounting periods beginning on or after July 01, 2020:

Stariation of Interpr	- Cutton	Zarective Bute
IFRS 3	Definition of a Business (Amendments)	January 1, 2020
IFRS 10 and IAS 28		v
	and Joint Ventures - Sale or Contribution of Assets between an	
	Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture (Amendment)	Not yet finalized
IFRS 4	Insurance Contracts – Applying IFRS 9 Financial Instruments	
	(Amendment)	January 1, 2021
IFRS 17	Insurance Contracts	January 1, 2021
IAS 1 and IAS 8	Definition of Material (Amendments)	January 1, 2020
IFRS 9, IAS 39		
and IFRS 7	Interest Rate Benchmark Reform (Amendments)	January 1, 2020

The above standards and amendments are not expected to have any material impact on the Company's unconsolidated financial statements in the period of initial application.

Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-Current (Amendments)

In addition to the above, standards, amendments and improvements to various IFRS have also been issued by the IASB in December 2017. Such improvements are generally effective for accounting periods beginning on or after January 01, 2019 respectively. The Company expects that such improvements to the standards will not have any material impact on the Company's unconsolidated financial statements in the period of initial application.

5.3.3 Annual Improvements to IFRS 2019-2020:

Standard or Interpretation

IAS 1

Standard or I	nterpretation	Effective Date
IFRS 9	Financial Instruments - Fees in the '10 percent' test for the derecognition of financial liabilities	January 1, 2022
IAS 41	Agriculture – Taxation in the fair value measurement	January 1, 2022

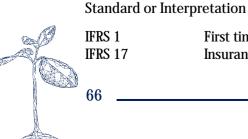
The IASB has also issued the revised Conceptual Framework for Financial Reporting (the Conceptual Framework) in March 2018 which is effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 01, 2020 for preparers of financial statements who develop accounting policies based on the Conceptual Framework. The revised Conceptual Framework is not a standard, and none of the concepts override those in any standard or any requirements in a standard. The purpose of the Conceptual Framework is to assist IASB in developing standards, to help preparers develop consistent accounting policies if there is no applicable standard in place and to assist all parties to understand and interpret the standards.

Further, following new standards have been issued by IASB which are yet to be notified by the SECP for the purpose of applicability in Pakistan.

IFRS 1	First time adoption of IFRS	January 1, 2004
IFRS 17	Insurance contracts	January 1, 2023

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**Effective Date** 





# 5.4 Property, plant and equipment and depreciation

# Initial recognition

The cost of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognized as an asset if it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Company and the cost of such item can be measured reliably.

Recognition of the cost in the carrying amount of an item of plant and equipment ceases when the item is in the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by the management.

#### Measurement

Property, plant and equipment (except land) are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, if any. The costs of Property, plant and equipment include:

- a) Its purchase price including import duties, non-refundable purchase taxes after deducting trade discounts and rebates; and
- b) Any other costs directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.
- c) Borrowing costs, if any.

  When parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, they are accounted for as separate items (major components) of property, plant and equipment.

# Subsequent expenditure

Expenditure incurred to replace a significant component of an item of plant and equipment is capitalized and the asset so replaced is retired. Other subsequent expenditure is capitalized only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Company and the cost of the items can be measured reliably. All other expenditure (including repairs and normal maintenance) is charged in the unconsolidated statement of profit or loss as an expense when it is incurred.

# Depreciation

Depreciation on all items except for land is charged on straight line method at the rates specified in respective note to these unconsolidated financial statements and is generally charged in the unconsolidated statement of profit or loss.

Depreciation on addition is charged from the month the asset is available for use up to the month prior to disposal.

Depreciation methods, useful lives and residual values of each part of property, plant and equipment that is significant in relation to the total cost of the asset are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each financial year end.

# Gain or loss on disposal

Gain and loss on disposal of assets are charged in the unconsolidated statement of profit and loss, and the related revaluation surplus on property, plant and equipment, if any, is transferred directly to retained earnings.

# 5.5 Capital work-in-progress

Capital work-in-progress is stated at cost less impairment loss, if any and consists of expenditure incurred (including any borrowing cost, if applicable) and advances made in the course of their construction and installation. Transfers are made to relevant class of assets as and when assets are available for intended use.

#### 5.6 Right-of-use assets

Effective from July 01, 2019, the Company recognises right-of-use assets at the commencement date of the lease (i.e., the date, the underlying asset is available for use). Right-of-use assets are measured at cost, less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, and adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities.

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# 5.6 Right-of-use assets (continued)

The cost of right-of-use assets includes the amount of lease liabilities recognised, initial direct costs incurred, and lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received. Right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the lease term and the estimated useful lives of the assets, as disclosed in note 7 to these unconsolidated financial statements.

If ownership of the leased asset is transferred to the Company at the end of the lease term or the cost reflects the exercise of a purchase option, depreciation is calculated using the estimated useful life of the asset.

# 5.7 Intangible assets and amortization

Intangible assets are stated at cost less accumulated amortization and impairment losses, if any.

Subsequent expenditure on capitalized intangible assets is capitalized only when it increases the future economic benefits embodied in the specific assets to which it relates. All other expenditure are charged in the unconsolidated statement of profit or loss as incurred.

Amortization is charged in the unconsolidated statement of profit and loss on a straight line basis over the estimated useful lives of intangible assets unless such lives are indefinite. Amortization on additions to intangible assets is charged from the month in which an item is acquired or capitalized while no amortization is charged for the month in which the item is disposed off.

#### 5.8 Trade debts, advances and other receivables

Trade debts, advances and other receivables are recognized initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortized cost, as the case may be, less provision for impairment, if any. A provision for impairment is established when there is an objective evidence that the Company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of receivables. Receivables considered irrecoverable are written-off.

# 5.9 Stock-in-trade

Stock-in-trade and stock-in-transit is stated at the lower of cost less impairment loss if any or net realizable value. Cost is arrived at on a weighted average basis. Cost of work-in-process and finished goods include cost of materials and appropriate portion of production overheads. Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less costs of completion and selling expenses. Scrap stocks and by-products are valued at their estimated net realizable value.

# 5.10 Stores and spares

Stores and spares are stated at cost less provision for slow moving and obsolete items. Cost is determined by using the weighted average method. Items in transit are valued at cost comprising invoice value plus other charges incurred thereon.

# 5.11 Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of presentation in the unconsolidated statement of cash flow, cash and cash equivalents includes cash in hand, balances with banks and short term borrowings (running finance) availed by the Company, which are repayable on demand and form an integral part of the Company's cash management.

#### 5.12 Trade and other payables

Trade and other payables are recognized initially at fair value plus directly attributable costs, if any, and subsequently measured at amortized costs.

# 5.13 Off-setting of financial assets and financial liabilities

Financial assets and financial liabilities are off-set and the net amount is reported in these unconsolidated financial statements only when the Company has currently legally enforceable right to set-off the recognized amounts and the Group intends either to settle on a net basis or to realize the assets and to settle the liabilities simultaneously. The legally enforceable right must not be contingent on future events and must be enforceable in normal course of business and in the event of default, insolvency or winding up of the Company or the counter parties.



# 5.14 Foreign currency translation

Transactions in foreign currencies are converted into functional currency "Rupees" at the rates of exchange prevailing on the dates of transactions. Monetary assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into functional currency at the rates of exchange prevailing at the date of the statement of financial position. Exchange gain or loss are charged in the unconsolidated statement of profit and loss.

#### 5.15 Lease liabilities

The Company assesses at contract inception whether a contract is, or contains, a lease. That is, if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

The Company applies a single recognition and measurement approach for all leases, except for short-term leases and leases of low-value assets. The Company recognises lease liabilities to make lease payments and right-of use assets representing the right to use the underlying assets.

At the commencement date of the lease, the Company recognises lease liabilities measured at the present value of lease payments to be made over the lease term. The lease payments include fixed payments (including in substance fixed payments) less any lease incentives receivable, variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, and amounts expected to be paid under residual value guarantees. The lease payments also include the exercise price of a purchase option reasonably certain to be exercised by the Company and payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the termination option is reasonably certain to be exercised. Variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or a rate are recognised as expenses (unless they are incurred to produce inventories) in the period in which the event or condition that triggers the payment occurs. In calculating the present value of lease payments at the lease commencement date, the Company uses the interest rate implicit in the lease. In case where the interest rate implicit in the lease is not readily determinable, the Company uses its incremental borrowing rate. After the commencement date, the amount of lease liabilities is increased to reflect the accretion of interest and reduced for the lease payments made. In addition, the carrying amount of lease liabilities is remeasured if there is a modification, a change in the lease term, a change in the lease payments or a change in the assessment of an option to purchase the underlying asset.

#### 5.16 Short-term leases and leases of low-value assets

The Company applies the short-term lease recognition exemption to its short-term leases of regional sales offices and warehouses, (i.e., those leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less from the commencement date and do not contain a purchase option). It also applies the lease of low-value assets recognition exemption to leases that are considered to be low value. Lease payments on short-term leases and leases of low-value assets are recognised as expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

#### 5.17 Government grant

Government grants are recognised where there is reasonable assurance that the grant will be received and all attached conditions will be complied with. When the grant relates to income, it is recognised as income on a systematic basis over the periods that the related costs, for which it is intended to compensate, are expensed out.

#### 5.18 Provisions

A provision is recognised in unconsolidated the statement of financial position when the Company has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of a past event, and it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of obligation. Provisions are measured at the present value of expected expenditure, discounted at a pre-tax rate, reflects current market assessment of the time value of money and the risk specific to the obligation. However, provisions are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect current best estimate.

# 5.19 Revenue recognition

- Domestic sales are recognised as revenue when invoiced with the transfer of significant risks and rewards of ownership, which coincides with delivery.

 Export sales are recognised as revenue when invoiced with the transfer of significant risks and rewards of ownership, which coincides either with date of shipping bill or upon delivery to customer or its representative, based on terms of arrangement.

- Toll manufacturing / partial manufacturing income is recognised when related services are rendered.





# 5.20 Income on bank deposits and finance cost

The Company's finance income is included in other income and interest expense is included in finance cost. Interest income or expense is charged using the effective interest method.

#### 5.21 Taxation

Income tax expense comprises current and deferred tax. Income tax expense is charged in the unconsolidated statement of profit and loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognized directly in equity or in other comprehensive income, in which case it is recognized in equity or in other comprehensive income respectively. In making the estimates for income taxes currently payable by the Company, the management considers the current income tax law and the decisions of appellate authorities on certain issues in the past.

#### Current

Current tax is the expected tax payable or receivable on the taxable income or loss for the year, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date, and any adjustment to tax payable or receivable in respect of previous years.

Provisions for current taxation is based on taxability of certain income streams of the Company under presumptive / final tax regime at the applicable tax rates and remaining income streams chargeable at current rate of taxation under the normal tax regime and / or minimum tax liability or alternate corporate tax as applicable, after taking into account tax credits and tax rebates available, if any.

#### **Deferred**

Deferred tax is recognized using balance sheet asset/ liability method, providing for deductible/ temporary difference between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for taxation purposes. The amount of deferred tax provided is based on the expected manner of realization or settlement of the carrying amount of assets and liabilities, using the tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the date of the unconsolidated statement of financial position.

The Company recognises a deferred tax asset to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits for the foreseeable future will be available against which the assets can be utilised. Deferred tax assets are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realised.

# 5.22 Contingent liabilities

A contingent liability is disclosed when the Company has a possible obligation as a result of past events, whose existence will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence, of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Company; or the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation that arises from past events, but it is not probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation, or the amount of the obligation cannot be measured with sufficient reliability.

#### 5.23 Financial Instruments

# (a) Classification and initial measurement

The Company classifies its financial assets in to following three categories;

- Fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI)
- Fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL); and
- Measured at amoritzed cost.
  - The following assessments have been made on the basis of the facts and circumstances that existed at the date of initial application:
- The determination of business model within which a financial asset is held; and
- The designation and revocation of previous designation of certain financial assets as measured at FVTPL.





# 5.23 Financial Instruments (continued)

#### Financial assets at FVOCI

A debt investment is measured at FVOCI if it meets both of the following conditions and is not designated as at FVTPL:

- It is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets; and
- Its contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

# Financial assets at FVTPL

All financial assets not classified as measured at amortized cost or FVOCI as described above are measured at FVTPL. On initial recognition, the Company may irrecovably designate a financial asset that otherwise meets the requirements to be measured at amortized cost or at FVOCI or at FVTPL if doing so eliminates or significantly reduces an accounting mismatch that would otherwise arise.

A financial asset is initially measured at fair value plus, for an item not at FVTPL, transaction costs that are directly attributable to its acquisition.

Financial assets measured at amortized cost

A financial asset is measured at amortized cost if it meets both of the following conditions and is not designated as at fair value through profit or loss:

- It is held within business model whose objective is to hold assets to collect contractual cash flows; and
- Its contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on principal amount outstanding.

For assets measured at fair value, gain or loss will either be recorded in the unconsildated statement of profit or loss or other comprehensive income. For investments in equity instruments that are not held for trading, this will depend on whether the Company has made an irrevocable election at the time of initial recognition to account for the equity investment at FVOCI.

# (b) Subsequent measurement

# Financial assets at FVOCI

These assets are measured at fair value, with gain or loss arising from changes in fair value recognized in the unconsolidated statement of other comprehensive income.

# Financial assets at FVTPL

These assets are subsequently measured at fair value. Net gain or loss, including any interest/ mark-up or dividend income, are recognized in the unconsolidated statement of profit or loss.

#### Financial assets measured at amortized cost

These assets are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. The amortized cost is reduced by impairment losses. Interest/ mark-up income, foreign exchange gain or loss and impairment are recognized in the unconsolidated statement of profit or loss.





# 5.23 Financial Instruments (continued)

# (c) Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are classified as "measured at amortized cost" or "measured at fair value through profit or loss". A financial liability is classified as at FVTPL if it is classified as held for trading, it is a derivative or it is designated as such on initial recognition. Financial liabilities at FVTPL are measured at fair value and net gain or loss, including any interest expense, are recognized in the unconsolidated statement of profit or loss. Financial liabilities are derecognized when the contractual obligations are discharged or cancelled or have expired or when the financial liability's cash flows have been subsequently modified.

# 5.24 Off-setting

Financial assets and liabilities are off-set and the net amount is reported in the unconsolidated financial statements only when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognized amount and the Company intends either to settle on a net basis or to realize the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

# 5.25 Impairment

# (a) Financial assets

The Company recognizes loss allowances for expected credit loss (ECL) in respect of financial assets measured at amortized cost.

The Company applies the simplified approach to recognize lifetime expected credit loss for trade debts. The Company assesses on a forward looking basis the expected credit loss associated with its financial assets.

The Company assesses whether the credit risk on a financial instrument has increased significantly since initial recognition. When making the assessment, the Company uses the change in the risk of a default occuring over the expected life of the financial instrument instead of the change in the amount of expected credit loss. To make the assessment, the Company compares the risk of a default occuring on the financial instrument as at the reporting date with the risk of a default occuring on the financial instrument as at the date of initial recognition and consider reasonable and supportable information, that is available without undue cost or effort, that is indicative of significant increases in credit risk since initial recognition.

Allowances for ECL financial assets measured at amortized cost are deducted from the gross carrying amount of the assets.

An entity shall directly reduce the gross carrying amount of a financial asset when the entity has no reasonable expectations of recovering a financial asset in its entirety or a portion thereof. A write-off constitutes a derecognition event of the Company.

# (b) Impairment of non-financial assets

The carrying amounts of the Company's non-financial assets, other than deferred tax assets and inventories are reviewed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If such indication exists, the asset's recoverable amount, being higher of value in use and fair value less costs to sell, is estimated. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. For the purpose of impairment testing, assets that cannot be tested individually are grouped together into the smallest group of assets that generates cash inflows from continuing use that are largely independent of the cash inflows of other assets or groups of assets. An impairment loss is recognised whenever the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount. Impairment loss are charged in the unconsolidated statement of profit or loss.



# 5.26 Proposed dividend and transfer between reserves

Dividend distributions to the Company's shareholders are recognized as a liability in the period in which dividends are approved. Transfer between reserves made subsequent to the reporting date is considered as a non-adjusting event and is recognized in the period in which such transfers are made.

# 5.27 Functional and presentation currency

These unconcolidated financial statements are presented in Pakistan Rupee, which is the Company's functional and presentation currency.

# 5.28 Earning per share

The Company presents earning per share (EPS) for its ordinary shares. EPS is calculated by dividing the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year.



# 6. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

2020 Note

2019

------(Rupees)------

2,302,995,148 778,526,004 2,733,661,828

Operating fixed assets Capital work-in-progress (CWIP)

3,081,521,152 597,263,138 3,330,924,966  $6.1 \\ 6.4$ 

6.1 Operating fixed assets

	COST			ACCIIMI	ACCITMITI ATED DEPRECIATION	NOIL	WRITTEN DOWN VALITE
	 1000			14100011	ייים איז	MICH	DO 1111 1111
As at July 01,	Additions/	As at June 30,	Depreciation	As at July 01,	Depreciation'	Depreciation' As at June 30,	As at June 30,
2019	transfers	2020	Rate	2019	for the year	2020	2020
	(Runees)		(%)		(Runges)	(səət	
	(coodnar)		(0/)		In.	(500)	
20,815,016	ı	20,815,016	ı	1	1	1	20,815,016
356,734,911	90,228,015	446,962,926		(13,498,807)	(17,229,474)	(30,728,281)	416,234,645
1,265,920,037	438,421,543	1,704,341,580	4%	(54,842,273)	(80, 786, 559)	(135,628,832)	1,568,712,748
			2%				
22,148,800	11,053,377	33,202,177	10% - $20%$	(3,401,051)	(5,469,306)	(8,870,357)	24,331,820
Computer and auxilliary equipment 9,176,245	813,678	9,989,923	25%	(2, 126, 362)	(2,435,983)	(4,562,345)	5,427,578
9,586,109	11,012,106	20,598,215	20%	(1,024,645)	(2,100,752)	(3,125,397)	17,472,818
702,591,053	200,000	703,091,053	1.12% - 1.14% (9,083,885)	(9,083,885)	(13,339,965)	(22,423,850)	680,667,203
2,386,972,171	552,028,719	2,939,000,890	ı II	(83,977,023)	(121,362,039)	(205,339,062)	2,733,661,828

		COST			ACCUMI	ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION	TION	WRITTEN DOWN VALUE
•	As at July 01, 2018	Additions/ transfers	As at June 30, 2019	Depreciation Rate	As at July 01, 2018	As at July 01, Depreciation' As at June 30, 2018 for the year 2019		As at June 30, 2019
Owned		(Rupees)		(%)	!	(Rupees)	nees)	
Free hold land	20,815,016	1	20,815,016	1	ı	1	1	20,815,016
Building on lease/ free hold land	226,427,683	130,307,228	356,734,911	4%	(3,929,609)	(9,569,198)	(13,498,807)	343,236,104
Plant and machinery	733,087,428	532,832,609	1,265,920,037	2%	(15, 215, 616)	(39,626,657)	(54,842,273)	1,211,077,764
Furniture, fixtures and office								
equipment	9,036,877	13,111,923	22,148,800	10% - $20%$	(295,532)	(3,105,519)	(3,401,051)	18,747,749
Computer and auxilliary equipment	t 3,870,847	5,305,398	9,176,245	25%	(292,970)	(1,833,392)	(2,126,362)	7,049,883
Vehicles	3,527,907	6,058,202	9,586,109	20%	(214,135)	(810,510)	(1,024,645)	8,561,464
Leased								
Lease hold land	424,591,053	278,000,000	702,591,053	1.12% - 1.14% $(2.773,806)$	(2,773,806)	(6,310,079)	(9,083,885)	693,507,168
	1,421,356,811	965,615,360	2,386,972,171	. '	(22, 721, 668)	(61,255,355)	(83,977,023)	2,302,995,148

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# PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (CONTINUED)

#### The depreciation charge for the year has been allocated as follows: 6.2

	Note	2020	2019
		(Ru	pees)
Cost of sales	25	113,186,239	55,099,967
Selling and distribution expenses	26	1,453,659	345,130
Administrative expenses	27	6,722,141	5,810,258
		121,362,039	61,255,355

# 6.3 Particulars of immovable property (i.e. land and building) in the name of the Company are as follows:

Particulars	Location	Total Area
Lease hold land (Manufacturing plant)	Plot # N27/B, N27/C & N-37/A, Site Area, Kotri, District Hyderabad.	38,429.60 Sq. Yd
Lease hold land (Under Construction)	Plot # N-25, Site Area, Kotri, District Hyderabad.	148,733.20 Sq. Yd
Lease hold land (Manufacturing plant)	Plot # A-48, Eastern Industrial Zone, Port Muhammad Bin Qasim, Karachi.	24,200.00 Sq. Yd
Office premises	Unity Tower Tower, 8-C, Shahrah-e-Faisal, P.E.C.H.S., Block-6, Karachi-75400 Pakistan.	600 Sq. Yd

6.4	Canital	work-in-progress	- at cost
0.4	Cabitai	MOLK-III-DLOSLESS	- at cost

Capital work-in-progress - at cost				
1 1 0	As at 1 July,	Additions /	Transfers /	As at 30 June,
	2019	Adjustments	Adjustments	2020
	2010	ŭ	· ·	
	-		-(Rupees)	
Lease hold land	500,000	-	(500,000)	-
Building on lease/ free hold land	229,516,386	273,285,404	(75,972,015)	426,829,775
Plant and machinery	534,485,312	29,654,373	(398, 536, 157)	165,603,528
Furniture, fixtures and office	4,305,917	638,040	(874,711)	4,069,246
equipment	, ,	,	, , ,	, ,
Vehicles	9,718,389	-	(8,957,800)	760,589
	778,526,004	303,577,817	(484,840,683)	597,263,138
	As at 1 July,	Additions /	Additions /	As at 30 June,
	2018	Adjustments	Adjustments	2019
	-		-(Rupees)	
			( <u>r</u>	
Lease hold land	500,000	278,000,000	(278,000,000)	500,000
Building on lease/ free hold land	20,128,266	326,780,249	(117, 392, 129)	229,516,386
Plant and machinery	102,557,438	917,267,642	(485, 339, 768)	534,485,312
Furniture, fixtures and office	, ,	, ,	, , , ,	, ,
equipment	-	4,305,917	_	4,305,917
Vehicles	_	9,718,389	_	9,718,389
Cincles	123,185,704	1,536,072,197	(880,731,897)	778,526,004
		1,000,012,101	(333,731,001)	





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		Note	2020	2019
7	RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS		(Rup	ees)
	Balance as at July 01 - (i.e. as at initial application) Impact of initial application of IFRS-16 Depreciation charged for the year Right-of-use assets (ROUA) as at June 30	7.1	112,057,434 (23,249,943) 88,807,491	- - - -
7.1	Depreciation for the year has been charged to:			
	Cost of sales Selling and distribution expenses	25 26	17,529,046 5,720,897	- -
8	INTANGIBLE ASSETS		23,249,943	<u>-</u>
	Cost			
	As at July, 01 Additions during the year As at June, 30		$\frac{10,276,432}{4,505,008}$ $14,781,440$	5,900,669 4,375,763 10,276,432
	Accumulated amortization			
	As at July, 01 Amortization charged during the year As at June, 30		$\frac{(1,621,992)}{(2,246,467)}$ $\overline{(3,868,459)}$	(196,689) (1,425,303) (1,621,992)
	Written down value as at June, 30		10,912,981	8,654,440
	Amortization rate (%)		20%	20%
9	LONG TERM INVESTMENT			
	Unquoted - at cost Subsidiary			
	Sunridge Foods (Private) Limited (69% holding) 36,654,177 ordinary shares (June 30, 2019: Nil) of Rs. 10 each	9.1	366,541,770	
9.1	On January 28, 2020, the Company acquired 69% voting s private limited company incorporated in Pakistan and is			
10	DEFERRED TAX		2020	2019
	Deferred tax asset in respect of:		(Rup	ees)
	Brought forward losses Exchange loss - unrealized Expected credit loss Lease liabilities		93,068,335 49,584,128 4,695,233 3,116,867	93,068,335
	Deferred tax liability in respect of:			
	Accelerated tax depreciation		(131,314,056)	(88,996,334)
	Deferred tax (liability)/ asset		19,150,507	4,072,001

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	— food for life! ————		2020	2019
11	STOCK-IN-TRADE		(Rup	ees)
	Raw and packing materials In hand In transit		531,096,144 3,443,996,938	1,027,341,898 403,477,410
	Traded / semi-finished goods In hand In transit		3,975,093,082 68,794,256 68,794,256	1,430,819,308 366,646,673 50,243,144 416,889,817
	Work-in-process		54,250,306	132,382,894
	Finished goods		950,402,357	1,221,137,901
	O .		5,048,540,001	3,201,229,920
11.1	Pledged as security			
10	As at June 30, 2020, Rs.1,075.37 million (2019: Rs.603.32 mas security for a Rs.1,425.37 million (2019: Rs.603.32 million)	million) of the C on) loan from va	ompany's raw mate arious banks.	erial was pledged
12	TRADE DEBTS	Note	2020 (Rup	2019
	Unsecured		( <b>Ru</b> p	oees)
	Considered good Considered doubtful		7,765,666,856 16,190,457	3,063,574,186
			7,781,857,313	3,063,574,186
	Allowance for expected credit loss		$\frac{(16,190,457)}{7,765,666,856}$	3,063,574,186
12.1	Related parties from whom trade debts are due are as und	ler:		
	Unity Feeds (Private) Limited	12.2 & 12.3	41,200,406	264,939,935
12.2	The maximum aggregate amount of receivable due from rewas Rs. 188.54 million (2019: Rs. 264.94 million).	lated parties at	the end of any mon	th during the year
12.3	The aging of the trade debts from related parties as at the	reporting date	is as under:	
		Note	2020 (Rup	2019 nees)
	Not yet due Past due 1- 60 days Total		16,486,774 24,713,632 41,200,406	$ \begin{array}{r} 148,366,364 \\ \underline{116,573,571} \\ \underline{264,939,935} \end{array} $
13	ADVANCES, DEPOSITS AND PREPAYMENTS			
	Advances - considered good To suppliers To employees Security deposits Prepayments	13.1 13.2	$\begin{array}{c} 62,312,380 \\ 2,426,979 \\ 9,603,752 \\ \underline{16,963,256} \\ 91,306,367 \end{array}$	3,143,458 4,112,358 14,820,089 8,844,095 30,920,000
13.1	These advances are non interest bearing.			

These security deposits pertain to utility connections and right-of-use assets.



13.2



		Note	2020	2019
14	CASH AND BANK BALANCES		(Rup	oees)
	Bank balances - conventional banking - In saving accounts - In current accounts	14.1	8,796,304 104,274,079 113,070,383	186,560 18,461,332 18,647,892
	Bank balances - islamic banking - In current accounts		48,717,508	20,655,225
	Cash in hand		1,572,288 163,360,179	740,717 40,043,834
14.1	Rate of return on saving accounts			
	Profit on saving accounts ranges from 6.50% to 11.50% (2019	: from 4.50%	% to 10.25%) per an	num.
15	SHARE CAPITAL	Note	2020	2019
	Authorized share capital		(Rup	ees)
	1,000,000,000 (2019: 1,000,000,000) ordinary shares of Rs. 10/- each		10,000,000,000	10,000,000,000
	Issued, subscribed and paid-up capital 544,050,000 (2019: 544,050,000) ordinary shares of Rs. 10/- each fully paid in cash.	15.1	5,440,500,000	5,440,500,000
15.1	As at June 30, 2020, Associated Company Unity Wilmar Agr modarabas and mutual funds held 5.17% (2019: 3.22%), Dire 28.37% (2019: 53.51%) while institutions held 8.59% (2019 individuals held 46.48% (2019: 27.60%). Voting rights, board proportion to their shareholding.	): 3.61%), o	thers held 0.37% (2	2019: 1.05%) and
16	LONG TERM LOAN	Note	2020	2019
	Interest based arrangement		(Rup	ees)
	Long term financing facility Current portion shown under current liabilities	16.1	178,911,655 (51,023,399) 127,888,256	

16.1 The Company has obtained long term financing from JS Bank under a refinance scheme for payment of salaries and wages by the State Bank of Pakistan. It carries a flat mark-up at the rate of 3% per annum. However, the effective interest rate is calculated as 10.40% per annum and the loan has been recognised at the present value. The loan is repayable in 8 equal quarterly installments commencing from January 2021 discounted at the effective rate of interest. The differential mark-up has been recognised as government grant (as mentioned in note 18) which will be amortised to other income over the period of the facility. The financing is secured against plant and machinery of the Company amounting to Rs. 262.93 million (inclusive of 25% margin).

4 ~		2020	2019
17	LEASE LIABILITIES	(Rupees)	
	Present value of future minimum lease payments	99,555,309	-
	Less: current portion shown under current liabilities	(16,765,785)_	
	Non current portion	<u>82,789,524</u>	





# 17 LEASE LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

17.1 The amount of future minimum lease payments, together with the present value of the minimum lease payments, and the periods during which they fall due are as follows:

	Minimum lease payments	Finance charged	Present value of minimum lease payments
		(Rupees)	
Not later than one year Later than one year but not later than five years Total future minimum lease payments	29,461,119 101,228,735 130,689,854	(12,695,334) (18,439,211) (31,134,545)	16,765,785 82,789,524 99,555,309
	Note	2020 (Rup	2019 nees)
17.2 Amount charged in the unconsolidated statement of profit or loss.	30	14,735,253	
18 DEFERRED GOVERNMENT GRANT			
As at July 01 Recognized during the year Amortized during the year	18.2	17,111,129	- -
As at June 30		17,111,129	
18.1 Non-current portion Current portion		5,974,419 11,136,710	- - -
		<u>17,111,129</u>	

As aforementioned in note 16.1, the purpose of the government grant is to facilitate the Company in making timely payments of salaries and wages to its employees in light of the COVID-19 pandemic. The grant is conditional upon the fact that the Company would not terminate any employee, due/owing to cash flow limitations, for a period of three months from the date of receipt of the first tranche. The grant will be amortized at the rate of 10.40% per annum (refer note 16.1). The grant has not been amortized in the current period as it has been received in the month of June 2020.

4.0	MD A DE AND OWNED DAVA DI EG	Note	2020	2019
19	TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES		(Rup	ees)
	Trade creditors Advances from customers Accrued liabilities Withholding sales tax payable Withholding income tax payable		8,753,132,930 6,896,314 51,113,746 1,050,702 9,636,643	1,775,348,319 41,137,567 118,087,122 15,621,225
	Provident fund Worker's welfare fund	19.2	1,711,218 3,891,006	13,149,978 5,494,432
	Worker's profit participation fund Others	19.3	10,615,247 73,967 8,838,121,773	14,667,337 160,976 1,983,666,956
19.1	Provident fund		(Unaudited)	(Audited)
	Size of the trust Cost of investments Fair value of investments			14,150,978

19.2 This amount of Rs. 1.71 million is held with Unity Foods Limited as on June 30, 2020 (2019: Rs. 13.15 million) and investment from provident fund has been made as per section 218 of the Companies Act, 2017.



# 19 TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES (CONTINUED)

400		Note	2020	2019
19.3	Worker's profit participation fund		(Rupe	ees)
	As at July 01 Interest on fund utilized in Company's business Allocation for the year Paid during the year As at June 30	19.3.1	14,667,337 693,182 9,922,065 (14,667,337) 10,615,247	5,252,273 656,534 14,010,803 (5,252,273) 14,667,337

19.3.1 Interest on the workers profit participation fund has been accrued at the rate 15% (2019: 15%) per annum.

		Note	2020	2019
20	ACCRUED MARK-UP		(Rup	ees)
	Mark-up accrued on: - Loan from related party - Running finance and short term loans	20.1 20.2	65,799,695 65,799,695	1,334,650 37,731,305 39,065,955

- 20.1 This amount represented interest on loan from related party Fehmida Amin as disclosed in note 36.
- 20.2 This includes mark-up accrued amounting to Rs. 21.74 million (2019: Rs. 12.65 million) on shariah arrangements.

		Note	2020	2019	
21	SHORT TERM BORROWINGS - SECURED		(Rup	(Rupees)	
	Under conventional arrangements				
	Finance against imported merchandise Short term running finance	21.1 21.2	1,524,331,650 265,493,153	1,258,795,560 191,582,927	
	Under Islamic arrangements				
	Short term finance	21.3	2,102,431,220	1,116,992,790	
			3,892,256,023	2,567,371,277	

- Post import facilities (i.e. finance against imported merchandise and finance against trust receipt) from conventional window of commercial banks under mark-up arrangements amounted to Rs. 1,524.33 million (June 30, 2019: Rs. 1,258.79 million). During the period, mark-up on such arrangements ranged between 3 months KIBOR plus 1% 2% (June 30, 2019: 0.50% 2%) per annum for financing in local currency only and 3 months LIBOR plus 3% 4% per annum for financing in foreign currency only in the current financial period whereas no such arrangements were made for financing in foreign currency in the last financial year ended June 30, 2019.
- 21.2 Short term running finance available from conventional window of various commercial banks under mark-up arrangements amounted to Rs. 265.49 million (June 30, 2019: Rs. 191.58 million). During the period, mark-up on such arrangements ranged between 3 months KIBOR plus 1% 2% (June 30, 2019: 1% 2%) per annum.
- Funded facilities (isitisna, wakala and murabaha) available from Islamic banks amounted to Rs. 2,102.43 million (June 30, 2019: Rs. 1,116.99 million). During the period, mark-up on such arrangements ranged between 3 months KIBOR plus 1.25% 1.70% (June 30, 2019: 0.80% 1.70%) per annum for financing in local currency only and 3 months LIBOR plus 3% 4% flat per annum for financing in foreign currency only in the current financial period whereas no such arrangements were made for financing in foreign currency in the last financial year ended June 30, 2019.
- Post import funded facilities, running finance and funded facilities under Islamic mode are secured by way of pledge over import goods (refer note 11.1) and hypothecation charge over current and fixed assets of the Company.



#### 22 LOAN FROM RELATED PARTY

During the year the Company has repaid the loan obtained from a related party for meeting the working capital requirements. This loan carried interest at the rate of 3 months KIBOR plus 0.50%. However, after March 31, 2018, the mark-up was waived by the lender and it was payable on demand (Refer note 20.1). The name and relationship with the related party has been disclosed in note 36 of these unconsolidated financial statements.

# 23 CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

# 23.1 Contingencies

On May 24, 2018 the Company and the former directors received a notice from Habib Bank Limited relating to Suo Moto Notice of Supreme Court on loan write off pertaining to the period 2007. The former management for their own behalf of the Company have filed a statement on June 5, 2018 through their legal counsel whereby they have explained that due amounts were paid by the then management to the National Bank of Pakistan and Habib Bank Limited. The case is yet to be decided. The current management believes that no liability or payment accrues against the Company. Accordingly, no provisioning has been provided in these unconsolidated financial statements.

# 23.2 Commitments

Commitments under letter of credit for raw materials as at June 30, 2020 amounted to Rs. 1,443.40 million (2019: Rs. 592 million).

	(2019. RS. 332 Hillion).	Note	2020	2019
24	NET SALES	11010		
~ I	THE DIMES		(Rup	ees)
	Local		32,659,472,573	13,182,493,089
	Export		1,435,000,796	1,024,810,374
	mport.		34,094,473,369	
			01,001,170,000	11,201,000,100
	Sales tax		(4,103,975,937)	(96,534,322)
	Trade discount		(151,801,737)	(32,945,055)
			(4,255,777,674)	(129,479,377)
	Toll manufacturing		33,324,947	19,413,198
25	COST OF SALES		29,872,020,642	14,097,237,284
23	COST OF SALES		=======================================	=======================================
	Raw material consumed		26,043,270,747	13,721,084,560
	Salaries, wages and benefits	25.1	364,615,898	91,298,338
	Rent, rates and taxes	20.1	21,474,969	28,866,352
	Fuel, power and electricity		288,259,056	202,243,810
	Insurance		50,989,923	24,811,378
	Security and janitorial		12,531,752	4,528,639
	Postage, telephone and internet		2,029,902	1,013,331
	Printing, stationary and office supplies		254,011	322,298
	Vehicle, travelling and conveyance		5,612,334	731,700
	Transport - freight		152,235,114	34,801,106
	Toll manufacturing expenses		27,150,954	14,545,304
	Depreciation on operating fixed assets	6.2	113,186,239	55,099,967
	Depreciation on right-of-use assets	7.1	17,529,046	-
	Amortization		673,940	-
	Repair and maintenance		34,554,542	15,887,878
	Others		11,400,869	12,164,583
			27,145,769,296	14,207,399,244
	Add: opening stock of work-in-process		132,382,894	141,530,436
	Less: closing stock of work-in-process		(54,250,306)	(132,382,894)
	Cost of goods manufactured		27,223,901,884	14,216,546,786
	Add: opening stock of finished goods		1,638,027,718	241,514,996
	Less: closing stock of finished goods		(1,019,196,613)	(1,638,027,718)
	Cost of sales		27,842,732,989	12,820,034,064

25.1 Salaries, wages and benefits include Rs. 3.90 million for the year ended June 30, 2020 (2019: Rs. 4.90 million) in respect of staff retirement benefits.

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•		Note	2020	2019
26	SELLING AND DISTRIBUTION EXPENSES		(Rup	ees)
	Salaries, wages and benefits Security and janitorial Freight and forwarding Travelling, conveyance and entertainment Depreciation on operating fixed assets Depreciation on right-of-use assets Amortization Expected credit loss Electricity, gas and water Printing, stationary and office supplies Repair and maintenance Distributor expenses Rent, rates and taxes Insurance Fees and subscription Postage, telephone and internet Advertising and sales promotion Others	26.1 6.2 7.1	78,374,057 7,068,159 371,347,718 14,849,592 1,453,659 5,720,897 449,293 16,190,457 1,250,182 1,685,190 1,535,786 119,567,481 14,850,585 416,002 2,774,968 1,145,101 50,415,746 1,515,488	73,376,650  151,333,939 16,186,725 345,130  285,061  523,917 1,080,669 213,955 35,521,766 10,671,255 2,238,563  1,031,887 59,142,516 4,818,779
			690,610,361	356,770,812

26.1 Salaries, wages and benefits include Rs. 3.31 million for the year ended June 30, 2020 (2019: Rs. 3.40 million) in respect of staff retirement benefits.

		Note	2020	2019
27	ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES		(Rup	ees)
	Salaries, wages and benefits Rent, rates and taxes Travelling, conveyance and entertainment Electricity, gas and water Postage, telephone and internet Insurance Repair and maintenance Advertising and sales promotion Auditor's remuneration Legal and professional Consultancy services Fees and subscription Security and janitorial Donations Depreciation on operating fixed assets Amortization Printing, stationary and office supplies Others	27.1 27.2 6.2	109,980,685 398,832 31,650,922 2,623,000 4,830,537 855,425 2,988,262 1,948,532 3,610,000 10,299,223 12,460,955 15,136,050 4,224,115 6,722,141 1,123,234 2,558,911 8,320,751 219,731,575	$\begin{array}{c} 91,759,266\\ 224,686\\ 20,162,331\\ 8,825,021\\ 1,847,440\\ 1,541,521\\ 1,794,362\\ 2,251,033\\ 1,450,000\\ 8,560,852\\ 8,123,394\\ 13,424,712\\ 3,367,800\\ 400,000\\ 5,810,258\\ 1,140,242\\ 3,007,034\\ 6,970,974\\ \hline 180,660,926\\ \end{array}$
	Legal and professional Consultancy services Fees and subscription Security and janitorial Donations Depreciation on operating fixed assets Amortization Printing, stationary and office supplies		10,299,223 12,460,955 15,136,050 4,224,115 6,722,141 1,123,234 2,558,911 8,320,751	8,560,8 8,123,3 13,424,7 3,367,8 400,0 5,810,2 1,140,2 3,007,0 6,970,9

27.1 Salaries, wages and benefits include Rs. 4.75 million for the year ended June 30, 2020 (2019: Rs. 5.86 million) in respect of staff retirement benefits.

		2020	2019
27.2	Auditor's remuneration	(Rup	oees)
A.	Audit services Audit fee Half yearly review Consolidation of Financial Statements with the Subsidiary Review of Code of Corporate Governance Out of pocket expenses Certifications for regulatory purposes	$\begin{array}{c} 2,200,000 \\ 810,000 \\ 300,000 \\ 100,000 \\ \hline 100,000 \\ \hline 3,510,000 \\ \hline 100,000 \\ \hline 3,610,000 \\ \hline \end{array}$	$ \begin{array}{r} 1,000,000\\250,000\\\hline 100,000\\\underline{50,000}\\1,400,000\\\underline{50,000}\\1,450,000\\\hline \end{array} $

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28	OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES	Note	2020 (Rup	2019
	Exchange loss Worker's welfare fund Worker's profit participation fund		374,127,511 3,891,006 9,922,065 387,940,582	157,830,990 5,494,432 14,667,337 177,992,759
29	OTHER INCOME			
	Income/ return on financial assets Income on bank deposits - under conventional banking Income/ (loss) from non-financial assets Scrap sales Others		621,098 590,200 7,322,578 8,533,876	81,460 3,689,354 (2,620,357) 1,150,457
30	FINANCE COST			
	Interest on short term loans/ running finance under non-shariah arrangements Profit on short term loans under shariah arrangements Interest on worker's profit participation fund Finance charge of lease liabilities Bank charges Right issue expenses		$ \begin{array}{r} 249,761,581 \\ 237,734,939 \\ 693,182 \\ 14,735,253 \\ 42,063,766 \\ \hline 544,988,721 \end{array} $	87,366,925 105,881,252 656,534 27,447,152 66,855,699 288,207,562
31	TAXATION			
	Current year Prior years	31.1	-	-
	Deferred Net tax charged		15,078,506 15,078,506	(19,647,098) (19,647,098)
31.1	There is no current tax expense due to the application of section relationship between income tax expense and profit before tax	65E of the ation has	Income Tax Ordinan not been presented	ice, 2001 therefore
32	BASIC AND DILUTED EARNING PER SHARE			
	Profit after taxation		209,628,796	255,074,520
			(Number	of shares)
	Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year		544,050,000	248,518,408
			(Rup	oees)
	Basic and diluted earning per share		0.39	1.03





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		Note	2020	2019
33	CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		(Rup	ees)
	Profit before taxation		194,550,290	274,721,618
	Adjustments for non-cash items:		101 000 000	01.077.070
	Depreciation on operating fixed assets		121,362,039	61,255,356
	Depreciation on right-of-use assets		23,249,943	4 405 000
	Amortization on intangible assets		2,246,467	1,425,303
	Expected credit loss		16,190,457	-
	Capitalization of CWIP to operating fixed assets		484,840,683	880,731,897
	Unrealized exchange loss		170,979,754	14,742,983
	Finance cost		544,988,721	288,207,562
			1,558,408,354	1,521,084,719
	Changes in working capital			
	(Increase)/ decrease in current assets:		(1.047.010.001)	(1,701,070,011)
	Stock-in-trade		(1,847,310,081)	(1,721,972,811)
	Stores and spares		(33,556,747)	(30,913,536)
	Trade debts		(4,718,283,127)	(1,915,363,087)
	Advances, deposits and prepayments		(60,386,367)	76,178,427
	Other receivables		(8,703,965)	29,945,650
			(6,668,240,287)	(3,562,125,357)
	Increase/ (decrease) in current liabilities:		0.000 475 000	004 100 401
	Trade and other payables		6,683,475,066	224,132,491
	Sales tax payable		293,680,782	(148,735,969)
	Unclaimed dividend		(440,699)	1,188,311
			6,976,715,149	76,584,833
	Cash generated from/ (used in) operating activities		1,866,883,216	(1,964,455,805)
33.1	Cash and cash equivalents			
	Cash and cash equivalents comprise of:		163,360,179	40,043,834
	Cash and bank balances	14	(265,493,153)	(191,582,927)
	Short term borrowings from bank - running finance (secured)	21.2	(102,132,974)	$\frac{(191,382,927)}{(151,539,093)}$
	onore term borrowings from built Turning matrice (secureu)	41.4	(102,132,374)	(131,333,033)

#### 34 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND RELATED DISCLOSURES

The Board of Directors of the Company has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Company's risk management framework.

# Risk management framework

The Board meets frequently throughout the year for developing and monitoring the Company's risk management policies. The Company's risk management policies are established to identify and analyse the risks faced by the Company, to set appropriate risk limits and controls, and to monitor risks and adherence to limits. Risk management policies and systems are reviewed regularly to reflect changes in market conditions and the Company's activities. The Company, through its standards and procedures, aims to develop a disciplined and constructive control environment in which all employees understand their role and obligations.

The Audit Committee oversees how management monitors compliance with the Company's risk management policies and procedures, and reviews the adequacy of the risk management framework in relation to the risks faced by the Company.

The Company has exposure to the following risks from its use of financial instruments:

- Credit risk
- Liquidity risk
- Market risk



# 34 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND RELATED DISCLOSURES (CONTINUED)

#### 34.1 Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Company if a customer or counter party to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations without considering the fair value of the collateral available there against.

# Exposure to credit risk

The carrying amount of respective financial assets represent the maximum credit exposure. The maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date is as follows:

	Note	2020	2019
		(Rup	ees)
Deposits Trade debts Bank balances	13.2 12	$\begin{array}{c} 9,603,752 \\ 7,765,666,856 \\ 161,787,891 \end{array}$	14,820,089 3,063,574,186 39,303,117
bank balances		7,937,058,499	3,117,697,392

# **Deposits**

The Company has provided security deposits and retention money as per the contractual terms with counter parties as security and does not expect material loss against those deposits and retention money.

#### Trade debts

The Company's exposure to credit risk arising from trade debtors is mainly influenced by the individual characteristics of each customer. The Company establishes an allowance for ECL that represents its estimate of incurred losses.

Analysis of gross amounts receivable from local and foreign trade debtors are as follows:

	2020	2019
	(Rupe	ees)
Domestic	7,781,857,313	3,063,574,186
Export	7,781,857,313	3,063,574,186

The aging of trade debts as at the date of the statement of financial position is:

Not past due	1,884,850,709	1,502,285,318
Past due 1 - 30 days	4,524,740,010	933,599,434
Past due 31 - 90 days	1,316,289,187	627,689,434
Past due above 90 days	55,977,406	<u>-</u>
J. J	7,781,857,313	3,063,574,186

#### **Bank balances**

The Company kept its surplus funds with banks having good credit rating. Currently the surplus funds are kept with banks having rating from AAA to A-.

# Concentration of credit risk

Concentration of credit risk arises when a number of counter parties are engaged in similar business activities or have similar economic features that would cause their abilities to meet contractual obligations to be similarly affected by the changes in economic, political, or other conditions. The Company believes that it is not exposed to major concentration of credit risk.

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# 34 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND RELATED DISCLOSURES (CONTINUED)

# 34.2 Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. Liquidity risk arises because of the possibility that the Company could be required to pay its liabilities earlier than expected or difficulty in raising funds to meet commitments associated with financial liabilities as they fall due. The Company's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the Company's reputation. The Company ensures that it has sufficient cash to meet expected working capital requirements by having credit lines available. The following are the contractual maturities of financial liabilities, including interest payments and excluding the impact of netting agreements:

As at June 30, 2020	Carrying amount	Contractual maturities	Maturity up to one year	Maturity up to two to five years
Non-derivative financial liabilities		(Rup	ees)	
Long term loan Lease liability Trade and other payables Accrued mark-up Short term borrowings Sales tax payable Unclaimed dividend Loan from related party	178,911,655 99,555,309 8,838,121,773 65,799,695 3,892,256,023 1,195,396 747,612	178,911,655 99,555,309 8,838,121,773 65,799,695 3,892,256,023 1,195,396 747,612	51,023,399 16,765,785 8,838,121,773 65,799,695 3,892,256,023 1,195,396 747,612 12,865,909,683	127,888,256 82,789,524 
Derivative financial liabilities	13,070,367,403	15,070,367,405	12,000,909,000	210,077,700
	13,076,587,463	13,076,587,463	12,865,909,683	210,677,780
As at June 30, 2019	Carrying amount	Contractual maturities	Maturity up to one year	Maturity up to two to five years
Non-derivative financial liabilities		(Rup	ees)	
Trade and other payables Accrued mark-up Short term borrowings Unclaimed dividend Loan from related party  Derivative financial liabilities	1,983,666,956 39,065,955 2,567,371,277 1,188,311 179,866,504 4,771,159,003	1,983,666,956 39,065,955 2,567,371,277 1,188,311 179,866,504 4,771,159,003	1,983,666,956 39,065,955 2,567,371,277 1,188,311 179,866,504 4,771,159,003	- - - - - -
	4,771,159,003	4,771,159,003	4,771,159,003	-

# 34.3 Market risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices, such as foreign exchange rates, interest rates and equity prices will affect the Company's income or the value of its holdings of financial instruments. The objective of market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters, while optimising the return. The Company is exposed to currency risk and interest rate risk only.

# 34.3.1 Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk that the fair values or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. Foreign currency risk arises mainly where receivables and payables exist due to transactions entered into foreign currencies. The foreign currency risk of the Company is minimal as the export bills are immediately realized via sale to bank.

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# 34 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND RELATED DISCLOSURES (CONTINUED)

#### 34.3 Market risk (continued)

#### 34.3.2 Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk represents the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates.

The Company has no long term interest bearing financial assets and liabilities whose fair value or future cash flows will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates.

Financial assets and liabilities include balance of Rs. 8.80 million (2019: Rs 0.19 million) and Rs. 3,892.26 million (2019: 2,834 million) respectively, which are subject to interest rate risk. Applicable interest rates for financial assets have been indicated in respective notes.

As at June 30, 2020, if interest rates had been 1% higher/ lower with all other variables held constant, profit after tax for the year would have been Rs. 38.83 million (2019: Rs. 20.12 million) lower/ higher, mainly as a result of lower/ higher interest expense/ income from these financial liabilities and assets.

# 34.3.3 Other price risk

The Company is not exposed to any price risk due to the fact that the Company does not hold any investments in financial instruments.

#### 35 REMUNERATION TO THE CHIEF EXECUTIVE. DIRECTORS AND EXECUTIVES

Chief Executive	Directors	Executives	Total
	202	20	
	(Rup	ees)	
-	-	45,367,046	45,367,046
-	-	20,415,212	20,415,212
-	-	4,536,705	4,536,705
-	-	3,693,535	3,693,535
200,000	1,170,000		1,370,000
200,000	1,170,000	74,012,498	75,382,498
1	7	19	27
	200,000	Executive Directors  202(Rup  200,000 1,170,000	Executive         Directors         Executives           2020

Chief Executive	Directors	Executives	Total
	20	19	
	(Rup	ees)	
-	-	66,503,699	66,503,699
-	-	29,926,870	29,926,870
-	-	6,650,369	6,650,369
-	-	4,388,187	4,388,187
		107,469,125	107,469,125
1	7	30	38
	Executive	Executive   Directors   20	Executive         Directors         Executives           2019

Last year, the chief executive officer and directors waived their remuneration and meeting fee for the year.





#### 36 TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES WITH RELATED PARTIES

Related parties comprise of the Subsidiary, associated companies, directors of the Company, companies in which the Company's Directors also hold directorship, related group companies, key management personnel and staff retirement benefit funds. All transaction with related parties are under agreed terms/ contractual arrangements.

Transactions with related parties other than those disclosed elsewhere are as follows:

Transactions with related parties			2020 (Rup	2019 nees)
Related parties	Nature of relationship	Nature of transaction		
Sunridge Foods (Private) Limited	Subsidiary	Sales =	982,360	
Unity Feeds (Private) Limited	Associated company	Sales Purchases =	410,337,472	$\underbrace{\frac{1,017,133,846}{500,122,351}}_{}$
Fehmida Amin - Mother of director	Lender	Loan received Loan repaid =	663,724,884 843,591,388	$\underbrace{\frac{4,792,740,300}{5,035,599,444}}$
Providend fund	Staff retirement benefit fund	Contribution paid =	20,595,680	8,111,758
Directors and executives	Key management personnel	Remuneration paid =	49,012,655	38,100,000
Balances with related parties				
Related parties	Nature of relationship	Balance as at June, 30		
Sunridge Foods (Private) Limited	Subsidiary	Against sale of goods	982,360	
Unity Feeds (Private) Limited	Associated company	Against sale of goods	41,200,406	264,939,935
Fehmida Amin - Mother of director	Lender	Against loan Against loan markup		<u>179,866,504</u> 1,334,650
Providend fund	Staff retirement benefit fund	Against contribution payable	1,711,218	13,149,978

#### 36.1 Name of the related party

Sunridge Foods (Pvt) Limited
Unity Feeds (Pvt) Limited
Unity Packages (Pvt) Ltd.
(formerly Reliance Exim (Pvt) Ltd.)
Agro Allianz Limited
Unity Enterprises (Pvt) Ltd.
Unity Wilmar Foods (Pvt) Ltd.
Unity Wilmar Packages (Pvt) Ltd.
Unity Wilmar Agro (Pvt) Ltd.
Kairos Resources (Pvt) Ltd.
Kairos Resources (Pvt) Ltd.
Ace International (Pvt) Ltd.
Karachi Steel Industries (Pvt) Ltd.
North Star International (Pvt) Ltd.
Portstar Services (Pvt) Ltd.

#### Relationship and percentage of shareholding

Subsidiary company by nature of more than fifty percent shareholding Associated company by nature of common directorship Associated company by nature of common directorship

Associated company by nature of common directorship Associated company by nature of common directorship Associated company by nature of common directorship Associated company by nature of common directorship Associated company by nature of common directorship Associated company by nature of common directorship Associated company by nature of common directorship Associated company by nature of common directorship Associated company by nature of common directorship Associated company by nature of common directorship Associated company by nature of common directorship



# 37 CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it in the light of changes in economic conditions. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may adjust the dividend payments to shareholders or issue new shares. The management seeks to maintain a balance between higher returns that might be possible with higher levels of borrowings and the advantages and security afforded by a sound capital position.

The Company's objectives when managing capital are to ensure the Company's ability not only to continue as a going concern but also to meet its requirements for expansion and enhancement of its business, to maximize return of shareholders and to optimize capital structure and to reduce the cost of capital.

In order to achieve the above objectives, the Company may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, return capital to shareholders, issue new shares through bonus or right issue or sell assets to reduce debts or raise debts, if required.

The gearing ratio is as follows;	2020	2019
	(Rup	ees)
Long term loan Short term borrowings Total debt	178,911,655 3,892,256,023 4,071,167,678	2,567,371,277 2,567,371,277
Cash and bank balances Net debt	(163,360,179) 3,907,807,499	$\frac{(40,043,834)}{2,527,327,443}$
Share capital Unappropriated profit Share capital and reserves	5,440,500,000 409,190,974 5,849,690,974	5,440,500,000 253,967,178 5,694,467,178
Gearing ratio (Net debt/(Net debt + share capital and reserves))	40.05%	30.74%

#### 38 MEASUREMENT OF FAIR VALUES

Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

- Level 1: Fair value measurement using quoted (unadjusted) in active markets for identical asset or liability.
- Level 2: Fair value measurements using inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).
- Level 3: Fair value measurement using inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (i.e. unobservable inputs).

As at the reporting date, the Company does not have any financial assets at fair value that would have required categorization in Level 1, Level 2 and Level 3.

39	ANNUAL PRODUCTION CAPACITY	2020	2019
	Production capacity as at year end was as follows: Edible oil refinery Solvent extraction plant Feed mill	Metric 7  234,000  162,000  302,400	Tonnes  234,000  162,000  -
	The actual production for the year was: Edible oil refinery Solvent extraction plant Feed mill	176,553 9,795 170,728	48,935 76,410



#### 40 OPERATING SEGMENT

These unconsolidated financial statements have been prepared on the basis of a single reportable segment as the Company's asset allocation decisions are based on a single, integrated business strategy, and the Company's performance is evaluated on an overall basis.

#### 41 NON ADJUSTING EVENT AFTER THE DATE OF THE STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

# 41.1 Right issue of shares

The Board of Directors in its meeting held on June 18, 2020, has passed a resolution for issuance of further 450,000,000/- (Four Hundred Fifty Million) ordinary shares of the Company of Rs. 10/- per share, to be offered to the shareholders of the Company in proportion to the number of shares held by each shareholder (i.e. as right shares) in accordance with the provisions of Section 83 of the Companies Act, 2017 and all applicable laws, at a price of PKR 10/- per share (i.e. at par), in the ratio of approximately 82.71 right shares for every 100 existing ordinary share of PKR 10/- each, against payment to the Company of the price of the share subscribed, which shares shall rank pari passu in all respects with the existing ordinary shares of the Company (the "Right Issue").

The purpose of the Right Issue is to meet the increased working capital requirements of the Company in order to, inter alia, enhance profitability of the Company and, consequentially, the returns to the shareholders.

The proceeds from the Right Issue will be primarily utilized for meeting the increased working capital requirements of the Company. This is expected to positively impact the profitability, thereby enhancing expected returns to the shareholders.

#### 42 CORRESPONDING FIGURES

The fourth schedule to the Companies Act, 2017 has introduced certain presentation and classification requirements for the elements of financial statements. Accordingly, the corresponding figures have been rearranged and reclassified, wherever considered necessary, to comply with the requirements of Companies Act, 2017.

In addition, certain corresponding figures have been rearranged and reclassified, wherever considered necessary, for the purposes of comparison and to reflect the substance of the transactions, the effect of which is immaterial.

# 43 GENERAL

43.1 Figures have been rounded-off to the nearest rupee unless otherwise stated.

43.2	Number of employees	2020	2019
	Total number of employees at the June 30 Average number of employees during the year	123 123	122 81
	Total number of factory employees as at June 30 Average number of factory employees during the year	$\frac{249}{256}$	263 217

#### 44 DATE OF AUTHORIZATION FOR ISSUE

These financial statements were authorized for issue in the Board of Directors meeting held on September 30, 2020.



Chairman Abdul Majeed Ghaziani



Chief Executive Muhammad Farrukh





# INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF UNITY FOODS LIMITED

Report on the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

# Opinion

We have audited the annexed consolidated financial statements of Unity Foods Limited and its subsidiaries (the Group), which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at June 30, 2020, the consolidated statement of profit or loss, the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity, the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information, and we state that we have obtained all the information and explanations which, to the best of our knowledge and belief, were necessary for the purposes of the audit.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the consolidated statement of financial position, consolidated statement of profit or loss, the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity, and the consolidated statement of cash flows together with the notes forming part thereof conform with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan and give the information required by the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017), in the manner so required and respectively give a true and fair view of the state of the Group's affairs as at June 30, 2020 and of the profit and other comprehensive income, the changes in equity and its cash flows for the year then ended.

# **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) as applicable in Pakistan. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the consolidated financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants as adopted by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan (the Code) and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

# **Key Audit Matter(s)**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Following are the key audit matter(s):

		T
S. No.	Key audit matter(s)	How the matter was addressed in our audit
1.	First time adoption of IFRS - 16  As referred in note 6.3.1.1 to the consolidated financial statements, the Group has adopted IFRS 16, 'Leases' with effect from July 1, 2019  The standard has introduced a new accounting model for operating lease contracts from the standpoint of a lessee, as per the new requirements, the group is required to recognise right-of-use assets for leased assets and liabilities for the lease payments over the lease term.  The application of new standard requires management to make significant estimates and judgements such as determination of lease term and appropriate discount rate for measurement lease liabilities.  We considered the adoption of the standard as a key audit matters due to the significant management judgements involved in respect of the application of the new standard.	Our audit procedures to review the application of IFRS 16, amongst others, include the following:  • Evaluation of the appropriateness of the new accounting policies for recognition, measurement, presentation, and disclosures of lease contracts in the consolidated financial statements;  • Obtaining an understanding of the process and control in place for identification of inscope lease contracts (considering recognition exemption available under the standard i.e short term leases and leases of low value assets);  • Corroboration of the completeness of leases identified by the management by reviewing and analysing the existing lease arrangements as of the date of the initial application and reviewing the rent expense ledgers for the year;  • Performance of independent checks of lease accounting computations for a sample of lease contracts through re-performance of such computations and tracing the terms with the relevant contracts;  • We evaluated the appropriateness of the assumptions used by the management in measuring lease liabilities such as discount rate, lease term etc; and  • We assessed the adequacy and appropriateness of disclosures in the consolidated financial statement as required under the standard and applicable financial reporting framework.
2.	IMPACT OF COVID-19 (Refer note 1.4)  As part of the preparation of the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible to assess the possible effects of COVID-19 on the Group's liquidity and related ability to continue as a going concern and appropriately disclose the results of its assessment in the financial statements. The COVID-19 pandemic is an unprecedented challenge for humanity and for the economy globally, and at the date of the financial	We considered the uncertainties arising from COVID-19 in planning and performing our audit. Our procedures include:  • Evaluation of the Group's most recent financial results forecasts and liquidity analysis underlying their going concern assessment and testing the integrity of the forecasts, including mathematical accuracy;  • Assessment of the reliability of the forecasted cash flows by comparing with the historical performance and market

statements its effects are subject to uncertainties

Management prepared a financial and liquidity risk analysis addressing amongst others future compliance with financing conditions as well as financing and cash requirements to ensure continuation of the group's operations.

expectations;

following:

- Discussion of the most recent forecast with management to understand their views on going concern and the potential impact of COVID-19, on the Group;
- Evaluation of the assumptions in respect of projected available future cash flows from operating, financing and investing activities and projected key ratios for covenant calculations:
- Inspection of the supporting documentation such as contracts and underlying calculations and correspondence with financing and other relevant parties;
- evaluation the Group's assessment of other accounting estimates within the financial statements which could be impacted by the challenging economic environment resulting from COVID-19, including trade receivables and inventory provisioning; and
- consideration of the appropriateness of the the disclosures made in statements in

consolidated financial respect of the potential impact of COVID-19. Our audit procedures to assess the capitalization of property, plant and

equipment, amongst others, included the

- understanding of the design and implementation of management controls over capitalization and testing control over authorization of capital expenditure and accuracy of its recording in the system and impaling policies consistently
- testing, on sample basis, the costs incurred on various items with supporting documentation and contracts;
- assessing the nature of costs incurred for the capital projects through testing, on sample basis, of amounts recorded and considering whether the expenditure meets the criteria for capitalization as per the applicable accounting standards; and
- inspecting supporting documents for the date of capitalization when project was ready for its intended use to assess whether depreciation commenced and further

3 Property, Plant and Equipment

> As disclosed in note 7.1 and 7.4 to the consolidated financial statements, the Group has incurred substantial amount of capital expenditure of Rs. 553.82 million and Rs. 316.35 million in CWIP during the year for enhancement of production and operating capacity.

We focused on capital expenditure incurred during the year as this represents a significant transaction for the year and involves certain judgemental areas, such as capitalization of elements of eligible components of cost as per the applicable financial reporting standards, therefore, we have identified this as a key audit matter.

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		capitalization of costs ceased from that date and assessing the useful life assigned by management including testing the calculation
		of related depreciation.
4.	As disclosed in note 11 to the accompanying consolidated financial statements, the stock in trade balance has been substantially increased and constitutes 27 % of total assets of the Group. The cost of Raw material, work in process, and finished goods is determined at average manufacturing cost including a proportion of production overheads.  We focused on stock in trade as it is a significant portion of Group's total assets and it requires management judgement in determining an appropriate costing basis and assessing its total cost.	<ul> <li>We performed a range of audit procedures with respect to inventory items including:</li> <li>physical observation of inventory counts;</li> <li>testing valuation methods and their appropriateness in accordance with the applicable accounting standards;</li> <li>testing the calculations of per unit cost of finished goods, and work in process; and</li> <li>assessment of the appropriateness of management's basis for the allocation of cost and production overheads.</li> <li>We also assessed the adequacy of the disclosures made in respect of the accounting policies and the details of inventory balances held by the Group at the year end.</li> </ul>
5.	Trade Debts  Refer to note 12 to the consolidated financial statements.  As at 30 June 2020, the Group's gross trade debtors were Rs. 7,829.993 million  We identified recoverability of trade debts as a key audit matter as it involves significant management judgement in determining the recoverable amount of trade debts.	Our audit procedures to assess the valuation of trade debts, amongst others, included the following:  • obtaining an understanding of and assessing the design and implementation of management's key internal controls relating to credit control process (including credit account application approvals and credit limit review), debt collections process and making allowance for ECLs.;  • testing the accuracy of trade receivable aging report, on a sample basis, by comparing individual balances in the report with underlying documentation to ensure the balances appearing in the ageing report were classified within appropriate ageing bracket;  • circularizing direct confirmation to debtors on sample basis;  • assessing the historical accuracy of Credit loss if any under IFRS 9 by examining the utilization or release of previously recorded provisions for doubtful debts.

# 6 Sales

Refer to note 25 to the consolidated financial statements which shows that revenue of the group substantially increased.

The Group recognized revenue of Rs. 30,479 million from the sale of goods to domestic as well as export customers during the year ended 30 June 2020 as compared to Rs. 14,097 million previous year.

We identified recognition of sales as a key audit matter because sales is one of the key performance indicators of the Group and gives rise to a risk that revenue is recognized without transferring the risk and rewards Our audit procedures to assess recognition of sales, amongst others, included the following:

- obtaining an understanding of the process relating to recording of sales and testing the design, implementation and operating effectiveness of key internal controls over recording of revenue;
- assessing the appropriateness of the Group's accounting policies for recording of sales and compliance of those policies with applicable accounting standards;
- comparing a sample of sale transactions recorded during the year with sales orders, sales invoices, delivery challans and other relevant underlying documents;
- comparing a sample of sale transactions recorded around the year with the sales orders, sales invoices, delivery challans and other relevant underlying documentation to assess if the sale was recorded in the appropriate accounting period;
- comparing, on a sample basis, specific sale transactions recorded just before and just after the financial year end date to determine whether the revenue had been recognized in the appropriate financial period; and
- scanning for any manual journal entries relating to sales raised during the year which were considered to be material or met other specific risk based criteria for inspecting underlying documentation

# 7 Borrowings and finance costs

Refer notes 22 and 31 to the consolidated financial statements.

The Group has obtained a range of financing facilities from different financial institutions with varying terms and tenure and incurred substantial cost.

This was considered to be a key audit matter as these affects Group's gearing, liquidity and solvency. Further, compliance with debt covenants is a key requirement of these financing arrangements.

Our audit procedures included the following:

- assessing the design and operating effectiveness of the Group's internal controls over recording the terms and conditions of borrowings from financial institutions, including their classification as either current or non-current and associated costs;
- obtaining confirmations of borrowings as at 30 June 2020 directly from the financial institutions;
- testing the calculation of mark-up recognized as both an expense and capitalized during the year to assess whether these were accounted for in accordance with approved

		<ul> <li>accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan and</li> <li>assessing the adequacy of the Group's compliance with the loan covenants and the disclosures in the consolidated financial statements.</li> </ul>
8	The Group's exposure to litigation risk  On 24 May 2018 the Group and the former directors received a notice from Habib Bank Limited relating to Suo Moto Notice of Supreme Court on Loan write off pertaining to the period 2007. The former management on their own behalf and on behalf of the Group have filed a statement on June 5, 2018 through their legal counsel whereby they have explained that the due amounts were paid by the then management to National bank of Pakistan and Habib Bank Limited. The case is yet to be decided. The current management believes that no liability or payment accrues against the Group. Accordingly, no provisioning has been provided in these consolidated financial statements.  Due to the uncertainty involved in the outcome of this case we have identified this as key audit matter.	Our procedures in relation to this matter included:  • Obtaining and reviewing details of the significant pending legal case and discussed the same with Group's management;  • Circulation confirmations to the group's external legal counsel for their views on open legal/tax matters;  • Reviewing correspondence of the group with the relevant authorities;  • Evaluating rationale provided by the group and opinion of the external legal counsel  Reviewing the disclosures made in the consolidated financial statements in respect of such contingencies

Information Other than the Consolidated Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in annual report, but does not include the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management and Board of Directors for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan and the requirements of Companies Act, 2017(XIX of 2017) and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern

basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Board of directors are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the board of directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit

We also provide the board of directors with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with the board of directors, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report

because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

Based on our audit, we further report that in our opinion:

- a) proper books of account have been kept by the Group as required by the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017);
- b) the consolidated statement of financial position, the consolidated statement of profit or loss, the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, consolidated the statement of changes in equity, and the consolidated statement of cash flows together with the notes thereon have been drawn up in conformity with the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017) and are in agreement with the books of account and returns;
- c) investments made, expenditure incurred and guarantees extended during the year were for the purpose of the Group's business;
- d) zakat deductible at source under the Zakat and Ushr Ordinance, 1980 (XVIII of 1980), was deducted by the Group and deposited in the Central Zakat Fund established under section 7 of that Ordinance; and

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Mr. Ahsan Elahi Vohra.

**Chartered Accountants** 

Karachi:

Date : September 30, 2020

Naveed Zafar Ashfag, Juffery & Co.



Unity Foods Limited Consolidated Statement of Financial Position As at June 30, 2020

As at June 30, 2020	Note	2020	2019
ASSETS		(Ru	ipees)
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	7	3,616,148,758	3,081,521,152
Right of use assets Intangible assets	8 9	95,183,633 292,228,212	8,654,440
Long term deposits Deferred tax asset	10	3,086,098 19,150,507	4,072,001
Current assets		4,025,797,208	3,094,247,593
	11	5 262 401 400	2 201 220 020
Stock-in-trade Stores and spares	11	5,362,401,409 64,470,283	3,201,229,920 30,913,536
Trade debts	12	7,812,790,409	3,063,574,186
Advances, deposits and prepayments	13	95,612,739	30,920,000
Other receivables Sales tax receivable		10,761,361	1,050,000 292,485,386
Taxation - net of provision		1,995,744,026	711,161,726
Cash and bank balances	14	173,183,262	40,043,834
		15,514,963,489	7,371,378,588
Total assets		19,540,760,697	10,465,626,181
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Share Capital	15	5,440,500,000	5,440,500,000
Unappropriated profit		412,785,010	253,967,178
		5,853,285,010	5,694,467,178
Advance against future issue of shares		12,163,324	-
Non-controlling interest		39,934,537	
No		5,905,382,871	5,694,467,178
Non-current liabilities Long term loan	16	143,267,826	_
Lease liabilities	17	89,156,414	_
Staff retirement benefits	18	7,832,183	_
Deferred government grant	19	7,298,709	-
Command liabilities		247,555,132	-
Current liabilities Current portion of long term loan	16	57,247,103	
Current portion of lease liabilities	17	17,414,776	_
Current portion of deferred government grant	19	12,194,400	_
Trade and other payables	20	9,170,391,607	1,983,666,956
Accrued mark-up	21	66,699,516	39,065,955
Short term borrowings	22	3,981,506,023	2,567,371,277
Unclaimed dividend Sales tax payable		747,612 1,195,395	1,188,311
Contract liabilities		4,935,451	_
Loan from related party	23	75,490,811	179,866,504
• •		13,387,822,694	4,771,159,003
Contingencies and commitments	24	10 540 700 007	10 405 000 101
Total equity and liabilities		19,540,760,697	10,465,626,181

The annexed notes from 1 to 45 form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.



Chairman Abdul Majeed Ghaziani



Chief Executive Muhammad Farrukh



Chief Financial Officer Jalees Edhi





Unity Foods Limited Consolidated Statement of Proft or Loss For the year ended June 30, 2020

101 the year chacavane co, 2020	Note	2020	2019
		(Rt	upees)
Net sales	25	30,479,501,918	14,097,237,284
Cost of sales	26	(28,379,061,793)	(12,820,034,064)
Gross profit		2,100,440,125	1,277,203,220
Selling and distribution expenses	27	(751,014,096)	(356,770,812)
Administrative expenses	28	(227,668,412)	(180,660,926)
Other operating expenses	29	(387,940,582)	(177,992,759)
		(1,366,623,090)	(715,424,497)
Other income	30	13,477,049	1,150,457
Profit before interest and taxation		747,294,084	562,929,180
Finance cost	31	(548,145,934)	(288,207,562)
Profit before taxation		199,148,150	274,721,618
Taxation			
Current	32	_	_
Deferred		15,132,017	(19,647,098)
		15,132,017	(19,647,098)
Profit after taxation		214,280,167	255,074,520
Profit attributable to:			
-Owners of the Holding Company		212,838,242	255,074,520
-Non-controlling interest		1,441,925	-
		<u>214,280,167</u>	<u>255,074,520</u>
Basic and diluted earning per share	33	0.39	1.03

The annexed notes from 1 to 45 form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.



Chairman Abdul Majeed Ghaziani







Unity Foods Limited Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income For the year ended June 30, 2020

For the year ended June 30, 2020				
	Note	2020	2019	
		(Rupees)		
Profit after taxation		214,280,167	255,074,520	
Other comprehensive income		-	-	
Remeasurement gain on staff retirement benefits	18.4	557,377	-	
Total comprehensive income for the year		214,837,544	255,074,520	
Total Comprehensive income for the year attributable to: - Owners of the Holding Company - Non-controlling interest		213,222,832 1,614,712 214,837,544	255,074,520 - 255,074,520	

The annexed notes from 1 to 45 form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.





Chief Financial Officer Jalees Edhi





Unity Foods Limited Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity For the year ended June 30, 2020

# Attributable to equity holders of the Holding Company

	Share capital	Unappropriated profit	Total reserves	Non-controlling interest	Total equity
			(Rupees)		
Balance as at July 01, 2018	1,690,500,000	83,417,658	1,773,917,658	-	1,773,917,658
Final dividend at 5% for the year ended June 30, 2018	-	(84,525,000)	(84,525,000)	-	(84,525,000)
Transaction with owners	0 770 000 000		0.770.000.000		0 250 000 000
Issuance of right shares	3,750,000,000		3,750,000,000		3,750,000,000
Profit after taxation	-	255,074,520	255,074,520		255,074,520
Other comprehensive income for the year		-	-	-	-
Total comprehensive income for the year		255,074,520	255,074,520		255,074,520
Balance as at June 30, 2019	5,440,500,000	253,967,178	5,694,467,178	-	5,694,467,178
Final dividend at 1% for the year ended June 30, 2019	-	(54,405,000)	(54,405,000)	-	(54,405,000)
NCI recognised on acquisition	-	-	-	38,319,825	38,319,825
Profit attributable to non-controlling interest for the year	-	-	-	1,441,925	1,441,925
Profit after taxation	-	212,838,242	212,838,242	-	212,838,242
Other comprehensive income for the year	-	384,590	384,590	172,787	557,377
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	213,222,832	213,222,832	172,787	213,395,619
Balance as at June 30, 2020	5,440,500,000	412,785,010	5,853,285,010	39,934,537	5,893,219,547

The annexed notes from 1 to 45 form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.











Unity Foods Limited Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows For the year ended June 30, 2020

	Note	2020	2019
		(Rup	ees)
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		-	
Cash generated from/ (used in) operating activities	34	1,690,228,911	(1,964,455,805)
Taxes paid Staff gratuity paid Note that the staff gratuity paid		$\frac{(1,274,684,321)}{(3,929,840)}$ $\frac{411,614,750}{(3,929,840)}$	(614,518,215)
Net cash generated from/ (used in) operating activities		411,614,750	(2,578,974,020)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Purchase of property, plant and equipment		(869,869,744)	(2,501,687,557)
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment Purchase of intangible assets		1,039,088 (4,505,008)	(4,375,763)
Investment in shares of the Subsidiary		(366,541,770)	(4,575,705)
Recovery of long term deposits		-	25,000
Net cash used in investing activities		(1,239,877,434)	(2,506,038,320)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Advance against future issue of shares		10,221,790	_
Proceeds from short term borrowings - net		1,251,362,725	1,616,731,099
Proceeds from long term loan Lease liabilities - net		217,287,223 (574,764)	-
Rentals paid against right-of-use assets		(27,237,381)	_
Loan returned to related party - net		(104,375,693)	-
Dividend paid		(54,405,000)	(84,525,000)
Finance cost paid Proceeds from issue of right shares		(505,993,541)	(258,691,294)
Net cash generated from financing activities		786,285,359	3,750,000,000 5,023,514,805
The cash generated from maneing activities		700,200,300	5,025,514,005
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents		(41,977,325)	(61,497,535)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year		(139,582,566)	(90,041,558)
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	34.1	(181,559,891)	(151,539,093)

The annexed notes from 1 to 45 form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.











Unity Foods Limited Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements For the year ended June 30, 2020

#### 1 THE GROUP AND ITS OPERATIONS

The Group consists of Unity Foods Limited ("the Holding Company") and its subsidiary company namely Sunridge Foods (Private) Limited ("the Subsidiary Company"). Brief profiles of the Holding Company and the Subsidiary is as follows:

#### 1.1 Unity Foods Limited

Unity Foods Limited was incorporated in Pakistan in 1991 as a private limited company under the Companies Ordinance, 1984 (now the Companies Act, 2017) and subsequently converted into a Public Limited Company on June 16, 1991. Shares of the Holding Company are listed in Pakistan Stock Exchange since February 01, 1994. The principal business activity of the Holding Company has been changed from yarn manufacturing to edible oil extraction, refining and related businesses.

#### 1.2 Sunridge Foods (Private) Limited

Sunridge Foods (Private) Limited was incorporated in Pakistan as a private limited company on March 16, 2015 under the Companies Ordinance, 1984 (now the Companies Act, 2017 on May 30, 2017). The principal activity of the Subsidary Company is the processing of food items.

#### 1.3 Geographical locations and addresses of business units including plants of the Group are as under:

Address	Purpose	In Use
Karachi - Unity Tower Plot No. 8-C,	Registered Office of the	
Block-6, P.E.C.H.S Plot No. E-32, SITE Area Plot No. A-48, Eastern Industrial	Holding Company Oil Refinery	Unity Foods Limited Unity Foods Limited
Zone, Port Qasim 4th Floor, 73-C, Jami Commercial	Oil Refinery	Unity Foods Limited
Street No. 8, DHA Phase VII Plot No. A-55 and A-56, Eastern	Registered Office	Sunridge Foods (Private) Limited
Industrial Zone, Port Qasim.	Feed Mill	Unity Foods Limited
- C6, North west zone, Port Qasim.	Pesa Flour Plant	Sunridge Foods (Private) Limited
Kotri, District Hyderabad		
- Plot No. N-27-B, SITE Area.	Edible Oil Extraction Plant and Pellitising Mills	Unity Foods Limited

#### 1.4 Impact of COVID-19

The rapid spread of COVID-19 pandemic across the world, has not only endangered human lives but has also adversely impacted the global economy. This situation posed a range of business and financial challenges to the businesses globally and across various sectors of the economy in Pakistan. On March 20, 2020, the Government of Sindh announced a temporary lock down as a measure to reduce the spread of the COVID-19 however, this excluded the companies involved in the business of necessary consumer supplies in which the Group operates.

In line with the directives of the Government and after implementing all necessary Standard Operating Procedures (SOPs) to ensure safety of employees, the Group continued its operations during the lock down and took all necessary steps to ensure smooth and adequate continuation of its business in order to maintain business performance despite slowed down economic activity. The lock down has caused disruptions in supply chain including supply of goods to the customers. The management of the Holding Company and Subsidiary Company has assessed the accounting implications of these developments on consolidated financial statements, including but not limited to the following areas:



#### 1.4 Impact of COVID-19 (Continued)

- Expected credit losses under IFRS 9, "Financial Instruments;"
- Impairment of tangible and intangible assets under IAS 36, "Impairment of non-financial assets;"
- Net realisable value of inventory under IAS 2, "Inventories;"
- Deferred tax assets in accordance with IAS 12, "Income taxes;"
- Provisions and contigent liabilities under IAS 37, " Provisions, contingent assets and contingent liabilities" including onerous contracts; and
- Going concern assumption used for the preparation of these consolidated financial statements under IAS 1.

According to management's assessment, there is no significant accounting impact of the effects of COVID-19 in these consolidated financial statements.

#### 2 STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan. These accounting and reporting standards comprise of:

- International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) issued by the International Accounting Standard Board (IASB) as notified under the Companies Act, 2017 (the Act); and
- Provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act.

Where the provisions of and the directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017 differ with the requirements of the IFRS, the provisions of and the directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017 have been followed.

#### 3 ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with accounting and reporting standards, as applicable in Pakistan, requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of the accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis of making the judgments about the carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates underlying the assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods. Information about the judgments made by the management in the application of the accounting policies, that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognized in these consolidated financial statements, assumptions and estimation uncertainties with significant risk of material adjustment to the carrying amount of asset and liabilities in the next year are described in the following notes:

- Property, plant and equipment and depreciation (refer note 6.4)
- Right-of-use assets (refer note 6.6)
- Intangible assets and amortization (refer note 6.7)
- Stock-in-trade (refer note 6.10)
- Lease liabilities (refer note 6.16)
- Government grant (refer note 6.18)
- Provisions (refer note 6.19)
- Taxation (refer note 6.22)
- Contingent liabilities (refer note 6.25)
- Impairment (refer note 6.28)





#### 4 BUSINESS COMBINATION

During the year Unity Foods Limited acquired controlling interest of 69% of the paid up capital of Sunridge Foods (Private) Limited in accordance with share purchase agreement between Unity Foods Limited and shareholders of Sunridge Foods (Private) Limited.

At the acquisition date, the identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed are recognized at their carrying value which are approximately equal to fair value of assets and liabilities.

The following table summarizes the estimated fair values of consideration paid, non-controlling interest (NCI), as well as the assets acquired and the liabilities assumed at the date of acquisition:

	2020
	(Rupees)
Net assets	123,612,339
Net assets attributable to non-controlling interest (31%)	(38,319,825)
Net assets acquired through business combination	85,292,514
Goodwill	281,249,256
Total Consideration	366,541,770
Cash outflow on acquisition	
Net cash acquired with the Subsidiary	12,194,017
Cash paid	(366,541,770)
Net cash outflow	$\overline{(354,347,753)}$

Goodwill arose in the acquisition because the cost of the combination included a control premium. In addition, the consideration paid for the combination effectively included amounts in relation to the benefit of expected revenue growth, future market development and assembled work force of the Group.

The results of operations of Sunridge Foods (Private) Limited since the acquisition date that have been included in the consolidated statement of profit or loss account for the year ended June 30th 2020 are as follows:

	(Rupees)
Turnover	<u>608,463,636</u>
Net income attributable to owners of the Holding Company	3,209,446

#### 5 BASIS OF CONSOLIDATION

These consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of the Holding Company and the Subsidiary.

A company is a subsidiary, if the Holding Company directly or indirectly controls, beneficially owns or holds more than fifty percent of its voting securities or otherwise has power to elect and appoint more than fifty percent of its directors.

Subsidiary is consolidated from the date on which the Group obtains control, and continue to be consolidated until the date when such control ceases.

The unconsolidated financial statements of the Subsidiary is prepared for the same reporting period as the Holding Company, using consistent accounting policies. The accounting policies of the Subsidiary have been changed to conform with accounting policies of the Group, where required.

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#### 5 BASIS OF CONSOLIDATION (CONTINUED)

All intra-group balances, transactions and unrealised gains or losses resulting from intra-group transactions and dividends (if any) are eliminated in full.

Where the ownership of a subsidiary is less than hundred percent and therefore, (NCI) exists, the total comprehensive income of the period, even if that results in a deficit balance, is allocated to NCI according to it's share.

A change in the ownership interest of a subsidiary, without a loss of control, is accounted for as an equity transaction. If the Group loses control over a subsidiary, it derecognises the assets (including goodwill) and liabilities of the subsidiary, carrying amount of any NCI, cumulative translation differences recognised in other comprehensive income, and recognises fair value of consideration received, any investment retained, surplus or deficit in profit or loss, and reclassifies the Group's share of components previously recognised in other comprehensive income to profit or loss.

The assets, liabilities, income and expenses of the Subsidiary Company is consolidated on a line by line basis and carrying value of investments held by the Holding Company is eliminated against the subsidiary company's shareholders' equity in these consolidated financial statements.

#### 6 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The principal accounting policies applied in the presentation of these consolidated financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented except as disclosed in note 6.6, 6.17, and 6.18 to these consolidated financial statements.

#### 6.1 Accounting convention

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention except otherwise stated.

#### 6.2 Basis of preparation

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared following accrual basis of accounting except for the consolidated statement of cash flows and other cash flow information.

- 6.3 Change in accounting standards, interpretations and amendments to accounting and reporting standards
- 6.3.1 New standards, amendments and interpretations to accounting and reporting standard which were effective during the year:

#### 6.3.1.1 IFRS 16 - Leases

During the year, the Group has adopted IFRS 16 "Leases" which became applicable on July 1, 2019. IFRS 16 superseded IAS 17 Leases and IFRIC 4 "Determining whether an Arrangement contains a Lease", SIC-15 "Operating Leases-Incentives" and SIC-27 "Evaluating the Substance of Transactions Involving the Legal Form of a Lease". IFRS 16 sets out the principles for the recognition, measurement, presentation and disclosure of leases and requires lessees to recognise most leases in the statement of financial position.

Lessor accounting under IFRS 16 is substantially unchanged from IAS 17. Lessors will continue to classify leases as either operating or finance leases using similar principles as in IAS 17.

The Group has adopted IFRS 16 from July 1, 2019 using the modified retrospective restatement approach and has not restated comparatives amounts for the year ended June 30, 2019 reporting period, as permitted under the specific transitional provisions in the standard.

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- 6.3 Change in accounting standards, interpretations and amendments to accounting and reporting standards (Continued)
- 6.3.1 New standards, amendments and interpretations to accounting and reporting standard which were effective during the year: (Continued)
- 6.3.1.1 IFRS 16 Leases (Continued)

In applying the standard, the Group has recognized lease liability at the date of initial application as present value of remaining lease payments and a right-of-use asset equal to the lease liability, adjusted by the amount of prepaid or accrued lease payments previously recognized. The present value has been determined using a single discount rate for portfolio of leases exhibiting similar characteristics based on practical expedient provided in the standard.

The impact of adoption of IFRS 16 as at July 01, 2019 is summarised below:

	(Rupees)
Assets	
Right-of-use assets	114,849,434
Prepayments	(2,792,000)
	112,057,434
Liabilities	<del></del>
Lease Liability	<u> 112,057,434</u>

The impact of adoption of IFRS 16 on the consolidated statement of profit or loss for the year ended June 30, 2020 is summarized below:

	(Rupees)
Decrease in rent, rate and taxes Increase in depreciation expense Increase in finance costs	$ \begin{array}{r} 28,663,806 \\ (24,464,446) \\ \underline{(15,748,613)} \\ (11,549,253) \end{array} $

Reconciliation of operating lease commitment to lease obligation as at July 01, 2019 is summarised as below:

	(Rupees)
Operating lease commitments as at June 30, 2019	96,883,235
Impact of discounting	15,174,199
Total lease liability as at July 01, 2019	112,057,434
Incremental borrowing rate as at July 01, 2019	14.13%

6.3.2 Standards, interpretations and amendments to published approved accounting standards that are not yet effective:

The following International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) as notified under the Companies Act, 2017 and the amendments and interpretations thereto will be effective for accounting periods beginning on or after July 01, 2020:

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- 6.3 Change in accounting standards, interpretations and amendments to accounting and reporting standards (Continued)
- 6.3.2 Standards, interpretations and amendments to published approved accounting standards that are not yet effective: (continued)

Standard or Interpretation	n	Effective Date
IFRS 3	Definition of a Business (Amendments) Consolidated Financial Statements and Investment in Associates	January 1, 2020
IFRS 10 and IAS 28	and Joint Ventures - Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture (Amendment)	Not yet finalized
IFRS 4	Insurance Contracts – Applying IFRS 9 Financial Instruments	Not yet finalized
	(Amendment)	January 1, 2021
IFRS 17	Insurance Contracts	January 1, 2021
IAS 1 and IAS 8	Definition of Material (Amendments)	January 1, 2020
IFRS 9, IAS 39 and IFRS 7	Interest Rate Benchmark Reform (Amendments)	v
IAS 1	Classification of Liabilities as Current or	January 1, 2020
	Non-Current (Amendments)	January 1, 2020

The above standards and amendments are not expected to have any material impact on the Group's consolidated financial statements in the period of initial application.

In addition to the above, standards, amendments and improvements to various IFRS have also been issued by the IASB in December 2017. Such improvements are generally effective for accounting periods beginning on or after January 01, 2019 respectively. The Group expects that such improvements to the standards will not have any material impact on the Group's consolidated financial statements in the period of initial application.

#### 6.3.3 Annual Improvements to IFRS 2019-2020:

Standard or Interpretation

Standard of Interpretation	l .	Effective Bate
IFRS 9	Financial Instruments - Fees in the '10 percent' test for the derecognition of financial liabilities.	January 1, 2022
IAS 41	Agriculture – Taxation in the fair value measurement	January 1, 2022
IAS 41	Agriculture – Taxation in the fair value measurement	January 1, 20

The IASB has also issued the revised Conceptual Framework for Financial Reporting (the Conceptual Framework) in March 2018 which is effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 01, 2020 for preparers of consolidated financial statements who develop accounting policies based on the Conceptual Framework. The revised Conceptual Framework is not a standard, and none of the concepts override those in any standard or any requirements in a standard. The purpose of the Conceptual Framework is to assist IASB in developing standards, to help preparers develop consistent accounting policies if there is no applicable standard in place and to assist all parties to understand and interpret the standards.

Further, following new standards have been issued by IASB which are yet to be notified by the SECP for the purpose of applicability in Pakistan.

Standard or Interpretation	Effective Date
Standard or Interpretation	Effective Date

IFRS 1 First time adoption of IFRS January 1, 2004

IFRS 17 Insurance contracts January 1, 2023



Effective Date

#### 6.4 Property, plant and equipment and depreciation



#### Initial recognition

The cost of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognized as an asset if it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of such item can be measured reliably.

Recognition of the cost in the carrying amount of an item of plant and equipment ceases when the item is in the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by the management.

#### Measurement

Property, plant and equipment (except land) are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, if any. The costs of Property, plant and equipment include:

- a) Its purchase price including import duties, non-refundable purchase taxes after deducting trade discounts and rebates: and
- b) Any other costs directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.
- Borrowing costs, if any.
   When parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, they are accounted for as separate items (major components) of property, plant and equipment.

#### Subsequent expenditure

Expenditure incurred to replace a significant component of an item of plant and equipment is capitalized and the asset so replaced is retired. Other subsequent expenditure is capitalized only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the items can be measured reliably. All other expenditure (including repairs and normal maintenance) is charged in the consolidated statement of profit or loss as an expense when it is incurred.

#### Depreciation

Depreciation on all items except for land is charged on straight line method at the rates specified in respective note to these consolidated financial statements and is generally charged in the consolidated statement of profit or loss.

Depreciation on addition is charged from the month the asset is available for use up to the month prior to disposal.

Depreciation methods, useful lives and residual values of each part of property, plant and equipment that is significant in relation to the total cost of the assets are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each financial year end.

#### Gains or loss on disposal

Gains and loss on disposal of assets are charged in the consolidated statement of profit or loss, and the related revaluation surplus on property, plant and equipment, if any, is transferred directly to retained earnings.

#### 6.5 Capital work-in-progress

Capital work-in-progress is stated at cost less impairment loss, if any and consists of expenditure incurred (including any borrowing cost, if applicable) and advances made in the course of their construction and installation. Transfers are made to relevant class of assets as and when assets are available for intended use.

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#### 6.6 Right-of-use assets

Effective from July 01, 2019, the Group recognises right-of-use assets at the commencement date of the lease (i.e., the date, the underlying asset is available for use). Right-of-use assets are measured at cost, less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, and adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities. The cost of right-of-use assets includes the amount of lease liabilities recognised, initial direct costs incurred, and lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received. Right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the lease term and the estimated useful lives of the assets, as disclosed in note 8 to these consolidated financial statements.

If ownership of the leased asset is transferred to the Group at the end of the lease term or the cost reflects the exercise of a purchase option, depreciation is calculated using the estimated useful life of the asset.

#### 6.7 Intangible assets and amortization

Intangible assets are stated at cost less accumulated amortization and impairment losses, if any.

Subsequent expenditure on capitalized intangible assets is capitalized only when it increases the future economic benefits embodied in the specific assets to which it relates. All other expenditure are charged in the consolidated statement of profit or loss as incurred.

Amortization is charged in the consolidated statement of profit or loss on a straight line basis over the estimated useful lives of intangible assets unless such lives are indefinite. Amortization on additions to intangible assets is charged from the month in which an item is acquired or capitalized while no amortization is charged for the month in which the item is disposed off.

#### 6.8 Goodwill

Goodwill is initially measured as at the acquisition date, being the excess of (a) the aggregate of the consideration transferred; and (b) the net amount of the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed as at the date of acquisition.

In case the fair value attributable to the Group's interest in the identifiable net assets exceeds the fair value of consideration, the Group recognises the resulting gain in the consolidated statement of profit or loss on the acquisition date.

Goodwill acquired in a business combination is measured, subsequent to initial recognition, at cost less accumulated impairment losses, if any.

For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill is allocated to each of the Group's cash generating unit (CGU) (Wheat Production Unit) that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the operations irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the acquiree are assigned to these units or group of units.

A CGU to which goodwill has been allocated is tested for impairment annually, or more frequently when there is an indication that the unit may be impaired. If the recoverable amount of the CGU is less than its carrying amount, the impairment loss is allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the CGU and then to the other assets of the CGU on pro rata based on the carrying amount of each asset in the CGU. Any impairment loss for goodwill is recognised directly in the consolidated statement of profit or loss. An impairment loss recognised for goodwill is not reversed in subsequent periods.

On disposal of the relevant CGU, the attributable amount of goodwill is included in the determination of the profit or loss on disposal.





#### 6.9 Trade debts, advances and other receivables

Trade debts, advances and other receivables are recognized initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortized cost, as the case may be, less provision for impairment, if any. A provision for impairment is established when there is an objective evidence that the Group will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of receivables. Receivables considered irrecoverable are written-off.

#### 6.10 Stock-in-trade

Stock-in-trade and stock in transit are stated at the lower of cost less impairment loss if any or net realizable value. Cost is arrived on a weighted average basis. Cost of work-in-process and finished goods include cost of materials and appropriate portion of production overheads. Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less costs of completion and selling expenses. Scrap stocks and by-product are valued at their estimated net realizable values.

#### 6.11 Stores and spares

Stores and spares are stated at cost less provision for slow moving and obsolete items. Cost is determined by using the weighted average method. Items in transit are valued at cost comprising invoice value plus other charges incurred thereon.

#### 6.12 Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of presentation in the consolidated statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents includes cash in hand, balances with banks and short term borrowings (running finance) availed by the Group, which are repayable on demand and form an integral part of the Group's cash management.

#### 6.13 Trade and other payables

Trade and other payables are recognized initially at fair value plus directly attributable costs, if any, and subsequently measured at amortized costs.

#### 6.14 Off-setting of financial assets and financial liabilities

Financial assets and financial liabilities are off-set and the net amount is reported in these consolidated financial statements only when the Group has currently legally enforceable right to set-off the recognized amounts and the Group intends either to settle on a net basis or to realize the assets and to settle the liabilities simultaneously. The legally enforceable right must not be contingent on future events and must be enforceable in normal course of business and in the event of default, insolvency or winding up of the Group or the counter parties.

#### 6.15 Foreign currency translation

Transactions in foreign currencies are converted into functional currency "Rupees" at the rates of exchange prevailing on the dates of transactions. Monetary assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into functional currency at the rates of exchange prevailing at the date of statement of financial position. Exchange gain or loss are charged in the consolidated statement of profit or loss.

#### 6.16 Lease liabilities

The Group assesses at contract inception whether a contract is, or contains, a lease. That is, if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.



#### 6.16 Lease liabilities (continued)

The Group applies a single recognition and measurement approach for all leases, except for short-term leases and leases of low-value assets. The Group recognises lease liabilities to make lease payments and right-of-use assets representing the right to use the underlying assets.

At the commencement date of the lease, the Group recognises lease liabilities measured at the present value of lease payments to be made over the lease term. The lease payments include fixed payments (including in substance fixed payments) less any lease incentives receivable, variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, and amounts expected to be paid under residual value guarantees. The lease payments also include the exercise price of a purchase option reasonably certain to be exercised by the Group and payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the termination option is reasonably certain to be exercised. Variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or a rate are recognised as expenses (unless they are incurred to produce inventories) in the period in which the event or condition that triggers the payment occurs. In calculating the present value of lease payments at the lease commencement date, the Group uses the interest rate implicit in the lease. In case where the interest rate implicit in the lease is not readily determinable, the Group uses its incremental borrowing rate. After the commencement date, the amount of lease liabilities is increased to reflect the accretion of interest and reduced for the lease payments made. In addition, the carrying amount of lease liabilities is remeasured if there is a modification, a change in the lease term, a change in the lease payments or a change in the assessment of an option to purchase the underlying asset.

#### 6.17 Short-term leases and leases of low-value assets

The Group applies the short-term lease recognition exemption to its short-term leases of regional sales offices and warehouses, (i.e., those leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less from the commencement date and do not contain a purchase option). It also applies the lease of low-value assets recognition exemption to leases that are considered to be low value. Lease payments on short-term leases and leases of low-value assets are recognised as expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

#### 6.18 Government grant

Government grants are recognised where there is reasonable assurance that the grant will be received and all attached conditions will be complied with. When the grant relates to income, it is recognised as income on a systematic basis over the periods that the related costs, for which it is intended to compensate, are expensed out.

#### 6.19 Provisions

A provision is recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position when the Group has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of a past event, and it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of obligation. Provisions are measured at the present value of expected expenditure, discounted at a pre-tax rate reflects current market assessment of the time value of money and the risk specific to the obligation. However, provisions are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect current best estimate.

#### 6.20 Revenue recognition

- Domestic sales are recognised as revenue when invoiced with the transfer of significant risks and rewards of ownership, which coincides with delivery.
- Export sales are recognised as revenue when invoiced with the transfer of significant risks and rewards of ownership, which coincides either with date of shipping bill or upon delivery to customer or its representative, based on terms of arrangement.
- Toll manufacturing / partial manufacturing income is recognised when related services are rendered.

#### 6.21 Income on bank deposits and finance cost

The Group's finance income is included in other income and interest expense is included in finance cost. Interest income or expense is recognized using the charged interest method.

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#### 6.22 Taxation

Income tax expense comprises current and deferred tax. Income tax expense is charged in the consolidated statements of profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognized directly in equity or in other comprehensive income, in which case it is recognized in equity or in other comprehensive income respectively. In making the estimates for income taxes currently payable by the Group, the management considers the current income tax law and the decisions of appellate authorities on certain issues in the past.

#### Current

Current tax is the expected tax payable or receivable on the taxable income or loss for the year, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date, and any adjustment to tax payable or receivable in respect of previous years.

Provisions for current taxation is based on taxability of certain income streams of the Group under presumptive / final tax regime at the applicable tax rates and remaining income streams chargeable at current rate of taxation under the normal tax regime and / or minimum tax liability or alternate corporate tax as applicable, after taking into account tax credits and tax rebates available, if any.

#### **Deferred**

Deferred tax is recognized using balance sheet asset/ liability method, providing for deductible/ temporary difference between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for taxation purposes. The amount of deferred tax provided is based on the expected manner of realization or settlement of the carrying amount of assets and liabilities, using the tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the date of consolidated statement of financial position.

The Group recognises a deferred tax asset to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits for the foreseeable future will be available against which the assets can be utilised. Deferred tax assets are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realised.

#### 6.23 Staff retirement benefits

The Group's retirement benefit plans comprise of provident funds and gratuity schemes for eligible employees.

Defined contribution plans - Provident fund

The Parent Company operates a provident fund scheme for its permanent employees. Equal monthly contributions are made by the Company and its employees. Obligation for contributions to the fund are recognized as an expense in the consolidated profit or loss account when they are due.

#### Defined benefit plans

The Subsidiary Company recognises staff retirement benefits expense and liability in accordance with IAS 19 "Employee Benefits". An actuarial valuation of all defined benefit schemes is conducted every year. The valuation uses the Projected Unit Credit method. All remeasurement gains and losses are recognised in the other comprehensive income.





#### 6.23 Staff retirement benefits (continued)

#### Defined benefit plans

The Subsidiary Company operates an unapproved and unfunded gratuity scheme covering of all its permanent employees who have completed the qualifying period under the scheme. The scheme is administered by the trustees and contribution therein are made in the accordance with actuarial recommendations. The valuation in this regard is carried using the Projected Unit Credit Method with actuarial valuation being carried out at the end of each annual reporting period. Remeasurement of the defined benefit liability, which comprises of actuarial gain and losses are recognized in the statement of unconsolidated comprehensive income based on actuarial gain and losses. The Company determine the net interest expense / (income) on the net defined benefit liability / (asset) for the year by applying the discount rate used to measure the defined benefit obligation at the beginning of the annual year to the net defined benefit liability / (asset) taking into account and change in the net defined benefit liability / (asset) during the year as result of contribution and benefit payments. Net interest expense, current service cost and past service cost related to defined benefit plans are recognized in the consolidated statement of profit or loss.

#### 6.24 Borrowing cost

Borrowing cost and other related costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use, are added to the cost of those assets, until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use. All other borrowing costs are recognised as an expense in the period in which they are incurred. Borrowing costs include exchange differences arising on foreign currency borrowings, obtained for acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, to the extent that they are regarded as an adjustment to interest cost are included in the cost of qualifying assets.

#### 6.25 Contingent liabilities

A contingent liability is disclosed when the Group has a possible obligation as a result of past events, whose existence will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence, of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Group; or the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation that arises from past events, but it is not probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation, or the amount of the obligation cannot be measured with sufficient reliability.

#### 6.26 Financial Instruments

## (a) Classification and initial measurement

The Group classifies its financial assets in to following three categories;

- Fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI)
- Fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL); and
- Measured at amoritzed cost.

The following assessments have been made on the basis of the facts and circumstances that existed at the date of initial application:

- The determination of business model within which a financial asset is held; and
- The designation and revocation of previous designation of certain financial assets as measured at FVTPL.

#### Financial assets at FVOCI

A debt investment is measured at FVOCI if it meets both of the following conditions and is not designated as at FVTPL:





#### 6.26 Financial Instruments (Continued)

- It is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets; and
- Its contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

#### Financial assets at FVTPL

All financial assets not classified as measured at amortized cost or FVOCI as described above are measured at FVTPL. On initial recognition, the Group may irrecovably designate a financial asset that otherwise meets the requirements to be measured at amortized cost or at FVOCI or at FVTPL if doing so eliminates or significantly reduces an accounting mismatch that would otherwise arise.

A financial asset is initially measured at fair value plus, for an item not at FVTPL, transaction costs that are directly attributable to its acquisition.

#### Financial assets at amortized cost

A financial asset is measured at amortized cost if it meets both of the following conditions and is not designated as at fair value though profit or loss:

- It is held within business model whose objective is to hold assets to collect contractual cash flows; and
- Its contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on principal amount outstanding.

For assets measured at fair value, gain or loss will either be recorded in the consolidated statement of profit or loss or other comprehensive income. For investments in equity instruments that are not held for trading, this will depend on whether the Group has made an irrevocable election at the time of initial recognition to account for the equity investment at FVOCI.

#### (b) Subsequent measurement

#### Financial assets at FVOCI

These assets are measured at fair value, with gain or loss arising from changes in fair value recognized in other comprehensive income.

#### Financial assets at FVTPL

These assets are subsequently measured at fair value. Net gain and loss, including any interest/ mark-up or dividend income, are recognized in the consolidated statement of profit or loss.

#### Financial assets measured at amortized cost

These assets are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. The amortized cost is reduced by impairment losses. Interest/ mark-up income, foreign exchange gain and loss and impairment are recognized in the consolidated statement of profit or loss.

#### (c) Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are classified as "measured at amortized cost" or "measured at fair value through profit or loss". A financial liability is classified as at FVTPL if it is classified as held for trading, it is a derivative or it is designated as such on initial recognition. Financial liabilities at FVTPL are measured at fair value and net gain and loss, including any interest expense, are recognized in the consolidated statement of profit or loss.

Financial liabilities are derecognized when the contractual obligations are discharged or cancelled or have expired or when the financial liability's cash flows have been subsequently modified.





#### 6.27 Off-setting

Financial assets and liabilities are off-set and the net amount is reported in the consolidated financial statements only when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognized amount and the Group intends either to settle on a net basis or to realize the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

#### 6.28 Impairment

#### (a) Financial assets

The Group recognizes loss allowances for expected credit loss (ECL) in respect of financial assets measured at amortized cost.

The Group applies the simplified approach to recognize lifetime expected credit loss for trade debts. The Group assesses on a forward looking basis the expected credit loss associated with its financial assets.

The Group assesses whether the credit risk on a financial instrument has increased significantly since initial recognition. When making the assessment, the Group uses the change in the risk of a default occuring over the expected life of the financial instrument instead of the change in the amount of expected credit loss. To make the assessment, the Group compares the risk of a default occuring on the financial instrument as at the reporting date with the risk of a default occuring on the financial instrument as at the date of initial recognition and consider reasonable and supportable information, that is available without undue cost or effort, that is indicative of significant increases in credit risk since initial recognition.

Allowances for ECL financial assets measured at amortized cost are deducted from the gross carrying amount of the assets.

An entity shall directly reduce the gross carrying amount of a financial asset when the entity has no reasonable expectations of recovering a financial asset in its entirety or a portion thereof. A write-off constitutes a derecognition event of the Group.

#### (b) Impairment of non-financial assets

The carrying amounts of the Group's non-financial assets, other than deferred tax assets and inventories are reviewed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If such indication exists, the asset's recoverable amount, being higher of value in use and fair value less costs to sell, is estimated. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. For the purpose of impairment testing, assets that cannot be tested individually are grouped together into the smallest group of assets that generates cash inflows from continuing use that are largely independent of the cash inflows of other assets or groups of assets. An impairment loss is recognised whenever the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount. Impairment losses are recognised in the consolidated statements of profit or loss account.

#### 6.29 Proposed dividend and transfer between reserves

Dividend distributions to the Group's shareholders are recognized as a liability in the period in which dividends are approved. Transfer between reserves made subsequent to the reporting date is considered as a non-adjusting event and is recognized in the period in which such transfers are made.





#### 6.30 Functional and presentation currency

These concolidated financial statements are presented in Pakistan Rupee, which is the Group's functional and presentation currency.

### 6.31 Earnings per share

The Group presents earnings per share (EPS) for its ordinary shares. EPS is calculated by dividing the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Group by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year.



2020 Note

2019

UNITY FOODS LIMITED

PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT Operating fixed assets Capital work-in-progress (CWIP)

3.081.521.152 2,302,995,148  $\frac{610,192,211}{3.616.148.758}$ 3,005,956,547 7.1

						ح	3,010,140,70		3,001,021,102		WRITTEN
			TS00					ACCUM	ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION	IATION	0
I	As at July 01, 2019	Additions/ transfers	Acquired under business	Disposals	As at June 30, 2020	Depreciation Rate	As at July 01, 2019	Depreciation for the year	Disposals	As at June 30, 2020	As at June 30, 2020
Operating fixed assets			(Rupees)			(0/)			(Rupees)		
Owned Free hold land	20,815,016	,			20,815,016		•		•		20,815,016
Building on lease/ free hold land	356,734,911	90,228,015	71,671,737	•	518,634,663	4%	(13,498,807)	(18,395,754)	•	(31,894,561)	486,740,102
Plant and machinery	1,265,920,037	439,810,807	179,851,900	•	1,885,582,744	4%-10%	(54,842,273)	(84,032,597)	•	(138,874,870)	1,746,707,874
Furniture, fixtures and office equipment	22,148,800	11,459,858	8,806,010	•	42,414,668	5%-33%	(3,401,051)	(6,754,540)	•	(10,155,591)	32,259,077
Computer and auxilliary equipment	9,176,245	813,678	•	•	9,989,923	25%	(2,126,362)	(2,435,983)	•	(4,562,345)	5,427,578
Vehicles	9,586,109	11,012,106	3,338,912	(2,510,100)	21,427,027	70%	(1,024,645)	(2,730,940)	2,426,430	(1,329,155)	20,097,872
Leased											
Lease hold land	702,591,053	500,000	13,489,553	•	716,580,606	1.12% - 3.7%	(9,083,882)	(13,587,693)	•	(22,671,578)	693,909,028
1	2,386,972,171 553,824,464	553,824,464	277,158,112	(2,510,100)	3,215,444,647		(83,977,023)	(127,937,507)	2,426,430	(209,488,100)	3,005,956,547

7.1

WRITTEN DOWN VALUE	), As at June 30, 2019	
CIATION	As at June 30, 2019	
IULATED DEPRE	Disposals	Rupees
ACCUIN	Depreciation for the year	
	As at July 01, De 2018 for	
	Depreciation Rate (%)	
	As at June 30, 2019	
	Disposals	
LSOO	Acquired under business combination	(Rupees)
	Additions/ transfers	
	As at July 01, 2018	

	- (13,498,807)	- (54,842,273)	- (3,401,051)	- $(2,126,362)$	- $(1,024,645)$	•	- (9,083,885)	- (83,977,023)
	(9,569,198)	(39,626,657)	(3,105,519)	(1,833,392)	(810,510)		(6,310,079)	(61,255,355)
•	(3,929,609)	(15,215,616)	(295,532)	(292,970)	(214,135)		(2,773,806)	(22,721,668)
	4%	2%	70%	25%	70%		1.12% - 1.14%	I
20,815,016	356,734,911	1,265,920,037	22,148,800	9,176,245	9,586,109		702,591,053	2,386,972,171
							ı	
•	130,307,228	532,832,609	13,111,923	5,305,398	6,058,202		278,000,000	965,615,360
20,815,016	~	733,087,428		3,870,847	3,527,907		424,591,053	1,421,356,811
Owned Free hold land	Building on lease/ free hold land	Plant and machinery	Furniture, fixtures and office equipment	Computer and auxilliary equipment	Vehicles	Leased	Lease hold land	ı

20,815,016 343,236,104 1,211,077,764 18,747,749 7,049,883 8,561,464

 $\frac{693,507,168}{2,302,995,148}$ 

ANNUAL 2020



		Note	2020	2019
			(Rup	oees)
7.2	The depreciation charged for the year has been allocate	d as follows:		
	Cost of sales	26	119,161,565	55,099,967
	Selling, marketing and distribution expenses	27	1,775,781	345,130
	Administrative expenses	28	7,000,159	5,810,258
			127,937,505	61,255,355

## 7.3 Particulars of immovable property (i.e. land and building) in the name of the Group are as follows:

Particulars	Location	Total Area
Unity Foods Limited Lease hold land (Manufacturing plant)	Plot # N27/B, N27/C & N37/A, Site Area, Kotri, District Hyderabad.	38,429.60 Sq. Yd
Free hold land (Under construction)	Plot # N25, Site Area, Kotri, District Hyderabad.	148,733.20 Sq. Yd
Lease hold land (Manufacturing plant)	Plot # A-48, Eastern Industrial Zone, Port Qasim, Karachi.	24,200.00 Sq. Yd
Office premises	Unity Tower, 8-C, Shahrah-e-Faisal, P.E.C.H.S., Block 6, Karachi.	600 Sq. Yd
Sunridge Foods (Private) Limited Pesa flour plant	C6, North West Zone, Port Qasim	14520 Sq. Yd

	As at July 1, 2019	Additions / Adjustments	Acquired under business combination	Transfer / Adjustments	As at June 30, 2020
			(Rupees)		
7.4 Capital work-in-progress - at cost			•		
Lease hold land	500.000	-	-	(500,000)	-
Building on lease / free hold land	229,516,386	281,105,404	671,985	(76,644,000)	434,649,775
Plant and machinery	534,485,312	34,422,082	439,096	(398,775,411)	170,571,079
Furniture, fixtures and office equipment		828,040	141,522	(1,064,711)	4,210,768
Vehicles	9,718,389	-	27,385	(8,985,185)	760,589
	778,526,004	316,355,526	1,279,988	(485,969,307)	610,192,211
	As at July 1, 2018	Additions / Adjustments	Accquired under business combination	Transfer / Adjustments	As at June 30, 2019
			(Rupees)		
Lease hold land					
Building on lease / free hold land	500,000	278,000,000	-	(278,000,000)	500,000
Plant and machinery	20,128,266	326,780,249		(117,392,129)	229,516,386
Furniture, fixtures and office equipment	102,557,438	917,267,642	-	(485,339,768)	534,485,312
Vehicles	-	4,305,917	-	-	4,305,917
	123,185,704	$\frac{9,718,389}{1,536,072,197}$	<del>-</del>	(880,731,897)	9,718,389 778,526,004
	120,100,704	1,000,012,101		(000,731,037)	770,320,004

ANNUAL 2020



			Consolid	ated
		Note	2020	2019
8	RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS		(Rupe	es)
	Balance as at July, 01- (i.e. as at initial application) Impact of initial application of IFRS-16 Depreciation charged for the year Right-of-use assets (ROUA) - as at June, 30	8.1	119,648,079 (24,464,446) 95,183,633	- - - -
8.1	Depreciation for the year has been charged to;			
	Cost of sales Selling and distribution Administrative expenses	26 27 28	17,529,046 5,720,897 1,214,503 24,464,446	- - - -
9	INTANGIBLE ASSETS			
	Goodwill Intangible assets	9.1 9.1	281,249,256 10,978,956 292,228,212	8,654,440 8,654,440
9.1	Intangible assets		2020	)
			Goodwill	Software
	Cost		(Rupe	es)
	As at July, 01 Additions during the year/ Acquired under business combin As at June, 30	ation	281,249,256 281,249,256	10,276,432 4,570,983 14,847,415
	Accumulated amortization As at July, 01 Amortization charged during the year As at June, 30		- - -	(1,621,992) (2,246,467) (3,868,459)
	Written down value as at June, 30 Amortization rate (%)		281,249,256 Indefinite	10,978,956
	Amiortzation rate (70)		2019	
			Goodwill	Software
	Cost		(Rupe	es)
	As at July, 01 Additions during the year/ acquired under business combinates at June, 30	ation	<u>-</u> <u>-</u> <u>-</u>	5,900,669 4,375,763 10,276,432
	Accumulated amortization As at July, 01 Amortization charged during the year As at June, 30		- - -	(196,689) (1,425,303) (1,621,992)
	Written down value as at June, 30 Amortization rate (%)		Indefinite	8,654,440





#### 9.2 Goodwill

Goodwill amounting to Rs. 281.25 million has been recognised by the Group on acquisition of Sunridge Foods (Private) Limited.

For impairment testing, management has decided to evaluate same on annualized basis after completion of one year from the date of the acquisition. Consolidated

			2020	2019
10	DEFERRED TAX		(Rupe	ees)
	Deferred tax asset in respect of: Brought forward losses Exchange loss - unrealized Expected credit loss Lease liabilities Deferred tax liability in respect of: Accelerated tax depreciation		93,068,335 49,584,128 4,695,233 3,116,867 (131,314,056)	93,068,335
	Deferred tax (liability)/ asset		19,150,507	4,072,001
11	STOCK-IN-TRADE			
	Raw and packing material In hand In transit  Traded/ semi-finished goods In hand In transit  Work in process Finished goods		827,941,826 3,443,996,938 4,271,938,764 68,794,256 68,794,256 54,250,306 967,418,083	1,027,341,898 403,477,410 1,430,819,308 366,646,673 50,243,144 416,889,817 132,382,894 1,221,137,901
11.1	Pledged as security		5,362,401,409	3,201,229,920
	As at June 30, 2020, Rs. 1075.37 million (2019: Rs. 603.32 m security for a Rs. 1425.37 million (2019: Rs. 603.32 million) l	illion) of the ( oan from vari	Group's raw materia ious banks.	l was pledged as
12	TRADE DEBTS	Note	2020	2019
1 6	IMADE DEDIS		(Rupe	ees)
	Unsecured Considered good Considered doubtful		$\frac{7,812,790,409}{17,202,904}$ $\overline{7,829,993,313}$	3,063,574,186

12.1.1 The maximum aggregate amount of receivable due from related parties at the end of any month during the year was Rs. 188.54 million (2019: Rs. 264.94 million).

12.1.1 & 12.1.2



12.1

3,063,574,186

264,939,935

(17,202,904) 7,812,790,409

41,200,406

Allowance for expected credit loss

Unity Feeds (Private) Limited

Related parties from whom trade debts are due are as under:



12.1.2 The aging of the trade debts from related parties as at the reporting date is as under:

		Ö	Consolidated	
		Note	2020	2019
			(Rup	oees)
	Not yet due Past due 1-60 days Total		16,486,774 24,713,632 41,200,406	$\underbrace{\begin{array}{c} 148,366,364 \\ 116,573,571 \\ \hline 264,939,935 \end{array}}_{}$
13	ADVANCES, DEPOSITS AND PREPAYMENTS			
	Advances - considered good			
	To suppliers	13.1	62,780,194	3,143,458
	To employees	13.2	4,286,612	4,112,358
	Security deposits Prepayments	13.2	11,262,675 17,283,258	14,820,089 8,844,095
	Trepayments		95,612,739	30,920,000
13.1	These advances and deposits are non interest bearing.			
13.2	These security deposits pertain to utility connections and righ	it-of-use ass	sets.	
14	CASH AND BANK BALANCES			
	n 11 1			
	Bank balances - conventional banking	14.1	8,796,304	186,560
	- In saving accounts - In current accounts	11.1	104,275,932	18,461,332
			113,072,236	18,647,892
	Bank balances - islamic banking		0.000	
	- In saving accounts - In current accounts		8,203 57,933,651	20,655,225
	- In current accounts		57,941,854	20,655,225
	Cash in hand		2,169,172	740,717
14.1	Rate of return on savings account		<u>173,183,262</u>	40,043,834
	Profit on saving accounts ranges from 4.97% to 11.50% (2019)	: from 4.50	% to 10.25%) per an	num.
			Consol	
		Note	2020	2019
15	SHARE CAPITAL		(Rup	
	Authorized share capital 1,000,000,000 (2019: 1,000,000,000) ordinary shares of Rs. 10/- each		10,000,000,000	10,000,000,000
	Issued, subscribed and paid-up capital			
	544,050,000 (2019: 544,050,000) ordinary shares of Rs. 10/- each fully paid in cash.	15.1	5,440,500,000	5,440,500,000
15 1	As at Luna 20, 2020, Associated Company Unity Wilman Age	o (Duireata)	Limited held 11 010	)/ <b>(9010, 11 01</b> 0/\

As at June 30, 2020, Associated Company Unity Wilmar Agro (Private) Limited held 11.01% (2019: 11.01%), modarabas and mutual funds held 5.17% (2019: 3.22%), Directors, CEO their spouse and minor children held 28.37% (2019: 53.51%) while institutions held 8.59% (2019: 3.61%), others held 0.37% (2019: 1.05%) and individuals held 46.48% (2019: 27.60%). Voting rights, board selection and other shareholders rights are in proportion to their shareholding.



			Consolidated		
		Note	2020	2019	
16	LONG TERM LOAN		(Rupee	es)	
	Interest based arrangement Long term financing facility Other long-term loan	16.1	198,431,917	- -	
	Shariah compliant Diminishing Musharaka	16.2	$\frac{2,083,012}{200,514,929}  -$	<u>-</u>	
	Current portion shown under current liabilities		(57,247,103) 143,267,826	<u>-</u>	

- 16.1 The Group has obtained long term financing facility from JS Bank under a refinance scheme for payment of salaries and wages by the State Bank of Pakistan. It carries a flat mark-up at the rate of 3% per annum. However, the effective interest rate is calculated as 10.40% per annum and the loan has been recognised at the present value. The loan is repayable in 8 equal quarterly installments commencing from January 2021 discounted at the effective rate of interest. The differential markup has been recognised as government grant (as mentioned in note 19) which will be amortised to other income over the period of the facility. The financing is secured against plant and machinery of the Group amounting to Rs. 262.93 million (inclusive of 25% margin).
- 16.2 These carry markup at the rate of 6 months KIBOR plus 1.50% per annum and is repayable latest by September 2023. These facilities are secured against the respective assets.

		Consolidated	
		2020	2019
17	LEASE LIABILITIES	(Rupe	es)
	Present value of future minimum lease payments Less: current portion shown under current liabilities Non current portion	$ \begin{array}{r} 106,571,190 \\ \underline{(17,414,776)} \\ 89,156,414 \end{array} $	- - - -

17.1 The amount of future minimum lease payments, together with the present value of the minimum lease payments, and the periods during which they fall due are as follows.

		2020		
		Minimum lease payments	Finance charge	Present value of Minimum lease payments
			(Rupees)	
	Not later than one year Later than one year but not later than five years Total future minimum lease payments	31,042,892 109,801,339 140,844,231	(13,628,116) (20,644,925) (34,273,041)	17,414,776 89,156,414 106,571,190
		Note	2020	2019
17.0	A		(Ru	pees)
17.2	Amount recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss	31	15,885,839	



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#### 18 STAFF RETIREMENT BENEFITS

The Subsidary company operates unfunded gratuity scheme for employees who have completed the employment period of one year. During the year, the Company has carried out valuation under projected unit credit method and has made required disclosures:

	and has made required disclosures:	2020	2019
		(Rup	oees)
18.1	Staff retirement benefits - gratuity	7,832,183	
18.2	Movement in present value of defined benefit obligations Opening present value of defined benefit obligation Current service cost Interest cost on defined benefit obligation Benefits paid Remeasurements: Actuarial (gains)/losses from changes in financial assumptions Experience adjustments Closing present value of defined benefit obligation	7,506,126 6,039,109 786,115 (5,941,790) (97,112) (460,265) 7,832,183	- - - -
18.3	Expenses recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss Current service cost Interest cost on defined benefit obligation	6,039,109 786,115	
18.4	Remeasurements recognised in the consolidate statement of other comprehensive income	6,825,224	
	Actuarial (gains)/losses from changes in financial assumptions Experience adjustments	(97,112) (460,265) (557,377)	- - - -
18.5	Movement in the net liability recognised: Balance as at July, 01 Expense recognized in the consolidated statement of profit or loss Remeasurements chargeable in other comprehensive income Benefits paid Balance as at June, 30	7,506,126 6,825,224 (557,377) (5,941,790) 7,832,183	- - - -
18.6	Significant actuarial assumptions - Discount rate used for interest cost - Discount rate used for year end obligation - Salary increase rate	$\begin{array}{r} 14.25\% \\ \hline 8.50\% \\ \hline 8.50\% \end{array}$	
	- Next salary is increased at - Mortality rates	1-Jul-20 SLIC 2001-2005 Setback 1 year	
	- Retirement assumption	Age 60	





#### Consolidated

			Consoli	dated
		Note	2020	2019
18.7	Year end sensitivity analysis on staff retirement	benefits:	(Rup	ees)
	Discount vote + 100 hns		7,310,528	
	- Discount rate +100 bps		8,449,943	
	- Discount rate -100 bps		0,449,945	
	- Salary Increase +100 bps - Salary Increase -100 bps		$\frac{8,461,769}{7,289,735}$	<u>-</u>
	- Salary increase - 100 ups		7,209,733	
	Exprected benefits payments for the financial ye	ar 2021 will be Rs 2.327	million.	
19	DEFERRED GOVERNMENT GRANT			
	As at 01 July		-	-
	Received during the year		19,611,918	-
	Amortized during the period		(118,809)	
	As at 30 June	19.1	19,493,109	-
10.1	Non aurrent parties		7,298,709	<del>-</del>
19.1	Non-current portion		12,194,400	
	Current portion		19,493,109	
	upon the fact that the Group would not termin period of three months from the date of receipt		2020	2019
20	TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES		(Rup	ees)
	Trade creditors	20.1	9,053,032,310	1,775,348,319
	Advances from customers		6,896,314	-
	Accrued liabilities		81,843,372	41,137,567
	Withholding sales tax payable		1,050,702	118,087,122
	Withholding income tax payable		10,732,779	15,621,225
	Provident fund	20.3	1,711,218	13,149,978
	Worker's welfare fund	20.4	3,891,006	5,494,432
	Worker's profit participation fund	20.4	10,615,247	14,667,337
	Others		618,659	160,976
			9,170,391,607	1,983,666,956
20.1	This includes Rs. 1.310 million amount payable	to Unity Packages (Priv	ate) Limited [forme	erly Reliance Exim
	(Private) Limited].		2020	2019
			(Unaudited)	(Audited)
20.2	Provident Fund		(Rup	ees)
	Size of the trust		33,515,194	14,150,978
	Cost of investments			
			31,803,976	-
	Fair value of investments		$\frac{31,803,976}{31,803,976}$	-

20.3 This amount of Rs. 1.71 million is held with Unity Foods Limited as on June 30, 2020 (2019: Rs. 13.15 million) and investment from provident fund has been made as per section 218 of the Companies Act, 2017.

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#### 20 TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES (CONTINUED)

		Note	2020	2019
20.4	Worker's profit participation fund		(Rup	ees)
	As at July 01 Interest on fund utilized in Company's business Allocation for the year Paid during the year As at June 30	20.4.1	14,667,337 693,182 9,922,065 (14,667,337) 10,615,247	5,252,273 656,534 14,010,803 (5,252,273) 14,667,337

20.4.1 Interest on the workers profit participation fund has been accrued at the rate 15% (2019: 15%) per annum.

		Note	2020	2019
21	ACCRUED MARK-UP		(Rup	ees)
	Mark-up accrued on: - Loan from related party - Running finance and short term loans	21.1 21.2	73,693 66,625,823 66,699,516	1,334,650 37,731,305 39,065,955

- 21.1 This amount represented interest on loan from related party Fehmida Amin as disclosed in note 37.
- 21.2 This includes mark-up accrued amounting to Rs. 21.74 million (2019: Rs. 12.65 million) on shariah arrangements.

			Consolidated		
		Note	2020	2019	
22	SHORT TERM BORROWINGS - SECURED		(Rup	oees)	
	Under conventional arrangements				
	Finance against imported merchandise	22.1	1,524,331,650	1,258,795,560	
	Short term running finance	22.2	265,493,153	191,582,927	
	Under Islamic arrangements			-	
	Short term finance	22.3	2,191,681,220	1,116,992,790	
			3,981,506,023	2,567,371,277	

- Post import facilities (i.e. finance against imported merchandise and finance against trust receipt) from conventional window of commercial banks under mark-up arrangements amounted to Rs. 1,524.33 million (June 30, 2019: Rs. 1,258.79 million). During the period, mark-up on such arrangements ranged between 3 months KIBOR plus 1.00% 2.00% (June 30, 2019: 0.50% 2.00%) per annum for financing in local currency only and 3 months LIBOR plus 3.00% 4.00% per annum for financing in foreign currency only in the current financial period whereas no such arrangements were made for financing in foreign currency in the last financial year ended June 30, 2019.
- 22.2 Short term finance available from conventional window of various commercial banks under mark-up arrangements amounted to Rs. 265.49 million (June 30, 2019: Rs. 191.58 million). During the period, mark-up on such arrangements ranged between 3 months KIBOR plus 1.00% 2.00% (June 30, 2019: 1.00% 2.00%) per annum.

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#### 22 SHORT TERM BORROWINGS - SECURED (CONTINUED)

- 22.3 Funded facilities (isitisna, wakala and murabaha) available from Islamic banks amounted to Rs. 2,102.43 million (June 30, 2019: Rs. 1,116.99 million). During the period, mark-up on such arrangements ranged between 3 months KIBOR plus 1.25% 1.70% (June 30, 2019: 0.80% 1.70%) per annum for financing in local currency only and 3 months LIBOR plus 3.00% 4.00% flat per annum for financing in foreign currency only in the current financial period whereas no such arrangements were made for financing in foreign currency in the last financial year ended June 30, 2019.
- 22.4 Post import funded facilities, running finance and funded facilities from Islamic banks, are secured by way of pledge over import goods and hypothecation charge over current and fixed assets of the Group.

#### 23 LOAN FROM RELATED PARTY

This represents interest free loan which is payable on demand obtained from a related party, to meet working capital requirements. The name and relationship with the related party has been disclosed in note 37 of these consolidated financial statements.

#### 24 CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

#### 24.1 Contingencies

On May 24, 2018 the Group and the former directors received a notice from Habib Bank Limited relating to Suo Moto Notice of Supreme Court on loan write off pertaining to the period 2007. The former management for their own behalf of the Group have filed a statement on June 5, 2018 through their legal counsel whereby they have explained that due amounts were paid by the then management to the National Bank of Pakistan and Habib Bank Limited. The case is yet to be decided. The current management believes that no liability or payment accrues against the Group. Accordingly, no provisioning has been provided in these consolidated financial statements.

#### 24.2 Commitments

Commitments under letter of credit for raw materials as at June 30, 2020 amounted to Rs. 1,411 million (2019: Rs. 592 million).

		Consol	Consolidated		
		2020	2019		
25	NET SALES	(Rup	oees)		
	Local Export	$33,292,365,357 \\ \underline{1,435,000,796} \\ 34,727,366,153$	13,182,493,089 1,024,810,374 14,207,303,463		
	Sales tax Trade discount	(4,103,975,937) (177,213,245) (4,281,189,182)	(96,534,322) (32,945,055) (129,479,377)		
	Toll manufacturing	$ \begin{array}{r}     33,324,947 \\     \hline     30,479,501,918 \end{array} $	19,413,198 14,097,237,284		





26	COST OF SALES	Note	2020	2019
			(Rup	ees)
	Raw material consumed		26,505,310,123	13,721,084,560
	Salaries, wages and benefits	26.1	402,404,727	91,298,338
	Rent, rates and taxes		21,474,969	28,866,352
	Fuel, power and electricity		306,102,705	202,243,810
	Insurance		51,679,151	24,811,378
	Security and janitorial		14,459,549	4,528,639
	Postage, telephone and internet		2,115,150	1,013,331
	Printing, stationery and office supplies		2,046,330	322,298
	Vehicles, travelling and conveyance		5,624,449	731,700
	Transport - freight		154,787,858	34,801,106
	Toll manufacturing expenses		27,150,954	14,545,304
	Depreciation on operating fixed assets	7.2	119,161,565	55,099,967
	Depreciation to right-of-use assets	8.1	17,529,046	-
	Amortization		673,940	-
	Repair and mantenance		36,554,275	15,887,878
	Factory canteen expenses		828,631	-
	Cleaning expense		299,470	-
	Others		8,532,055	12,164,583
			27,676,734,947	14,207,399,244
	Add: Opening stock of work-in-process		134,482,603	141,530,436
	Less: Closing stock of work-in-process		(54,250,306)	(132,382,894)_
	Cost of goods manufactured		27,756,967,244	14,216,546,786
	Add: Opening stock of finished goods		1,658,306,888	241,514,996
	Less: Closing stock of finished goods		(1,036,212,339)	(1,638,027,718)
	0		28,379,061,793	12,820,034,064
	Cost of sales			

26.1 Salaries, wages and benefits include Rs. 5.90 million for the year ended June 30, 2020 (2019: Rs. 4.90 million/in respect of staff retirement benefits.

27	SELLING, MARKETING AND DISTRIBUTION EXPENSES	Note	2020	2019
			(Rupe	ees)
	Salaries, wages and benefits	27.1	94,293,362	73,376,650
	Security and janitorial		7,068,159	-
	Freight and forwarding		371,347,718	151,333,939
	Travelling, conveyance and entertainment		15,512,173	16,186,725
	Depreciation of operaing fixed assets	7.2	1,775,781	345,130
	Depreciation to right-of-use assets	8.1	5,720,897	-
	Amortization	9.1	449,293	285,061
	Expected credit loss		17,202,904	-
	Electricity, gas and water		1,250,182	523,917
	Printing, stationery and office supplies		1,685,190	1,080,669
	Repairs and mantainance		1,542,932	213,955
	Distributor expenses		124,515,131	35,521,766
	Rent ,rates and taxes		14,850,585	10,671,255
	Insurance		416,002	2,238,563
	Fees and subscription		2,774,968	-
	Postage, telephone and internet		1,279,737	1,031,887
	Transportation		32,591,122	-
	Marketing and research cost		5,851,982	-
	Advertising and sales promotion		49,414,760	59,142,516
	Others		1,471,218	4,818,779
		_	751,014,096	356,770,812
		=		



### 27 SELLING, MARKETING AND DISTRIBUTION EXPENSES (CONTINUED)

27.1 Salaries, wages and benefits include Rs. 5.75 million for the year ended June 30, 2020 (2019: Rs. 3.40 million) in respect of staff retirement benefits.

OO ADMINICEDATINE EVDENCEC	Note	2020	2019
28 ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES		(Rupees)	
Salaries, wages and benefits	28.1	115,499,648	91,759,266
Rents, rates and taxes		398,832	224,686
Travelling, conveyance and entertainment		31,688,869	20,162,331
Electricity, gas and water		2,680,823	8,825,021
Postage, telephone and internet		4,978,751	1,847,440
Insurance		992,424	1,541,521
Repairs and mantainance		3,195,579	1,794,362
Advertising and sales promotion		1,948,532	2,251,033
Auditor's remuneration	28.2	4,070,000	1,450,000
Legal and professional		10,802,916	8,560,852
Consultancy services		12,460,955	8,123,394
Fees and subscription		15,151,050	13,424,712
Security and janitorial charges		4,270,015	3,367,800
Donations		42,667	400,000
Depreciation on operating fixed assets	7.2	7,000,159	5,810,258
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	8.1	1,214,503	-
Amortization	9.1	1,123,234	1,140,242
Printing, stationery and office supplies		2,717,721	3,007,034
Others		7,431,734	6,970,974
	- -	227,668,412	180,660,926

28.1 Salaries, wages and benefits include Rs. 6.34 million for the year ended June 30, 2020 (2019: Rs. 5.86 million) in respect of staff retirement benefits.

28.2	Auditor's remuneration	Note	2020	2019
	Audit services		(Rup	ees)
	Audit fee		2,660,000	1,000,000
	Half yearly review		810,000	250,000
	Consolidation of Group's Financial Statements		300,000	-
	Review of Code of Corporate Governance		100,000	100,000
	Out of pocket expenses		100,000	50,000
	1 1	_	3,970,000	1,400,000
	Certifications for regulatory purposes	_	100,000	50,000
		_	4,070,000	1,450,000





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LINITY	FOODS LIMITED		conson	auteu
OINITI	- food for life!		2020	2019
29	OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES		(Rupe	ees)
	Euchangalass		071 107 711	4 7 7 000 000
	Exchange loss		374,127,511	157,830,990
	Worker's welfare fund		3,891,006	5,494,432
	Worker's profit participation fund	_	9,922,065	14,667,337
30	OTHER INCOME	=	387,940,582	177,992,759
30	OTHER INCOME			
	Income/ return on financial assets		004.000	04.400
	Income on bank deposits -under conventional bank	ing	621,098	81,460
	Income on bank deposits - under Islamic banking		2,813	-
	Income / (loss) from non-financial assets			
	Scrap sales		4,794,608	3,689,354
	Gain on disposal of operating fixed assets		592,143	_
	Unrealized exchange gain / (loss)		· =	=
	Amotisation of government grants		118,809	_
	Others		7,347,578	(2,620,357)
		-	13,477,049	1,150,457
		=	15,477,045	1,130,437
31	FINANCE COST		2020	2019
31	FINANCE COST		(Rupe	ees)
	Interest on short term loans/ running finance under			
	non-shariah arrangements		249,987,943	87,366,925
	Profit on short term loans under shariah arrangemen	nt	238,561,067	105,881,252
	Interest on worker's profit participation fund		693,182	656,534
	Finance charges of lease liability		15,885,839	-
	Interest cost on staff retirement benefits		786,115	
	Bank charges			97 447 159
			42,231,788	27,447,152
	Right issue expenses	<u>-</u>		66,855,699
		=	548,145,934	288,207,562
00	TA VATION.	Note	2020	2019
32	TAXATION		(Rupe	ees)
	Current year	32.1	-	-
	Prior years	· · · · ·	(53,511)	_
	<i>y</i>	-	(53,511)	
	Deferred	10	(15,078,506)	(19,647,098)
	Net Tax Charged	-	(15,132,017)	(19,647,098)
32.1	The Group has opted for tax credit for the period o Ordinance, 2001. Accordingly, no provision for curre statements.		made in these cons	olidated financial
			2020	2019
33	BASIC AND DILUTED EARNING PER SHARE		(Rupe	ees)
	Profit after taxation	=	212,838,242	255,074,520
	Weighted average number of ordinary shares	-	(Number of	f Shares)
	outstanding during the year		·	•
	outstanding during the year		544,050,000	248,518,408
			(Rupe	ees)
	Racic and diluted corning per chara		•	
	Basic and diluted earning per share	-	0.39	1.03
		=		N .



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		Note	2020	2019
34	CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		(Rupees)	
	Profit before taxation Adjustments for non-cash items:		199,148,150	274,721,618
	Depreciation of operaing fixed assets	7.1	127,937,507	61,255,356
	Depreciation to right-of-use assets	8.1	24,464,446	-
	Amortization on intangible assets	9.1	2,246,467	1,425,303
	Amortization on government grant		(118,809)	
	Expected credit loss	12	17,202,904	_
	Capitalization of CWIP to opening fixed assets		484,840,683	880,731,897
	Provision for staff gratuity		6,825,224	-
	Gain on disposal	30	(592,143)	-
	Liability written off		(25,000)	-
	Unrealised exchange loss		170,979,754	14,742,983
	Donation		(22,667)	
	Profit on deposit account		3,066	-
	Finance cost		548,362,355	288,207,562
			1,581,251,937	1,521,084,719
	Changes in working capital			
	(Increase)/ decrease in current assets:			
	Stock-in-trade		(2,077,785,462)	(1,721,972,811)
	Stores and spares		(33,556,747)	(30,913,536)
	Trade debts		(4,712,410,402)	(1,915,363,087)
	Advances, deposits and short term prepayments		(171,912,504)	76,178,427
	Other receivables		(9,608,886)	29,945,650
			(7,005,274,001)	(3,562,125,357)
	Increase/ (decrease) in current liabilities:			
	Trade and other payables		6,817,478,344	224,132,491
	Sales tax payable		293,680,782	(148,735,969)
	Contract liabilities		3,532,548	-
	Unclaimed dividend		(440,699)	1,188,311
		<u>-</u>	7,114,250,975	76,584,833
	Cash generated from/ (used in) operating activities	=	1,690,228,911	(1,964,455,805)
34.1	Cash and cash equivalents			
	Cash and cash equivalents comprise of:			
	Cash and bank balances	14	173,183,262	40,043,834
	Short term borrowings under conventional banks		(265, 493, 153)	(191,582,927)
	Short term borrowings under Islamic banks		(89,250,000)	-
		-	(404 880 004)	(4 54 500 000)
		=	(181,559,891)	(151,539,093)





#### 35 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND RELATED DISCLOSURES

The Board of Directors of the Group has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Group's risk management framework.

#### Risk management framework

The Board meets frequently throughout the year for developing and monitoring the Group's risk management policies. The Group's risk management policies are established to identify and analyse the risks faced by the Group, to set appropriate risk limits and controls, and to monitor risks and adherence to limits. Risk management policies and systems are reviewed regularly to reflect changes in market conditions and the Group's activities. The Group, through its standards and procedures, aims to develop a disciplined and constructive control environment in which all employees understand their role and obligations.

The Audit Committee oversees how management monitors compliance with the Group's risk management policies and procedures, and reviews the adequacy of the risk management framework in relation to the risks faced by the Group.

The Group has exposure to the following risks from its use of financial instruments:

- Credit risk
- Liquidity risk
- Market risk

#### 35.1 Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Group if a customer or counter party to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations without considering the fair value of the collateral available there against.

#### Exposure to credit risk

The carrying amount of respective financial assets represent the maximum credit exposure. The maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date is as follows:

	Note	2020	2019
		(Ru	pees)
Deposits	13	11,262,675	14,820,089
Trade debts	12	7,812,790,409	3,063,574,186
Bank balances		<u>171,610,974</u>	39,303,117
		7,996,646,418	3,117,697,392

#### **Deposits**

The Group has provided security deposits and retention money as per the contractual terms with counter parties as security and does not expect material loss against those deposits and retention money.

#### Trade debts

The Group's exposure to credit risk arising from trade debtors is mainly influenced by the individual characteristics of each customer. The Group establishes an allowance for expected credit loss that represents its estimate of incurred losses.

Analysis of gross amounts receivable from local and foreign trade debtors are as follows:





3.063.574.186

57,364,211 7.829.993.313

#### FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND RELATED DISCLOSURES (CONTINUED)

#### 35.1 Credit risk (continued)

35

	2020 (Ruj	2019 pees)
Domestic Export	7,829,993,313	3,063,574,186
The ageing of trade debts at the date of statement of financial position is		
Not past due Past due 1 - 30 days Past due 30 - 90 days	1,916,512,458 4,539,438,682 1,316,677,962	1,502,285,318 933,599,434 627,689,434

The Group kept its surplus funds with banks having good credit rating. Currently the surplus funds are kept with banks having rating from AAA to A-.

#### Concentration of credit risk

Past due above 90 days

**Bank balances** 

Concentration of credit risk arises when a number of counter parties are engaged in similar business activities or have similar economic features that would cause their abilities to meet contractual obligations to be similarly affected by the changes in economic, political, or other conditions. The Group believes that it is not exposed to major concentration of credit risk.

#### 35.2 Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. Liquidity risk arises because of the possibility that the Group could be required to pay its liabilities earlier than expected or difficulty in raising funds to meet commitments associated with financial liabilities as they fall due. The Group's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the Group's reputation. The Group ensures that it has sufficient cash to meet expected working capital requirements by having credit lines available. The following are the contractual maturities of financial liabilities, including interest payments and excluding the impact of netting agreements:

Carrying Amount	Contractual maturities	Maturity up to one year	Maturity up to two to five years
	(Rup	ees)	
200,514,929	200,514,929	57,247,103	143,267,826
106,571,190	106,571,190	17,414,776	89,156,414
9,170,391,607	9,170,391,607	9,170,391,607	-
66,699,516	66,699,516	66,699,516	-
3,981,506,023	3,981,506,023	3,981,506,023	-
1,195,395	1,195,395	1,195,395	-
747,612	747,612	747,612	-
75,490,811	75,490,811	75,490,811	-
4,935,451	4,935,451	4,935,451	
13,608,052,534	13,608,052,534	13,375,628,294	232,424,240
13,608,052,534	13,608,052,534	13,375,628,294	232,424,240
	Amount  200,514,929 106,571,190 9,170,391,607 66,699,516 3,981,506,023 1,195,395 747,612 75,490,811 4,935,451 13,608,052,534	Amount         maturities	Amount         maturities         one year

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As at June 30, 2019	Carrying Amount	Contractual maturities	Maturity up to one year	Maturity up to two to five years
Non-derivative financial liabilities	(Rupees)			
Trade and other payables	1,983,666,956	1,983,666,956	1,983,666,956	-
Accrued mark-up	39,065,955	39,065,955	39,065,955	-
Short term borrowings	2,567,371,277	2,567,371,277	2,567,371,277	-
Unclaimed dividend	1,188,311	1,188,311	1,188,311	-
Loan from related party	179,866,504	179,866,504	179,866,504	-
	4,771,159,003	4,771,159,003	4,771,159,003	
Derivative financial liabilities	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>		
	4,771,159,003	4,771,159,003	4,771,159,003	

#### 35.3 Market risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices, such as foreign exchange rates, interest rates and equity prices will affect the Group's income or the value of its holdings of financial instruments. The objective of market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters, while optimising the return. The Group is exposed to currency risk and interest rate risk only.

#### 35.3.1 Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. Foreign currency risk arises mainly where receivables and payables exist due to transactions entered into foreign currencies. The foreign currency risk of the Group is minimal as the export bills are immediately realized via sale to bank.

#### 35.3.2 Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk represents the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates.

The Group has no long term interest bearing financial assets and liabilities whose fair value or future cash flows will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates.

Financial assets and liabilities include balance of Rs. 8.796 million (2019: Rs 0.1866 million) and Rs. 4,282 million (2019: 2,834 million) respectively, which are subject to interest rate risk. Applicable interest rates for financial assets have been indicated in respective notes.

As at June 30, 2020, if interest rates had been 1% higher/ lower with all other variables held constant, profit after tax for the year would have been Rs. 52.19 million (2019: Rs. 20.12 million) lower/ higher, mainly as a result of lower/ higher interest expense/ income from these financial liabilities and assets.

#### 35.3.3 Other price risk

The Group is not exposed to any price risk due to the fact that the Group does not hold any investments in financial instruments.





#### REMUNERATION TO THE CHIEF EXECUTIVE, DIRECTORS AND EXECUTIVES

	Chief Executive Officer	Directors	Executives	Total
		20	lidated 20 pees)	
Managerial remuneration House rent Medical Retirement benefits Director's meeting fee	2,666,664 1,733,336 650,000 2,00,000 5,250,000	1,170,000 1,170,000	54,881,982 27,369,232 5,089,540 5,447,535 18,775,791 111,564,080	$57,548,646 \\ 29,102,568 \\ 5,089,540 \\ 6,097,535 \\ 25,195,791 \\ 123,034,080$
Number of persons		7	20	29
	Chief Executive Officer	20	Executives lidated 119 Dees)	Total
Managerial remuneration House rent Medical Retirement benefits Director's meeting fee	- - - - -	- - - - -	66,503,699 29,926,870 6,650,369 4,388,187 	66,503,699 29,926,870 6,650,369 4,388,187 107,469,125
Number of persons	1	7	30	38

Last year, the chief executive officer and directors have waived their remuneration and meeting fee for the year.

#### 37 TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES WITH RELATED PARTIES

Related parties comprise of associated companies, the subsidiary companies, directors of the Company, companies in which the Company's directors also hold directorship, related group companies, key management personnel and staff retirement benefit funds. All transaction with related parties are under agreed terms/ contractual arrangements.



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#### TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES WITH RELATED PARTIES (CONTINUED) 37

Transactions with related parties
Transactions with related parties other than those disclosed elsewhere are as follows:

Related parties	Nature of relationship	Nature of transaction	2020 (Rup	2019 ees)
Unity Feeds (Private) Limited	Associated company	Sales Purchases	410,337,472	$\frac{1,017,133,846}{500,122,351}$
Unity Enterprises (Private) Limited	Associated company	Loan received Loan repaid	86,425,000 10,934,189	<u>-</u>
Unity Packages (Private) Limited	Associated company	Commission	1,310,596	
Fehmida Amin - Mother of director	Lender	Loan received Loan repaid	663,724,884 843,591,388	4,792,740,300 5,035,599,444
Providend fund	Staff retirement benefit fund	Contribution paid	20,595,680	8,111,758
Directors and executives	Key management personnel	Remuneration paid	49,012,655	38,100,000
Balances with related parties				
Related parties	Nature of relationship	Nature of transaction		
Unity Feeds (Private) Limited	Associated company	Against sale of goods	41,200,406	264,939,935
Unity Enterprises (Private) Limited	Associated company	Against loan	75,490,811	
Unity Packages (Private) Limited	Associated company	Against commission payable	1,310,596	
Fehmida Amin - Mother of director	Lender	Against loan Against loan markup		179,866,504 1,334,650
Providend fund	Staff retirement benefit fund	Against contribution payable	1,711,218	13,149,978

The outstanding balances with related parties are diclosed in note 12 to these consolidated financial statements.





#### 37.1 Name of the related party

Unity Packages (Pvt) Ltd. (formerly Reliance Exim (Pvt) Ltd.) Agro Allianz Limited Unity Enterprises (Pvt) Ltd. Unity Feeds (Pvt) Ltd. Unity Wilmar Foods (Pvt) Ltd. Unity Wilmar Packages (Pvt) Ltd. Unity Wilmar Agro (Pvt) Ltd. Kairos Resources (Pvt) Ltd. Ace International (Pvt) Ltd. Karachi Steel Industries (Pvt) Ltd. North Star International (Pvt) Ltd. Portstar Services (Pvt) Ltd.

#### Relationship and percentage of shareholding

Associated company by nature of common directorship Associated company by nature of common directorship

#### 38 CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Group manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it in the light of changes in economic conditions. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the dividend payments to shareholders or issue new shares. The management seeks to maintain a balance between higher returns that might be possible with higher levels of borrowings and the advantages and security afforded by a sound capital position.

The Group's objective when managing capital is to safeguard its ability to continue as a going conern in order to provide adequate returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital.

In order to achieve the above objectives, the Group may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, return capital to shareholders, issue new shares through bonus or right issue or sell assets to reduce debts or raise debts, if required.

The gearing ratio as at June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2019 is as follows:

	2020	2019
	Rupees	
	000 514 000	
Long-term loan	200,514,929	-
Short-term financing	3,981,506,023	2,567,371,277
Total debt	4,182,020,952	2,567,371,277
Cash and bank balances	(173,183,262)	(40,043,834)
Net debt	4,008,837,690	2,527,327,443
Share Capital	5,440,500,000	5,440,500,000
Advance against future issue of shares	12,163,324	-
Unappropiated profit	412,785,010	253,967,178
Share Capital and reserves	5,865,448,334	5,694,467,178
Gearing ratio (Net debt/(Net debt + share capital and reserves))	40.60%	30.74%





#### 39 MEASUREMENT OF FAIR VALUES

Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

Level 1: Fair value measurement using quoted (unadjusted) in active markets for identical asset or liability. Level 2: Fair value measurements using inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).

Level 3: Fair value measurement using inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (i.e. unobservable inputs).

As at the reporting date, the Group does not have any Financial Assets carried at fair value that required categorization in Level 1, Level 2 and Level 3.

40	ANNUAL PRODUCTION CAPACITY  Production capacity as at year end was as follows:	2020 Metri	2019 c Tons
	Edible oil refinery	234,000	234,000
	Solvent extraction plant	162,000	162,000
	Feed mill	302,400	
	Wheat plant - PQ	43,800	
	The actual production for the year was:		
	Edible oil refinery	176,553	48,935
	Solvent extraction plant	9,765	76,410
	Feed Mill	170,728	-
	Wheat plant - PQ (Post acquisition)	10,470	
	Wheat plant - PQ (Pre acquisition)	14,658	

#### 41 OPERATING SEGMENT

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the basis of a single reportable segment as the Group's asset allocation decisions are based on a single, integrated business strategy, and the Group's performance is evaluated on an overall basis.





## 42 NON ADJUSTING EVENT AFTER THE DATE OF THE STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

#### 42.1 Right issue of shares

The Board of Directors in its meeting held on June 18, 2020, has passed a resolution for issuance of further 450,000,000/- (Four Hundred Fifty Million) ordinary shares of the Company of Rs. 10/- per share, to be offered to the shareholders of the Company in proportion to the number of shares held by each shareholder (i.e. as right shares) in accordance with the provisions of Section 83 of the Companies Act, 2017 and all applicable laws, at a price of PKR 10/- per share (i.e. at par), in the ratio of approximately 82.71 right shares for every 100 existing ordinary share of PKR 10/- each, against payment to the Company of the price of the share subscribed, which shares shall rank pari passu in all respects with the existing ordinary shares of the Company (the "Right Issue").

The purpose of the Right Issue is to meet the increased working capital requirements of the Group in order to, inter alia, enhance profitability of the Company and, consequentially, the returns to the shareholders.

The proceeds from the Right Issue will be primarily utilized for meeting the increased working capital requirements of the Company. This is expected to positively impact the profitability, thereby enhancing expected returns to the shareholders.

## 43 CORRESPONDING FIGURES

The fourth schedule to the Companies Act, 2017 has introduced certain presentation and classification requirements for the elements of financial statements. Accordingly, the corresponding figures have been rearranged and reclassified, wherever considered necessary, to comply with the requirements of Companies Act, 2017.

In addition certain corresponding figures have been rearranged and reclassified, wherever considered necessary, for the purposes of comparison and to reflect the substance of the transactions, the effect of which is immaterial.

#### 44 GENERAL

44.1	Figures have been rounded off to the nearest rupee unless otherwise stated.

44.2	Number of employees	2020	2019
	Total number of employees as at June 30 Average number of employees during the year	173 148	122 81
	Total number of factory employees as at June 30 Average number of factory employees during the year	$\frac{299}{281}$	263 217

#### 45 DATE OF AUTHORIZATION FOR ISSUE

These consolidated financial statements were authorized for issue in the Board of Directors meeting held on September 30, 2020.



Chairman Abdul Majeed Ghaziani





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# UNITY FOODS LIMITED PATTERN OF SHARE HOLDING - FORM "34" SHAREHOLDERS STATISTICS AS AT JUNE 30, 2020

Number of	_		_	Total
Share Holders	From	Share Holding	То	Share Held
234	1	-	100	6,223
1083	101	_	500	502,860
1201	501	_	1000	1,184,840
3059	1001	_	5000	9,229,403
1167	5001	_	10000	9,616,833
447	10001	_	15000	5,816,700
356	15001	_	20000	6,570,335
214	20001	_	25000	5,050,311
121	25001	_	30000	3,469,721
85	30001	_	35000	2,827,829
64	35001	_	40000	2,472,122
52	40001	_	45000	2,248,591
128	45001	_	50000	6,344,353
35	50001	_	55000	1,870,666
44	55001	_	60000	2,582,707
25	60001	_	65000	1,589,395
24	65001	_	70000	1,654,449
26	70001	_	75000	1,913,544
22	75001	_	80000	1,732,545
18	80001	_	85000	1,489,176
10	85001		90000	885,095
6	90001	_	95000	563,639
50	95001	_	100000	4,986,215
10	100001	-	105000	1,035,913
9	105001	-	110000	976,456
6	110001	-	115000	679,000
12	115001	-	120000	1,423,048
8	120001	-	125000	992,827
2	125001	-	130000	255,731
$\frac{2}{7}$	130001	-	135000	937,500
6	135001	-	140000	831,664
5	140001	-	145000	709,482
10	145001	-	150000	1,495,500
6	150001	-	155000	917,300
5	155001	-	160000	793,500
		-	165000	
4	160001 165001	-	170000	648,500 169,500
1 7		-		*
7 3	170001 175001	-	175000 180000	1,214,500
	185001	-	190000	535,500 754 865
4 2	190001	-	195000	754,865
14	195001	-	200000	383,000
		-	205000	2,796,000
4	200001	-		814,000
3	210001 220001	-	215000	639,500
1		-	225000	223,000
1	225001	-	230000	226,500
2	230001	-	235000	463,900





Number of Share Holders         From         Share Holding         To         Total Share Held           1         235001         -         240000         235,059           4         245001         -         250000         997,500           1         265001         -         270000         268,500           3         275001         -         280000         836,999           1         285001         -         290000         290,000           6         295001         -         290000         290,000           1         305001         -         300000         1,800,000           1         305001         -         300000         301,000           1         315001         -         315000         312,000           1         315001         -         325000         323,609           1         325001         -         325000         323,609           1         325001         -         325000         323,609           1         325001         -         325000         323,609           1         3350001         -         335000         335,000           3         335001					food for life!
4         245001         -         250000         997,500           1         265001         -         270000         268,500           3         275001         -         280000         836,999           1         280001         -         285000         285,000           1         285001         -         290000         290,000           6         295001         -         300000         1,800,000           1         300001         -         305000         301,000           1         315001         -         310000         310,000           1         315001         -         320000         316,500           1         320001         -         325000         323,609           1         325001         -         335000         323,609           1         330001         -         335000         323,609           3         335001         -         335000         323,609           3         335001         -         335000         335,000           3         335001         -         355000         1,050,000           3         355001         -         37500 </td <td></td> <td>From</td> <td>Share Holding</td> <td>То</td> <td></td>		From	Share Holding	То	
4         245001         -         250000         997,500           1         265001         -         270000         268,500           3         275001         -         280000         836,999           1         280001         -         285000         285,000           1         285001         -         290000         290,000           6         295001         -         300000         1,800,000           1         300001         -         305000         301,000           1         315001         -         310000         310,000           1         315001         -         320000         316,500           1         320001         -         325000         323,609           1         325001         -         335000         323,609           1         330001         -         335000         323,609           3         335001         -         335000         323,609           3         335001         -         335000         335,000           3         335001         -         355000         1,050,000           3         355001         -         37500 </td <td>1</td> <td>235001</td> <td>_</td> <td>240000</td> <td>235.059</td>	1	235001	_	240000	235.059
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3         275001         -         280000         836,999           1         285001         -         285000         285,000           1         285001         -         290000         290,000           6         295001         -         300000         1,800,000           1         300001         -         305000         301,000           1         315001         -         315000         312,000           1         315001         -         320000         316,500           1         325001         -         325000         323,609           1         325001         -         330000         326,500           3         335001         -         335000         325,000           3         335001         -         335000         325,500           3         335001         -         335000         325,500           3         335001         -         335000         1,057,452           2         370001         -         355000         1,057,452           2         375001         -         375000         742,500           385000         385,000         755,000			_		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
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3       350001       _       355000       1,057,452         2       370001       _       375000       742,500         2       375001       _       380000       755,000         1       380001       _       385000       385,000         2       385001       _       390000       779,000         5       395001       _       400000       2,000,000         1       400001       _       405000       400,500         1       415001       _       420000       417,000         1       425001       _       425000       425,000         1       425001       _       435000       862,500         2       435001       _       440000       872,000         1       440001       _       445000       445,000         2       445001       _       450000       896,500         2       465001       _       470000       938,343         2       470001       _       475000       491,000         11       495001       _       495000       5,499,000	3		-		, ,
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11 495001 5,499,000 5,499,000	2	470001	-	475000	945,327
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1 530001 - 535,000 535,000	1	530001	-	535000	535,000
1 560001 - 565,000 565,000	1	560001	-	565000	565,000
1 595001 - 600000 600,000		595001	-	600000	
1 600001 - 605000 604,118			-		· ·
1 645001 - 650000 646,500			-		· ·
1 670001 - 675000 672,000			-		· ·
2 695001 - 700000 1,400,000			-		•
1 745001 - 750000 749,000			-		
1 750001 - 755000 754,500			-		•
1 770001 - 775000 773,500			-		· ·





Number of Share Holders	food for life! ————				
1         845001         -         850000         849,000           1         915001         -         920000         917,000           1         925001         -         930000         929,000           3         995001         -         960000         955,500           3         995001         -         1000000         3,000,000           1         1150001         -         1160000         1,152,447           1         1175001         -         1180000         1,175,117           1         1225001         -         1180000         1,175,117           1         1225001         -         1230000         1,227,500           1         1245001         -         1250000         1,250,000           1         1295001         -         1300000         1,250,000           1         1470001         -         1475000         1,475,000           1         1495001         -         1500000         1,500,000           1         1595001         -         1600000         1,637,681           1         1835001         -         1605000         1,637,681           1         185001		From	Share Holding	То	
1         845001         -         850000         849,000           1         915001         -         920000         917,000           1         925001         -         930000         929,000           3         995001         -         960000         955,500           3         995001         -         1000000         3,000,000           1         1150001         -         1160000         1,152,447           1         1175001         -         1180000         1,175,117           1         1225001         -         1180000         1,175,117           1         1225001         -         1230000         1,227,500           1         1245001         -         1250000         1,250,000           1         1295001         -         1300000         1,250,000           1         1470001         -         1475000         1,475,000           1         1495001         -         1500000         1,500,000           1         1595001         -         1600000         1,637,681           1         1835001         -         1605000         1,637,681           1         185001	1	840001	_	845000	842 000
1         915001         -         920000         917,000           1         925001         -         930000         929,000           1         955001         -         960000         955,500           3         995001         -         1000000         3,000,000           1         1155001         -         1160000         1,152,447           1         1155001         -         1180000         1,152,447           1         1175001         -         1180000         1,175,117           1         1225001         -         1230000         1,227,500           1         1245001         -         1230000         1,227,500           1         1245001         -         1300000         1,300,000           1         1475000         1,475,000         1,475,000           1         14750001         -         1500000         1,500,000           1         1495001         -         1500000         1,500,000           1         1835001         -         1600000         1,601,000           1         1835001         -         1900000         1,900,000           1         24550001         <			_		'
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1         1155001         -         1160000         1,160,000           1         1175001         -         1180000         1,175,117           1         1225001         -         1230000         1,227,500           1         1245001         -         1250000         1,250,000           1         1295001         -         1300000         1,300,000           1         147001         -         1475000         1,475,000           1         1495001         -         1500000         1,500,000           1         1495001         -         1500000         1,500,000           1         1505001         -         1605000         1,501,000           1         1635001         -         1640000         1,637,681           1         1895001         -         1640000         1,637,681           1         1895001         -         1800000         1,900,000           1         215001         -         2220000         2,019,061           1         2455001         -         2455000         2,468,000           1         2455001         -         2455000         2,500,000           1			_		' '
1         1175001         -         1180000         1,175,117           1         1225001         -         1230000         1,227,500           1         1245001         -         1250000         1,250,000           1         1295001         -         1300000         1,300,000           1         1470001         -         1475000         1,475,000           1         1495001         -         1500000         1,500,000           1         1595001         -         1600000         1,598,500           1         1600001         -         1605000         1,631,000           1         1635001         -         1640000         1,637,681           1         1895001         -         1640000         1,637,681           1         1895001         -         190000         1,900,000           1         2450001         -         2455000         2,190,000           1         2450001         -         2455000         2,468,000           1         2450001         -         2595000         2,594,500           1         2495001         -         25595000         2,548,864           1			_		
1         1225001         -         1230000         1,227,500           1         1245001         -         1250000         1,250,000           1         1295001         -         1300000         1,300,000           1         1470001         -         1475000         1,475,000           1         1495001         -         1500000         1,500,000           1         1595001         -         1600000         1,598,500           1         1600001         -         1605000         1,601,000           1         1635001         -         1605000         1,601,000           1         1895001         -         1900000         1,900,000           1         2015001         -         2020000         2,019,061           1         2455001         -         2020000         2,019,061           1         2455001         -         245000         2,450,500           1         24455001         -         245000         2,500,000           1         2495001         -         2595000         2,594,500           1         2645001         -         2645000         2,648,846           1			_		
1         1245001         -         1250000         1,250,000           1         1295001         -         1300000         1,300,000           1         1470001         -         1475000         1,475,000           1         1495001         -         1500000         1,500,000           1         1595001         -         1600000         1,598,500           1         1635001         -         1640000         1,637,681           1         1895001         -         1640000         1,637,681           1         1895001         -         1900000         1,900,000           1         2015001         -         2020000         2,919,061           1         2450001         -         2450000         2,468,000           1         2465001         -         2470000         2,468,000           1         2495001         -         2500000         2,594,500           1         2645001         -         2645000         2,645,000           1         2645001         -         2650000         2,648,846           1         2755000         -         2755,000         2,755,000           1			_		
1         1295001         -         1300000         1,300,000           1         1470001         -         1475000         1,475,000           1         1495001         -         1500000         1,500,000           1         1595001         -         1600000         1,598,500           1         1600001         -         1605000         1,601,000           1         1635001         -         1640000         1,637,681           1         1895001         -         1900000         1,900,000           1         2450001         -         2220000         2,019,061           1         2455001         -         2250000         2,468,000           1         2455001         -         245000         2,468,000           1         2495001         -         259000         2,594,500           1         2495001         -         2595000         2,594,500           1         2590001         -         2650000         2,648,00           1         2645001         -         2650000         2,648,846           1         2755000         2,755,000         2,755,000           1         2895001	1		<u>-</u>		
1         1470001         -         1475000         1,475,000           1         1495001         -         1500000         1,500,000           1         1595001         -         1600000         1,598,500           1         1600001         -         1605000         1,601,000           1         1635001         -         1640000         1,637,681           1         1895001         -         1900000         1,900,000           1         2015001         -         2020000         2,019,061           1         2450001         -         2245000         2,450,500           1         2465001         -         2250000         2,500,000           1         2495001         -         2590000         2,594,500           1         2495001         -         2595000         2,594,500           1         2495001         -         2595000         2,648,800           1         2485001         -         2650000         2,648,846           1         275001         -         2755000         2,755,000           1         2895001         -         2900000         2,896,450           1	1				
1         1495001         -         1500000         1,500,000           1         1595001         -         1600000         1,598,500           1         1600001         -         1605000         1,601,000           1         1635001         -         1640000         1,637,681           1         1895001         -         1900000         1,900,000           1         2015001         -         2020000         2,019,061           1         2450001         -         2455000         2,450,500           1         2465001         -         2470000         2,468,000           1         2495001         -         2500000         2,500,000           1         2590001         -         2595000         2,594,500           2         2645001         -         2650000         2,645,000           1         2645001         -         2650000         2,648,846           1         2750001         -         2755000         2,755,000           1         2895001         -         2806000         2,886,450           1         2995001         -         3000000         3,897,174           1	1		_		
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1         1600001         -         1605000         1,601,000           1         1635001         -         1640000         1,637,681           1         1895001         -         1900000         1,900,000           1         2015001         -         2020000         2,019,061           1         2450001         -         2455000         2,450,500           1         2455001         -         2470000         2,468,000           1         2495001         -         2590000         2,594,500           1         2590001         -         2595000         2,594,500           1         2645001         -         265000         2,645,000           1         2645001         -         265000         2,648,846           1         2750001         -         2755000         2,755,000           1         2895001         -         2755000         2,755,000           1         2895001         -         2755000         2,755,000           1         2895001         -         300000         3,000,000           1         3195001         -         3000000         3,200,000           1         <			-		
1         1635001         -         1640000         1,637,681           1         1895001         -         1900000         1,900,000           1         2015001         -         2020000         2,019,061           1         2450001         -         2455000         2,450,500           1         2465001         -         2470000         2,468,000           1         2495001         -         2595000         2,594,500           1         2640001         -         2645000         2,645,000           1         2645001         -         2650000         2,645,000           1         2645001         -         2650000         2,648,846           1         2750001         -         2755000         2,755,000           1         2895001         -         2650000         2,896,450           1         2995001         -         3000000         3,000,000           1         3195001         -         3200000         3,200,000           1         3895001         -         3900000         3,897,174           1         5480001         -         5485000         5,480,813           1			-		
1         1895001         -         1900000         1,900,000           1         2015001         -         2020000         2,019,061           1         2450001         -         2455000         2,450,500           1         2465001         -         2470000         2,488,000           1         2495001         -         2500000         2,500,000           1         2590001         -         2595000         2,594,500           1         2645001         -         2645000         2,645,000           1         2645001         -         2650000         2,648,846           1         2750001         -         2755000         2,755,000           1         2895001         -         2900000         2,896,450           1         2995001         -         3000000         3,000,000           1         3195001         -         3200000         3,280,000           1         3895001         -         3900000         3,897,174           1         54850001         -         5485000         5,480,813           1         6150001         -         6155000         6,152,500           1	1		-		
1       2015001       -       2020000       2,019,061         1       2450001       -       2455000       2,450,500         1       2465001       -       2470000       2,468,000         1       2495001       -       2500000       2,500,000         1       2590001       -       2595000       2,594,500         1       2645001       -       2645000       2,648,846         1       2750001       -       2755000       2,755,000         1       2895001       -       2900000       2,896,450         1       2995001       -       3000000       3,000,000         1       3195001       -       3200000       3,200,000         1       3895001       -       3900000       3,897,174         1       5480001       -       5485000       5,480,813         1       6150001       -       6155000       6,370,000         1       7935001       -       6370000       6,370,000         1       8940001       -       8945000       8,943,194         1       8995001       -       9000000       9,000,000         1       15285001	1		-		
1       2450001       -       2455000       2,450,500         1       2465001       -       2470000       2,468,000         1       2495001       -       2500000       2,500,000         1       25990001       -       2595000       2,594,500         1       2645001       -       2645000       2,648,846         1       2750001       -       2755000       2,755,000         1       2895001       -       2900000       2,896,450         1       2995001       -       2900000       3,000,000         1       3195001       -       3200000       3,200,000         1       3895001       -       390000       3,897,174         1       5485000       5,480,813       -       5485000       5,480,813         1       6150001       -       6155000       6,370,000         1       7935001       -       6370000       6,370,000         1       8940001       -       8945000       8,943,194         1       8995001       -       9000000       9,000,000         1       15285001       -       15290000       15,286,500         1 </td <td>1</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td></td>	1		-		
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3     33400001     -     33405000     100,206,982       1     42115001     -     42120000     42,116,488       1     42995001     -     43000000     43,000,000       1     59905001     -     59910000     59,905,187			-		
1     42115001     -     42120000     42,116,488       1     42995001     -     43000000     43,000,000       1     59905001     -     59910000     59,905,187	1		-		
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0,750     344,050,000	8,738				544,050,000





# PATTERN OF SHAREHOLDING FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

S	SHAREHOLDERS' CATEGORY	NO. OF SHARE HELD	PERCENTAGE
1	ASSOCIATED COMPANIES, UNDERTAKINGS AND RELATED PARTIES	59,905,187	11.01
	UNITY WILMAR AGRO (PRIVATE) LIMITED	59,905,187	
2	MODARBAS AND MUTUAL FUNDS	28,112,398	5.17
	EVLI EMERGING FRONTIER FUND	15,286,500	
	CDC - TRUSTEE MEEZAN ISLAMIC FUND	2,648,846	
	CDC - TRUSTEE FAYSAL MTS FUND - MT	2,468,000	
	CDC - TRUSTEE ALFALAH GHP ISLAMIC STOCK FUND	917,000	
	CDC - TRUSTEE NBP MAHANA AMDANI FUND - MT	773,500	
	CDC - TRUSTEE ALFALAH GHP STOCK FUND	672,000	
	CDC - TRUSTEE NBP SAVINGS FUND - MT	646,500	
	CDC - TRUSTEE NBP INCOME OPPORTUNITY FUND - MT	516,500	
	BMA FUNDS LIMITED - DELIVERABLE FUTURES TRADES	500,000	
	BMA FUNDS LIMITED [PK1555-0 ]	499,000	
	CDC - TRUSTEE HBL ISLAMIC EQUITY FUND	470,000	
	CDC - TRUSTEE ALFALAH GHP ALPHA FUND	446,500	
	CDC - TRUSTEE HBL EQUITY FUND	379,500	
	CDC - TRUSTEE KSE MEEZAN INDEX FUND	375,500	
	FIRST UDL MODARABA	323,609	
	CDC - TRUSTEE AL MEEZAN MUTUAL FUND	300,000	
	CDC - TRUSTEE ALFALAH GHP VALUE FUND	223,000	
	CDC - TRUSTEE ALFALAH GHP ISLAMIC DEDICATED EQUITY FUND	135,000	
	CDC TRUSTEE - MEEZAN DEDICATED EQUITY FUND	100,000	
	First UDL Modaraba	100,000	
	CDC - TRUSTEE FAYSAL ISLAMIC DEDICATED EQUITY FUND	62,500	
	CDC - TRUSTEE ATLAS STOCK MARKET FUND	53,000	
	CDC - TRUSTEE AKD INDEX TRACKER FUND	51,774	
	CDC - TRUSTEE FIRST CAPITAL MUTUAL FUND	50,000	
	FIRST ALNOOR MODARABA	45,000	
	B.R.R. GUARDIAN MODARABA	31,000	
	CDC - TRUSTEE APF-EQUITY SUB FUND	25,000	





# PATTERN OF SHAREHOLDING FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

S	SHAREHOLDERS' CATEGORY	NO. OF SHARE HELD	PERCENTAGE
	CDC - TRUSTEE MEEZAN TAHAFFUZ PENSION FUND - EQUITY SUB FUND	13,169	
3	DIRECTORS, CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER AND THEIR SPOUSE (S) AND MINOR CHILDREN	154,337,839	28.37
	MR. MUHAMMAD FARRUKH -CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER AND DIRECTOR	51,820,975	
	MR. ABDUL MAJEED GHAZIANI- DIRECTOR	33,402,328	
	MS. MARIA ABDUL HAFEEZ - DIRECTOR	141,741	
	MS. HINA SAFDAR - DIRECTOR	141,741	
	MR. SHEIKH ALI BAAKZA -DIRECTOR	5,230	
	MS. TAYYABA RASHEED - DIRECTOR	500	
	MR. MUNEER S. GODIL - DIRECTOR	1,609	
	MS. SALMA MAJEED - SPOUSE OF MR. ABDUL MAJEED GHAZIANI - DIRECTOR	2,019,061	
	MR. SAFDAR SAJJAD - SPOUSE OF MS. HINA SAFDAR - DIRECTOR	33,402,327	
	MR. ABDUL HAFEEZ - SPOUSE OF MS. MARIA ABDUL HAFEEZ - DIRECTOR	33,402,327	
4	EXECUTIVE	122,766	0.02
	MR. JALEES EDHI- CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER	3,218	
	MR. AMIR SHEHZAD	119,548	
5	NIT AND ICP	-	-
6	PUBLIC SECTOR COMPANIES & CORPORATIONS	-	-
7	JOINT STOCK COMPANIES	36,821,572	6.77
	CYAN LIMITED	10,000,000	
	NCC - PRE SETTLEMENT DELIVERY ACCOUNT	7,936,000	
	LSE FINANCIAL SERVICES LIMITED - MT	2,594,500	
	BULK MANAGEMENT PAKISTAN (PVT.) LTD.	1,637,681	
	ABA ALI HABIB SECURITIES (PVT) LIMITED	1,601,000	
	TOPLINE SECURITIES LIMITED - MF	1,300,000	





# PATTERN OF SHAREHOLDING FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

S	SHAREHOLDERS' CATEGORY	NO. OF SHARE HELD	PERCENTAGE
	PEARL SECURITIES LIMITED	1,175,117	
	SOFIAN BUSINESS CORPORATION (PRIVATE) LIMITED	1,152,447	
	BHAYANI SECURITIES (PVT) LTD.	1,000,000	
	JS GLOBAL CAPITAL LIMITED - MF	955,500	
	MOHAMMAD MUNIR MOHAMMAD AHMED KHANANI SECURITIES LTD MF	929,000	
	DJM SECURITIES LIMITED	754,500	
	AMER SECURITIES (PRIVATE) LIMITED	500,000	
	HAMDARD LABORATORIES (WAQF) PAKISTAN	500,000	
	WESTBURY (PRIVATE) LTD	468,343	
	MOHAMMAD MUNIR MOHAMMAD AHMED KHANANI SECURITIES LIMITED	425,000	
	MRA SECURITIES LIMITED - MF	389,000	
	SIDDIQ LEATHER WORKS (PVT) LTD	385,000	
	SIDDIQ LEATHER WORKS (PVT) LTD	350,000	
	GROWTH SECURITIES (PVT) LTD.	350,000	
	ZAHID LATIF KHAN SECURITIES (PVT) LTD.	301,000	
	MULTILINE SECURITIES (PVT) LIMITED - MF	290,000	
	SIGN SOURCE LIMITED	160,000	
	Abdoolally Ebrahim & Co. (HK) Ltd	150,300	
	RS HOLDINGS (PRIVATE) LIMITED	138,888	
	SHERMAN SECURITIES (PRIVATE) LIMITED	125,000	
	B & B SECURITIES (PRIVATE) LIMITED	115,000	
	TRUST SECURITIES & BROKERAGE LIMITED - MF	109,000	
	ZAFAR FABRICS (PVT.) LIMITED	100,000	
	SOUTHERN AGENCIES (PRIVATE) LIMITED	100,000	
	ZAFAR SECURITIES (PVT) LTD.	85,000	
	ASKARI SECURITIES LIMITED - MF	76,000	
	AMPLE SECURITIES (PRIVATE) LIMITED	70,000	
	INSIGHT SECURITIES (PVT.) LTD	70,000	
	MRA SECURITIES LIMITED	63,274	
	AL-RAHIM TRADING COMPANY (PRIVATE) LIMITED	50,000	





## PATTERN OF SHAREHOLDING FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

S	SHAREHOLDERS' CATEGORY	NO. OF SHARE HELD	PERCENTAGE
	MUHAMMAD TARIQ MOTI SECURITIES (PVT) LTD.	50,000	
	NINI SECURITIES (PRIVATE) LIMITED	40,000	
	AHSAM SECURITIES (PVT) LIMITED	38,091	
	TOPLINE SECURITIES LIMITED - MT	33,000	
	GPH SECURITIES (PVT.) LTD.	30,000	
	BAWANY SECURITIES (PRIVATE) LIMITED	30,000	
	TPS PAKISTAN (PRIVATE) LIMITED	22,527	
	BACKERS & PARTNERS (PRIVATE) LIMITED - MF	21,500	
	BAWA SECURITIES (PVT) LTD MF	15,500	
	AZEE SECURITIES (PRIVATE) LIMITED	14,590	
	A. H. M. SECURITIES (PRIVATE) LIMITED	14,500	
	Amer Cotton Mills (Pvt) Ltd	10,000	
	B. R. R. INVESTMENT (PRIVATE) LIMITED	10,000	
	UHF CONSULTING (PRIVATE) LIMITED	10,000	
	HH MISBAH SECURITIES (PRIVATE) LIMITED	10,000	
	MIAN NAZIR SONS INDUSTRIES (PVT) LIMITED	10,000	
	ASDA SECURITIES (PVT.) LTD.	10,000	
	PRUDENTIAL DISCOUNT & GUARANTEE HOUSE LIMITED	8,000	
	M. F. STOCKS (PRIVATE) LIMITED	8,000	
	N. U. A. SECURITIES (PRIVATE) LIMITED - MF	5,000	
	SHAFFI SECURITIES (PVT) LIMITED	4,290	
	ADAM SECURITIES LTD MF	3,500	
	MAAN SECURITIES (PRIVATE) LIMITED	3,314	
	Sultanabad Model Ginning	2,500	
	BRR FINANCIAL SERVICES (PVT.) LIMITED	2,500	
	ZILLION CAPITAL SECURITIES (PVT) LTD.	2,000	
	National Export Corporation (Pvt) Ltd	1,609	
	TAXORE (PRIVATE) LIMITED	1,500	
	NAVEED H. M. IDREES (PRIVATE) LIMITED	1,500	
	H. M. IDREES H. ADAM (PRIVATE) LIMITED	1,000	
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# PATTERN OF SHAREHOLDING FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

S	SHAREHOLDERS' CATEGORY	NO. OF SHARE HELD	PERCENTAGE
	ELEVEN STARS SECURITIES (PVT) LTD	500	
	PAK MASONIC INSTITUTION	100	
	MAPLE LEAF CAPITAL LIMITED	1	
8	BANKS, DEVELOPMENT FINANCE INSTITUTIONS, NON BANKING FINANCE	9,882,950	1.82
	COMPANIES, INSURANCE COMPANIES, TAKAFUL, MODARBAS AND		
	PENSION FUNDS		
	THE BANK OF PUNJAB, TREASURY DIVISION.	3,200,000	
	NATIONAL BANK OF PAKISTAN	2,896,450	
	ADAMJEE LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY LTD-IMF	2,450,500	
	ADAMJEE LIFE ASSURANCE CO.LTD - DGF	500,000	
	ADAMJEE LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY LIMITED	436,000	
	ADAMJEE LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY LIMITED-NUIL Fund	400,000	
9	OTHERS	2,003,020	0.37
	DADABHOY FOUNDATION	849,000	
	HAMDARD LABORATORIES (WAQF) PAKISTAN	842,000	
	DAWOOD FAMILY TAKAFUL LIMITED	268,500	
	TRUSTEE-FIRST DAWOOD INV. BANK LTD. & OTHER EMPOLYEES P.FUND	18,500	
	FIRST UDL MODARBA STAFF PROVIDENT FUND	15,020	
	KIRAN FOUNDATION	10,000	
10	INDIVIDUALS (GENERAL PUBLIC)	252,864,268	46.48
	TOTAL	544,050,000	100.00
	SHAREHOLDERS HOLDING 10% OR MORE VOTING RIGHTS		
	IN THE COMPANY		
	UNITY WILMAR AGRO (PRIVATE) LIMITED	59,905,187	11.01





## **UNITY FOODS LIMITED**

Categories of Shareholders as at June  $30,\,2020$ 

S	CATEGORIES OF SHAREHOLDERS	No. of Shareholder	Share Held	Percentage
1	Directors, Chief Executive Officer their Spouse(s) and Minor Children.	10	154,337,839	28.37
2	Associated Companies, Undertakings and Related Parties.	1	59,905,187	11.01
3	Exective	2	122,766	0.02
4	NIT and ICP	-	-	-
5	Banks Development Financial Institutions,	2	6,096,450	1.12
6	Non Banking Financial Institutions.			
7	Insurance Companies	4	3,786,500	0.70
8	Modarabas and Mutual Funds	28	28,112,398	5.17
	General Public			
	a) Local	8,613	252,852,768	46.47
	b) Foreign	3	11,500	0.00
	Others			
	b) Joint Stock Companies	69	36,821,572	6.77
	c) Provident Funds, Pension Funds, Gratuity Funds	6	2,003,020	0.37
	and other entities			
		8,738	544,050,000	100.00
	Shareholders holding 10% Shares or more Voting Rights			
	Total Paid Up Capital		544,050,000	Shares
	10% of the Paid Up Capital		54,405,000	Shares
			Holding	%
	UNITY WILMAR AGRO (PRIVATE) LIMITED		59,905,187	11.01





## E- DIVIDEND MANDATE FORM

MANDATORY CREDIT OF DIVIDEND INTO BANK ACCOUNT
To:
Dear Sir / Madam,
The undersigned being member of UNITY FOODS LIMITED (the Company), hereby authorize the Company that all my cash dividend amounts declared by the Company, from time to time, be credited into the bank account as per following details:
SHAREHOLDER'S DETAILS
Name of the Shareholder:
Folio / CDC Participant ID & Sub Acc.No / CDC IAS Account :
CNIC / NICOP No. (Please attach copy) Passport No. (in case of Foreign Shareholder) (Please attach copy)
Passport No. (In case of Foreign Snareholder) (Please attach copy)
Land Line Phone No
Cell phone NoEmail Address:
SHAREHOLDER'S BANK DETAILS
Title of Bank Account:
Bank Account Number:
Bank's Name :
Branch Name and Address:
International Bank Account Number (IBAN) (24 digit)
It is stated that the above mentioned information is correct that I will intimate the change in the above mentioned information to the Company and the Concerned Share Registrar as soon as these occur

Signature of the member / Shareholder

(Please affix company stamp in case of corporate entity)

## Note:

- 1. Please provide complete IBAN after consultation with your bank branch. Im case of any error or omission in given IBAN, the company will not be held responsible in any manner for any loss or delay in your cash dividend payment.
- 2. In case of Physical shares, a duly lied -in-e-Dividend Mandate Form shall be submitted with the Company's Share Registrar. While for shares held in CDC, E- Dividend Mandate Form shall be submitted directly to member's broker / participant /cdc as required by the Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited vide its Circulat No. 16 of 2017 issued on August 31, 2017.





# STANDARD REQUEST FORM FOR TRANSMISSION OF ANNUAL AUDITED ACCOUNTS AND NOTICE OF ANNUAL GENERAL MEETINGS

The Company Secretary Unity Foods Limited Unity Tower, Plot # 8C Block 6, PECHS, Karachi

This is pursuant to the directions given by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan through its SRO 787/(I)/2014 dated September 08, 2014 and SRO 470(I)/2016 dated May 31, 2016 whereby the companies are allowed to circulate their Annual Audited Accounts (i.e Annual Balance Sheet, Profit and Loss Account, Statements of Comprehensive Income, Cash Flow Statement, Notes to the Financial Statements, Auditor's and Director's Report) along with Notice of the Annual General Meetings to its members either through email at their registered e-mail address "OR" hard copy at their registered mailing addresses.

Shareholders who wish to receive the Annual Audited Accounts along with Notice of the Annual General Meetings through e-mail or hard copy shall have to fill the below details and send the duly filled form to the Company Secretary at the Company's Registered Office.

I/We, being member(s) of Unity Foods Limited, desires and hereby consent either for Option-1"or" Option-2 to receive the Annual Audited Accounts along with Notice of the Annual General Meeting(s) of Unity Foods Limited either through e-mail or hard copy, in pursuance of the aforesaid two SROs.

ption 1 - VIA EMAIL
ame of the Member:
NIC No. / Passport No:
blio / CDC Participant ID / Sub Investor Account Number :
alid Email Address:
alid Email Address:o receive Annual Audited Accounts and Notice of General Meeting(s) through email instead of hard copy CD/DVD/USB
ption 2 - HARD COPY
ame of the Member:
NIC NO. / Passport No:
plio / CDC Participant ID / Sub Investor Account Number :
Tailing Address:
o receive Annual Audited Accounts and Notice of General Meeting(s) through hard copy instead of hard opy /CD/DVD/USB
We hereby confirm that the above mentioned information is correct and in case of any change therein, We, undertake to immediately intimate to the Company through revised Request Form.
Tember's Signature Date :





# ANIMAL FEED BUSINESS SEGMENT



پيورکهلاؤ پيداوار اور منافع برهاؤ





– food for life! ———



# UNITY FOODS LIMITED PROXY FORM 30TH ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

I/We	of	in the district of	being member(s) of UNITY
FOODS LIMITED holding	ordinary sl	nares as per Share Register Fo	olio no and /or CDC
Participant ID No	and A/c No	(for members who h	ave shares in CDS) hereby appoint
	0	of	or failing him /her
of			who is / are also member
(s) of UNITY FOODS LIMITED vide	e Registered Folio No.		as my /our proxy in my /our
absence to attend, act and vote	for me / us and on my	/our behalf at the Annual Ge	neral Meeting of the Company to
be held on Friday, October 23, 2	2020 at 09:30 a.m and	/or any adjournment thereof.	
			Affix Five Rupees Revenue Stamp
G			
Signature			
(Signature should agree with the	e specimen signature r	egistered with the Registrar).	
Signed on			
1. Witness Signature	2. Wit	tness Signature	
Name	Name		_
CNIC			

## NOTE:

- 1. A person need not be a member of the company to act as proxy.
- 2. In the case of bank or company, the proxy form must be executed under its common seal and signed by its authorized person.
- 3. If this proxy form is signed under power of attorney then a certified copy of that power of attorney / authority must be deposited along with this proxy form.
- 4. Proxy form duly completed and signed, must be received at the registered office of the company at Unity Tower, Plot 8-C, Block-6, PECHS, Karachi at least 48 hours before the time of holding the meeting.
- 5. If a member appoints more than one proxy and more than one instrument of proxy are deposited by a member with the company, all such instruments of proxy shall be rendered invalid.
- 6. In case of CDC account holders:
  - i) The Proxy Form shall be witnessed by two persons whose names, address and CNIC numbers shall be mentioned on the form
  - ii) Attested Copies of CNIC or Passport of the Beneficial Owners and the Proxy shall be furnished with the proxy form.
  - iii) The Proxy shall produce his/her original CNIC or Original passport at the time of meeting.



ANNUAL 2020



# يونځ فو دٔ زلميش پراکسی فارم 30وال سالا ندا جلاس عام

۔۔۔۔۔یونیٹی فوڈ زلمیٹڈ کےرکن/اراکین	ضلع			یں/ہم۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔
	مانمبر ــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ	اور/ ياسى ڈىسىشر يك آئى ڈى		ہونے کے ناطے شیئر رجٹر فولیونمبر۔۔۔۔۔۔
موي	ں ہیں)کےمطابق۔۔۔۔۔۔۔	جن کےصص (شیئرز)سی ڈی سی میر	۔۔۔(ان اراکین کے لیے:	
۔۔۔۔۔یا اُن کی نا کامی کی صورت میں				تصص (شیئرز ) کے حامل ہیں، بذریعہ مذا۔۔۔۔
ڈ زلمیٹڈ کے رکن/ (اراکین) بھی ہے/ ہیں،	ــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ	ــــ جو كەرجىٹر ڈ فوليونمبر ــ		ــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ
			ہے جمعہ،23 اکتوبر020	کواپنی/ ہماری غیرحاضری میں،اپنی/ ہماری جانب۔ عاضر ہونے عمل کرنے اور ووٹ دینے کے لیے مقر
				اِنچ روپے کاریو نیواشامپ چسپا <i>ں کریں۔</i>
				يشخط:
			نے چاہئے )	( دستخط رجسڑ ار کے پاس نمونہ دستخط کے مطابق ہونے
				ستخط بتاريخ:
		2_دستخط گواه		1 ـ دستخط گواه ـ ـ ـ ـ ـ ـ ـ ـ ـ ـ ـ ـ ـ ـ ـ ـ ـ ـ ـ
		نام:		ام:
		سى اين آئى سى:	-	ى اين آئى سى:
				نوٹ:
			روری نہیں ہے۔	1۔ پراکسی کے لئے کسی بھی شخص کا نمینی کا ممبر ہونا ضر
	زم ہے۔	ر بخص کے دستخط کے ساتھ مکمل کیا جا نالا	' فمومی مہراوران کے پاس مجاز	2۔ بینک یا نمینی کی صورت میں پرانسی فارم کواُن کی ع
	ی فارم کے ساتھ لازمی جمع کروائی جائے۔	نامه/اجازت کی ایک مصدقه نقل، پراک	،الیی صورت میں اس مختار	3۔اگر پراکسی فارم، مختار نامہ کے تحت دستخط شدہ ہوتو
6، پی ای سی ایچ ایس، کرا چی میں موصول ہو	رُ دُ دفتر وا قع يونيڻ ڻاور، پلاڪC-8، بلاڪ	ہے کم از کم 48 گھنٹے قبل ، کمپنی کے رجہ	جلاس کےانعقاد کےوقت۔	4_ باضابطه طور برکممل شده پراکسی فارم لا زمی طور پرا
				جائيں۔
ی میں پراکسی کی الیمی تمام دستاویزات کو	دستاویزات جمع کروائی جاتی ہیں تواس صورت	لی جانب سے ایک سے زائد پراکسی کی	ہاور کمپنی کے پاس کسی رکن کھ	5۔اگرکوئی رکن ایک سے زائد پراکسی کا تقر رکر تاہے
				نا قابل قبول تصور قرار دے دیا جائے گا۔
				CDC-6ا كا وُنث ہولڈر كى صورت ميں؛
		ی نمبرز فارم پر مذکور ہوں گے۔	کے نام، پتے اور سی این آئی سی	[۱)۔ پراکسی فارم پر دوگواہان دستخط کریں گے،جن کے
				(ii)۔ پراکسی فارم کےساتھ ہینفشل آ نرز کے ہی این
يځې	<sup>م</sup> پنی <i>سیر</i>	-62	ی یااصل پاسپورٹ مہیا کر۔	iii)۔اجلاس کےوقت پراکسی اپنااصل ہی این آئی تا

سمینی *سیریٹری* یونی فو ڈزلمیٹڈ،

يونيٹی ٹاور، پلاٹ نمبر 8-C، پیای سی ان ایس مرا پی درست ڈاکٹکٹ چپاں کریں۔



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# **UNITY TOWER**

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